

E. AFRICA
NYASALAND PROT
510526

C 9
51054
REC'D
22 DEC 1914

Was. Office

1914

Reasons etc. for relatives of Volunteers killed in action.

22 Dec

Enter copies of forms of claim - these in the form for disabled officers or soldiers. Rates are as shown on the barrow 1913, but are under consideration by H. of Commons.

Previous Paper

Nov

50223

W. B. ... (pl. on 21st ...)

The scale of pensions ... is being considered by a ... and an recommendation which may make with perhaps be retroactive from the ...

The scales are as follows - (2654 g. h. s.)

- I. Officers. (2654 g. A. P. W.)
- [X] (a) if the deceased was killed in action or died of wounds within 7 years of the action (2654 g. h. s.)
- (b) if deceased died from wounds due to action operations or from wounds sustained in the payment of military duty whether then in action (2654 g. h. s.)
- (c) if, in the opinion of the H. of Commons, the pecuniary circumstances of the applicant justify the award, (Subject to certain conditions set out in 2650 g. h. s.)

J. C. E. A. P. ...
 Tel to ...
 Mr ...
 ...
 ...
 ...

Copy 2125 (Form)

Next subsequent Paper

51115

...

| Rank | Wounds | Gratuity | Pension |
|----------------------------|---------|----------|---------------|
| Colonel | (2) 200 | (6) 150 | (1) 20 (1) 16 |
| St Colonel | 180 | 135 | 90 |
| Major | 140 | 105 | 70 |
| Captain | 100 | 75 | 50 |
| St or 2 ^d Lieut | 80 | 60 | 40 |

A gratuity
also granted
\$673.674
26 25 22

| Rank | Wounds | Gratuity | Pension |
|----------------|--------|----------|---------|
| Colonel | 600 | [250] | 300 |
| St Lt | 450 | [250] | 4 |
| Major | 300 | [150] | 200 |
| Captain | 250 | [75] | 100 |
| St Lieutenant | 140 | [50] | 70 |
| 2 ^d | 100 | [50] | 4 |

(5 639 24)
If a person
wounded in
action through the
act of military
duty

I expect that we shall only have to deal with officers of the ranks of Major, Captain, Lieutenant and so on, and I think that we can determine persons of grade (C) above, i.e. only grant pensions where the officer dies in action or from wounds or accidents ^{in military operations} ^{connected with military operations}.
If some years after the war a man who had served as an officer in the volunteer and from some cause not connected with his military service, the award would not, I think, have a very strong claim for pension.

Warrant Officers It is, I think, extremely unlikely that there will be any Warrant Officers left perhaps retired during the war. I believe there is a list of important officers to give in \$745 and apart from the Regiment Major of Infantry

also will not
during peace

Should not get some of the parts would be required

131

III. N.C.O.s and Men (33 Nov. 1200) (1297)

| Rank | Median pension weekly | Each child |
|---|--------------------------|------------|
| Class I (2nd Sgt) | 18/6 | 12/6 |
| Class II (Squadron, battery, or troop or company Sgt Major, or 2nd Sgt, Colour Sgt.) | 9/- | 3/- |
| Class III (Sergeant) | 7/6 | 2/- |
| Class IV (Corporal and and) | 6/- | 1/6 |
| Class V (Trooper, private Home Guard, Coffin, fireman) | 5/- | 1/6 |

Limit rank
likely to exist
in P.A.

In the case of civilians, ranked as soldiers
In the period of the war there has been
much ground for distinguishing the various
non-commissioned ranks for pension purposes
(though they have distinctions of pay at any
rate in P.A.). Most of the 'stripes' in the
P.A. Volunteer Force will have been given
more or less intentionally at the beginning of
the war, and not as a reward for long
and efficient military service.
There would still be much injustice, I think.

Think in treating all N.C.O.'s and men
as Class I, (widow 10% a week, 2/4 each child),
but we should have to persuade the
Treasury.

A

Disability pensions for N.C.O.'s and men -
(see 22 1162 099.)

If partially capable of earning a livelihood -
Class I-III — 1/4 to 3/4 a day
IV — 1/4 to 2/4
V — 1/6 to 1/6

If totally incapable
Class I-III — 2/6 to 3/6
IV — 2/6 to 3/6
V — 1/6 to 2/6

Here again we might dispense with the
different grades and treat all the volunteers
as Class I.

... of the forms of application
... I have suggested
... that before sending copies out to
the Post we should inform the three
Gov't by telegram that the R.P.W. scale
is approved [but that they may submit
suitable cases for special consideration] and say
that if they agree the Gov't would be prepared
to recommend to Treasury that all ranks
(non-commissioned) should be treated as

25th
J.R.

... Class I under sections 1162 and 1163
... and disability pension
... 192

... cannot give details
... an already existing rule of law
... in an attempt to improve conditions
... pressure for still better conditions

... at the same time we should
... to the man who joins the service
... of the Government
... of the Government
... of the Government

... that some independent
... of the Government
... of the Government
... of the Government

... J.R. 11/15

London

It is unfortunate that we have
not the Treaty for permission to apply to
King's Bench, & as soon as we receive
the report we go back with a request to
vary it [Of course arbitrarily adopting the
top scale, is not applying the warrant]

The question will arise almost wholly
in the Court, and although we should not
press in the application the Treaty I think
we must refer to it. Both sides are

I have seen somewhere that the Court
are proposing a scale of fees, & it
appears that the Treaty will make us at
least not perfectly free. No doubt
the Commissioners will have much to say
on the subject.

I can see no way of satisfying one
side of justice, and as a general rule
I think we may as well proceed on what
is a to do to do.

Meanwhile there is the case of
Mrs. Poyser (No. 237 k). She has been
a widow for one & a half years & left
a considerable estate, & she is
wishes to be entitled to a pension.

A letter came from the paper that
her husband is dead, & she is left
with the usual application of the warrant
for a pension of one sixth (1/6 + 1/6) for the
children, or 1/6 (1/6 + 1/6) under one
application has just passed.

I think it will be well to
apply for a pension for the provision of the
future education of her two children. It
may not be offered to us with a promise
to make good to 1/6 if we can get the
warrant without delay. It is a matter
that I think will be well to
take into consideration.

One other point I think is
likely to be the principal objection to
the last part of the Pension Branch of 100
why not have the Pension of her Pension
has to be a Pension Sargent for a
certain number of years, but can
not be increased pension, and will it
always be any to find a pension
in the case of a pension, & will it
be better to be a pension. I suppose the

deliberate reference to the legitimacy of
the children must stand; but I think
the form might be printed down before
we adapt it for our use.

Pr. 5.1.15

Mr Burgess was an ~~Exp~~ Engineer in
the employ of the Bagadi Soda Co.
an expert in Diesel Oil Engines with
a salary of £450 a year. To offer the
widow of such a man a pension of
£100 or even ~~£100~~ a week is impossible.
Pending a settlement, which would
to some extent depend on the report
of the select Comtee, the Home of Commons
I should give her ^{proportionally} a week with
£1 for each child or 30s a
week. When we get the report of
the Comtee we must settle a decent
scale for ourselves and get Great
Britain in its application to Uganda and
Nyasaland.

Ch. 6.1.15

There will be a different problem to
solve a considerable proportion of the
country folk who have no fighting in
all their ~~present~~ campaigns. Uganda
Nyasaland, East Africa - are men in civil life

The Pepsi Soda company
say that Mr. Puffer was an
Engineer - an expert on Diesel
oil engines. Salary about
\$450 a year.

Was 8/15

of Superior status for those widows &
children the standard Pension of 10/
a week would be quite inadequate -
and if the Rhodeman came to Europe - as
appears to be now contemplated they will
come under the same category - 135
It seems just like that special
terms of Pension measure previous
scale will have to be applied
to the Pension - then again
the difficulty will arise from the
fact that many 1000s of
men in this country have
joined the New Army under
superior status to the ordinary
rank of the Army &
comparisons will be made of Pensions
are not uniform in amount
If you say is
Pension a Pension of
of 7 a week with 5/
for each child - 3/
will not this from a precedent from
think it will be difficult to withhold
this is double claim & more than I think
for the children - An alternative
would be 15/
will

J. 7. 1. 14

regard the Ed. Robinson
though it seems horribly
mean.

But we must wait for the
decision of the H of C. Committee

of 7.1.15

Mr. J. D. Hill

London draft 415 to G.O. of P.A.P. and
Myraaland and draft to G.O. Burgess
Johnson

In the letter I have inserted "Officers to be
treated separately" in the case of
Boswell (of the P.A.P. (P.O.W.) treated as
being as a "Lund" and have suggested
to G.O. & P.W. seems in this window
might think because their terms are
more favorable than those of the old
Lund. I fear variant which
applies to the case of civil officials
injured in the performance of their duties.
But it might be inconvenient to
and needless for A.P.W. seems in
all officials (e.g. a list of officers serving
in the ranks of the P.A.P. (P.O.W.)

(25) I would suggest that we send to
Congress the Form "7.3 66A" (the first
enclosure to this letter) with necessary
amendments. I have made some pen and
pencil suggestions.

136

W. D. Hill
Hence? inform G.O. of this proposal
perhaps when the draft is being with
G.O. of P.A.P. in person etc.

As regards the form, I agree that we
should adopt the Officer's form. I see
no reason why it should not be for
a short time at least until we can
and it would be better to night stand?
Other I agree

W

Ed. & A. S.
H. J. A.
11/15

Mr. Johnson
See the 2nd offer received which
are consistent

We have ruled out the idea of special
cases" really, I think, on account of the
difficulties - at least in the course.

The proposed list to go over - I am
going back to work for 14. a week for
everyone" to the H of C. Mr. Burgess
says the size of list though it may be
found eventually to be larger in size
than the proposed list to meet it.

Any further communication on this subject should be addressed to—

The Secretary,
War Office,
London, S.W..

and the following number quoted.

51054 137

Rec^d
Reg^d 22 DEC 14

War Office,
London, S.W.

22 December 1914.

7/General Number/2753 (F.3.)

Sir,

In reply to your letter 49623/14 of the 16th instant, I am commanded by the Army Council to transmit two copies of the forms referred to. There is no form of application for disabled officers or soldiers.

The rates of pensions shown in the PAY Warrant, 1913, have not been altered, but these rates are now under the consideration of a Select Committee of the House of Commons, and it is probable that any revision consequent on their report will have retrospective effect to the commencement of the present war.

I am,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

R. H. Curzon

The Under Secretary of State,
Colonial Office,
S.W.

Declaration to be made by the Widow of an Officer or Warrant Officer in support of her claim to Pension for herself, and Compassionate Allowance for her children

138

(1) Full name of widow

I, (w)

do solemnly and sincerely declare, that I was lawfully married

(2) Annex a Certificate of Marriage

at

on the _____ day of _____

(3) Full Rank, Name, and Regiment or Corps of deceased Officer

to

who died at _____ on the _____ day of _____ years

(4) Annex a Certificate showing date and cause of death

and since the deceased have continued a Widow, and am at the present time, and that the following are the particulars of the deceased's children now living

(Give under 18 and girls under 21 years of age only)

(5) Annex serials of their birth

(Give under 18 and girls under 21 years of age only)

| Name in full | Date of Birth | Sex | Age | Serials of Birth |
|--|---------------|-----|-----|------------------|
| <i>(Table content is mostly illegible due to heavy diagonal scribbles)</i> | | | | |

Age at time of marriage _____ Years

Of _____

Of Widow _____

Of _____

I further declare that I have not received any Pension or allowance from the Government since the death of my husband and that the statement in the margin of this declaration as to my husband and myself at the date of his death is true and correct. I also declare that I have not received any Pension or allowance from the Government since the death of my husband and myself at the date of his death.

(Signature of the Widow)
 Her Place of Residence _____

Declared and subscribed before me at _____ this _____ day of _____ 19____

(Signature of the Magistrate)
 Place or Court for which he acts _____

We do hereby certify, to the best of our knowledge and belief that the above-named lady, whom we have known for some years, was the lawful wife of the above-named Officer, and we recommend her as in every respect deserving the grant of Pension, &c.

Given under our hands this _____ day of _____ 19____

Signature _____
 Address _____
 Signature _____
 Address _____
 Profession or Occupation _____

(1) To be signed by an Officer, Magistrate, or other person who was well acquainted with the deceased Officer.
 (2) To be signed by a Justice of the Peace or other person who was well acquainted with the applicant.

Declaration to be made by the Widow of an Officer or Warrant Officer in support of her claim to Pension for herself, and Compassionate Allowance for her children.

139

(1) Full name of widow

I, _____

do solemnly and sincerely declare, that I was lawfully married

(2) Annex a Certificate of Marriage

at _____

on the _____ day of _____ 1 _____

(3) Full Name, Rank, Name, and Regiment or Corps of deceased Officer

to _____

who died at _____

(4) Annex a Certificate showing date and cause of death

on the _____ day of _____ 19 _____

of _____ years of age

that since his decease I have continued as Widow, and am so at this present time; and that the following are true particulars of the late

legitimate children now living

(5) Annex certificates of their birth

(boys under 18 and girls under 21 years of age only)

| Names in full | Dates of Birth (3) | State where each child is at school | State where each child lives and if not with mother, the reason |
|---------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

I further declare that neither I nor they have any Pension or allowance from the public on account of my husband's services; and that the statement in the margin of this declaration as to ages of my husband and myself at the date of our marriage is correct. And I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of the Act 5 & 6 Will. 4, c. 62.

Age at time of marriage

Years

Of Officer

Of Widow

Difference

Signature of the Widow

Her Place of Residence

(6) Annex a Certificate of Birth of Widow

Declared and subscribed before me at

this _____ day of _____ 19 _____

Signature of the Magistrate

Place or County for which he acts

We do hereby certify, to the best of our knowledge and belief, that the above-named lady, whom we have known for some years, was the lawful wife of the above-named Officer, and we recommend her as in every respect deserving the grant of Pension, &c.

Given under our hands this _____ day of _____ 19 _____

(7) To be signed by an Officer who is not under the rank of Lieutenant Colonel, and who has well acquainted with the deceased Officer

Signature

Rank

Address

(8) To be signed by a Justice of the Peace who is well acquainted with the deceased

Signature

Profession or occupation

Address

Declaration to be made by the Widow of a Soldier in support of her claim to Pension for herself and for her children.

(1) Full name of Widow.

I do solemnly and sincerely declare, that I was lawfully married

(2) Annex a Certificate of Marriage.

at _____ on the _____ day of _____ 18__

(3) Regiment, rank, name, and Regiment or Corps of deceased Soldier.

to _____ who died at _____ of the _____ day of _____ 18__ years

that since his decease I have continued a Widow and am so at the present time; and that the following are true particulars of the late _____'s legitimate children

(4) Annex certificates of their birth.

now living (boys under 21 and girls under 16 years of age only.)

| Name of Child | Date of Birth | Rate which each child is at present | State where each child lives and if not with mother, the reason |
|---------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

I further declare that neither I nor they have been granted any Pension, Gratuity or other allowance from the Government on account of my husband's services. And I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of the Act 5 & 6 Will 4, c. 62

Signature of the Widow

Her Place of Residence

Date of Birth of the Widow to be stated here

Declared and subscribed before me at _____

this _____ day of _____ 18__

Signature of the Magistrate

Place or Country for which he is

We do hereby certify that to the best of our knowledge and belief, the applicant above named was the lawful wife of the Soldier described above and we recommend her as in every respect deserving the grant of Pension.

Given under our hands this _____ day of _____ 18__

(5) To be signed by the Colonel of the Soldier's Regiment or commanding officer.

Signature _____ *Rank* _____

Address _____

(6) To be signed by a Police-magistrate under the rank of Sergeant, who is well acquainted with the Soldier.

Signature _____ *Rank* _____

Address _____

NOTE:
 (5) If the widow is not able to obtain the signature of a commissioned officer to the certificate at (5), the Colonel of the soldier's Regimental District will sign it on the form being returned to him otherwise completed.
 (6) The signature of a magistrate (a magistrate of religious, a medical practitioner, a postmaster, or a police officer under the rank of sergeant, will be accepted to the certificate at (6).)

Declaration to be made by the Widow of a Soldier in support of her claim to Pension for herself and for her children.

(1) Full names of Widow

I do solemnly and sincerely declare, that I was lawfully married

(2) Annex a Certificate of Marriage.

at _____ on the _____ day of _____ 1 _____

(3) Registered No. with names and Regiment or Corps of deceased Soldier.

to _____ who died at _____ on the _____ day of _____ 19 _____ years;

that since his decease I have continued a Widow, and since the present time that the following are true particulars of the children

(4) Names of the children.

born to me (boys under 16 and girls under 18 years of age only)

| Names in full | Date of Birth | Rank, Regiment, & at | Whether such child lives, and if not when mother |
|---------------|---------------|----------------------|--|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

I further declare that neither I nor they have been granted any Pension, gratuity or other allowance from the Government in respect of my husband's services. And I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of the Act of 22

Signature of the Widow

Her Name of Residence

Date of Birth of the Widow to be stated here

Declared and subscribed before me at

this _____ day of _____ 19 _____

Signature of the Magistrate

Place or County for which he acts

We do hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, the applicant above named was the lawful wife of the Soldier described above, and we recommend her as in every respect deserving the grant of Pension.

Given under our hands this _____ day of _____ 19 _____

(5) To be signed by the Minister of the Military Department, District, or other Government officer.

Signature _____ Rank _____

(6) To be signed by a Justice of the Peace or other Magistrate, or other Officer authorized to administer oaths.

Signature _____ Rank _____

Address _____

Declaration to be made by the Widow of a Soldier in support of her claim to Pension for herself and for her children.

144

(1) Full names of Widow

I^o

do solemnly and sincerely declare, that I was lawfully married

(2) Annex a Certificate of Marriage

at _____

On the _____ day of _____ 19____

(3) Regimental, Battalion, and Company of deceased Soldier

was married at _____ on the _____ day

of _____ 19____ aged _____ years

that since his decease I have continued a Widow, and am so at this present time and that the following are true particulars of the late _____'s legitimate children

(4) Annex certificates of their birth.

now living (Boys under 14 and girls under 16 years of age only.)

| Names, in full | Dates of Birth (4) | Place where each child is at school | Sign where each child lives, and if not with mother, the reason |
|----------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| | | | |
| | | | |

I further declare that neither I nor they have been granted any Pension, Gratuity, or other allowance from the Government on account of my husband's services. And I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of the Act 5 & 6 Will. 4, c. 82.

Signature of the Widow

Her Place of Residence

Date of Birth of the Widow to be stated here

Declared and subscribed before me at _____

this _____ day of _____ 19____

Signature of the Magistrate

Place or County for which he acts

We do hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, the applicant above named was the lawful wife of the Soldier described above, and we recommend her as in every respect deserving the grant of Pension.

Given under our hands this _____ day of _____ 19____

Signature^o _____ Rank _____

Address _____

(3) To be signed by the Colonel of the Regiment, District or other Commissioned Officer.

Signature _____ Rank _____

Address _____

(4) To be signed by a Police officer not under the rank of Sergeant, who is well acquainted with the applicant.

Declaration to be made by the Guardian of the Motherless child or children of a deceased Soldier in support of a claim to Pension.

145

do solemnly

(1) Full names of Guardian.

(2) Rank, name, and Regiment of the deceased Soldier.

(3) Annex a Certificate of Marriage.

(4) Annex Certificate of Birth.

I, _____ and sincerely declare that _____ who died at _____ on the _____ day of _____ 19____ aged _____ years was lawfully married to _____ on the _____ day of _____ 19____ and that the following are the particulars of his legitimate children now living (boys under 14 and girls under 16 years of age only)

| Name in full | Date of Birth (3) | State where born (and if born in U.S., give State) | State where said child lives, and if not with said father, the reason |
|--------------|-------------------|--|---|
| | | | |
| | | | |

I further declare that the children have not been granted any Pension, Gratuity, or other allowance from the Government on account of the Soldier's services; and that their Mother, the late _____ died at _____

(5) Full names of Children's Mother.

(6) Annex a Certificate showing date of death of Children's Mother.

(7) State relationship of guardian to children.

_____ on the _____ day of _____, 19____, that I (their) _____ am responsible for their care and maintenance, and that I will apply all monies paid to me in respect of the Pensions which may be granted to them exclusively for their benefit. And I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of the Act 5 & 6 Will. 4, c. 52.

Signature of the Guardian

Place of Residence

Declared and subscribed before me at _____

this _____ day of _____ 19____

Signature of the Magistrate

Place or County for which he acts

We do hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, _____ was the lawful wife of the above-named Soldier and we recommend his children, as described above, for the grant of Pensions. We further certify that the declarant is responsible for the care and maintenance of the children, and is in our opinion qualified to act as their guardian.

Given under our hands this _____ day of _____ 19____

(8) To be signed by the Officer or Soldier's Regimental District or other Commissioned Officer.

Signature _____ Rank _____

Address _____

(9) To be signed by the Officer or Soldier's Regimental District or other Commissioned Officer who was well acquainted with the deceased Soldier and to whom his family is well known.

Signature _____ Rank _____

Address _____

Declaration to be made by the Guardian of the Motherless child or children of a deceased Soldier in support of a claim to Pension. 146

(1) Full name of Guardian.

(2) Rank, name, and Regiment of deceased Soldier.

(3) Annex a Certificate of Marriage.

(4) Annex a Certificate of Birth.

I, _____ do solemnly

and sincerely declare that _____

who died at _____ (at the _____ day of _____ 18____) _____ years, was lawfully married

on the _____ day of _____ and that the following are true particulars

of his legitimate children now living, boys under 14 and girls under 16 years of age only.

| Name in full | Dates of Birth (1) | State where each child is at present | State where each child lives, if not with guardian, the reason |
|--------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| | | | |
| | | | |

I further declare that the children have not been granted any Pension, Gratuity, or other allowance from the Government on account of the Soldier's services, and that their Mother, the late _____ died at _____

on the _____ day of _____ 1____ that I [their _____

am responsible for their care and maintenance, and that I will accept all monies paid to me in respect of the Pensions which may be granted to them exclusively for their benefit. And I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the provisions of the Act 5 & 6 Will 4, c. 63.

Signature of the Guardian
Place of Residence

Declared and subscribed before me at _____ this _____ day of _____ 19____

Signature of the Magistrate
Place or County for which he acts

We do hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, _____ was the lawful wife of the above named Soldier, and we recommend his children, as described above, for the grant of Pensions. We further certify that the declarant is responsible for the care and maintenance of the children, and is, in our opinion, qualified to act as their guardian.

Given under our hands this _____ day of _____ 19____

Signature _____ Rank _____

Address _____

Signature _____ Rank _____

Address _____

(5) To be signed by the Colonel of the Soldier's Regimental District or other Commissioned Officer.

(6) To be signed by a Police officer not under the rank of Sergeant, who was well acquainted with the deceased Soldier and to whom his family is well known.

Declaration of Guardianship of the Child or Children of a deceased
Warrant Officer or Soldier

147

1) Full names of parent, and occupation. I (1)

2) Address of parent. of (2)

3) Relationship of parent to the do hereby declare that I am the of the
4) Name, age, of undermentioned children of the late

of the of the and that I

became responsible for the care and maintenance of the children on the

Date of death of parent (3) 19 in consequence of the
5) State death of the children's or other

| Names of the Children | State where each child is at school. | State where each child lives, and if not with guardian, the reason. |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| | | |

I also undertake to apply all unused pay to me in respect of their Army pensions exclusively for their benefit.

Signature of Guardian

Subscribed before me at _____ day
of _____ 19

Signature of a Justice of the Peace
or Minister of Religion

Address

I hereby certify that the above named
is responsible for the care and maintenance of the children referred to, and is
in my opinion, qualified to act as their Guardian.

Signature

Rank

Address

Date

19

Insert name of

To be signed
by a Minister of
Religion or Justice
of the Peace
under the
Seal of Office.

Declaration of Guardianship of the Child or Children of a deceased
Warrant Officer or Soldier

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Full names of
Guardian, and town
of A. S. P. S. O. S.
Washington

I, (1)

Relationship of
Guardian to the
children.
(4) Name, etc., of
the children's father.

do hereby declare that I am the (2) _____ of the
undermentioned children of the late (3) _____

of the _____ Regiment, and that I

became responsible for the care and maintenance of the children on the

Date of assumed
guardianship.
(6) State "death
of the children's
mother" or other
cause.

_____ 19 _____, in consequence of the _____

Names of the Children

State where each child is at School.

State where each child lives, and if not with
guardian, the reason

I also undertake to apply all monies paid to me in respect of their Army
pensions, exclusively for their benefit.

Signature of Guardian

Subscribed before me at _____ this _____ day
of _____ 19 _____

Signature of a Justice of the Peace
or Minister of Religion

Address

I hereby certify that the above-named

is responsible for the care and maintenance of the children referred to, and is
in my opinion, qualified to act as their Guardian.

Signature

Rank

Address

Date

10

(7) Insert name of
Guardian.

(8) To be signed
by a Commissioner
Major, or Minister of
Religion, or Justice
of the Peace, or
Officer and holder of
Rank of Sergeant.

Confidential

To be used in cases of wounds or injuries received in action.

(For instructions for preparing this report see back of form.)

PROCEEDINGS OF A MEDICAL BOARD assembled by order of

Subject: _____ and _____ (give the present rank of a soldier or sailor mentioned)

The Board find _____

The opinion of the Board upon the questions below is as follows:

| As to first wound | As to second wound |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| | |
| | |

- 1. Has the officer lost an eye or a limb, or has he permanently lost the use of an eye or a limb, or is the injury equivalent to the loss of a limb, and permanent, or likely to be permanent? (Articles 585 to 588 of the Royal Warrant for 1914.)
- 2. If the case does not come under the category 1. a) Was the injury, in the first instance, very severe in character? b) Are its effects still very severe?
- 3. If the case is classified under category 2, are the effects of the injury permanent, or likely to be permanent? (Article 590.)
- 4. Injuries that do not come under the above categories should be classified here, making use of the following terms—*severe or slight* and *permanent or not permanent*, as the case may be.
- 5. For what period, calculated from the date of the wound or injury, is it probable that the officer will be incapacitated for military duty by such wound or injury?

Signatures

Station _____

Date _____

Confidential.

To be used in cases of wounds or injuries received in action. 150
 (For instructions for preparing this report see back of form.)

PROCEEDINGS OF A MEDICAL BOARD assembled by order of _____
 for the purpose of examining and reporting on the present state of a wound or injury sustained by _____

on the _____
 The Board held _____

INSTRUCTIONS to be observed by the Medical Board preparing the Report.

1. On the occasion of an officer's first appearance before a medical board, the circumstances under which the wound or injury was sustained will be fully detailed.

2. If the injuries be more than one, they should be numbered and described separately and should it be considered that though slight in themselves they represent together the equivalent of a single but very serious injury, such an opinion may be expressed in the report.

3. The board will not express any opinion either as to the officer's conduct or as to the amount of compensation they may think should be awarded.

The opinion of the Board upon the questions below is as follows

| | Regulation | |
|---|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| | 14th Regt. 1902 | As amended (1911) - As altered (1912) |
| Has the officer lost the use of an eye, or has he permanently lost the use of an eye, or a limb, or a member, or is he likely to be permanently disabled in any of the Royal Warrant (1912) ? | | |
| Has the officer sustained any injury the category of which is - | | |
| 1. Loss of teeth in the lower jaw, or | | |
| 2. Loss of fingers and thumbs, or | | |
| 3. If the case is classified under category 2, are the effects of the injury permanent, or likely to be permanent? (Article 902) | | |
| Injuries that do not come under the above categories should be classified here, giving one of the following terms - severe or slight and permanent or not permanent, as the case may be. | | |
| For what period, calculated from the date of the wound or injury, is it probable that the officer will be incapacitated for ordinary duty by such wound or injury? | | |

Signatures

Station

Date

to be used in cases of injuries received through the performance of Military Duty, other than that in Action.

(For instructions for preparing this Report see back of Form)

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PROCEEDINGS OF A MEDICAL BOARD assembled by order of

for the purpose of examining and reporting on the present state of an injury sustained

by (Name) on the (Date)

The Board having assembled pursuant to order proceed to examine the above-named Officer and find that he received as above viz

**INSTRUCTIONS to be observed by the Medical Board
preparing the Report.**

1. On the occasion of an officer's first appearance before a medical board, the circumstances under which the wound or injury was sustained will be fully detailed.
2. If the injuries be more than one, they should be numbered and described separately; and should it be considered that, though slight in themselves, they represent together the equivalent of a single "very severe" injury, such an opinion may be expressed in the columns provided for that purpose.
3. The board will not express any opinion, either to the Officer examined or in their report, as to the amount of compensation they may think should be awarded.

The opinion of the Board upon the questions herein is as follows:

1. Has the Officer lost an eye or a limb or the use of a limb, or is the injury equivalent to the loss of a limb, and is it permanent or likely to be permanent? (Article 594 of the Pay Warrant)

2. If the injury does not come under the category of 1, is it of a very serious nature and is it permanent in its present effects or likely to be permanent? (Art. 594.)

3. If the injury does not come under the categories of 1, 2, or 3, is it severe and permanent in character? (Art. 595.)

4. If the injury does not come under the categories of 1, 2, or 3, should be classified here, making use of one of the following terms: "severe, but not permanent," or "slight and permanent," or "permanent," as the case may be.

5. Was it caused by military duty? If so, the particular act of military duty in which the officer was engaged should be stated.

6. Was it contracted under circumstances over which he had no control?

7. For what period, calculated from the date of the injury, is it probable that the Officer will be incapacitated for military duty arising therefrom?

Replies

As to category 1. As to category 2. As to category 3.

Signatures

Station

Date

**INSTRUCTIONS to be observed by the Medical Board
preparing the Report.**

1. On the occasion of an Officer's first appearance before a Medical Board, the circumstances under which the injury was sustained will be fully detailed.

2. If the injuries be more than one, they should be numbered and described separately; and should it be considered that though slight in themselves, they represent together the equivalent of a single "severe" or "very serious" injury, such an opinion may be expressed in the report.

3. The Board will not express any opinion either to the Officer examined or in their report as to the amount of compensation they may think should be awarded.

NAVY AND ARMY

ALLOWANCES AND PENSIONS

IN RESPECT OF

SEAMEN, MARINES, AND SOLDIERS

—AND THEIR

WIVES, WIDOWS AND DEPENDANTS.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of His Majesty.



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**ALLOWANCES AND PENSIONS IN RESPECT OF SEAMEN,
MARINES, AND SOLDIERS AND THEIR WIVES,
WIDOWS AND DEPENDANTS.**

- A.—Pensions and Allowances to Widows and Dependants.
 B.—Pensions and Allowances to Disabled Seamen, Marines, and Soldiers.
 C.—Separation Allowances for Wives, Children and Dependants of Seamen, Marines, and Soldiers.
 D.—General Comparison between the old Scale and the new Scale.
 E.—Actuarial Report.

INTRODUCTORY NOTE.

The following Memorandum is intended to set out in general terms the decisions which have been arrived at by the Government in respect of Allowances and Pensions for Seamen, Marines and Soldiers, and their Wives, Widows and Dependants, for the purposes of the present War. It must be clearly understood that the Admiralty Orders and Army Orders and the Regulations, made or to be made, will alone be the documents that will be decisive as to any points that may arise in particular cases, this Memorandum being no more than a presentation to Parliament of the main lines of the scheme.

T. J. MACNAMARA,
H. T. BAKER.

November 9th, 1914.

A.—Pensions and Allowances to Widows and Dependants.

The following will be the minimum weekly scale of payments for the widows and children of Seamen, Marines and Soldiers who in the present war are killed while in the performance of naval or military duty, who die of wounds or injuries received in the performance of such duty within seven years after the receipt of the wound or injury, or who die of disease medically certified as contracted or commencing while on active service within seven years of their removal from duty on account of such disease:—

| Navy | Class (a) | Class (b) | Class (c) | Class (d) | |
|---|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|----------|
| Army | Class V. | Class IV. | Class III. | Class II. | Class I. |
| Widow with four children | 20 0 | 20 6 | 21 0 | 21 6 | 22 6 |
| " with three children | 17 6 | 18 0 | 18 6 | 19 0 | 20 0 |
| " with two children | 15 0 | 15 6 | 16 0 | 16 6 | 17 6 |
| " with one child | 12 6 | 13 0 | 13 6 | 14 0 | 15 0 |
| " without children | 7 6 | 8 0 | 8 9 | 9 0 | 10 0 |
| Additional for each child in excess of four | 2 0 | 2 0 | 2 0 | 2 0 | 2 0 |

2. The above classes are as follows:—

NAVY.—

- Class (a).—All naval ratings below those described in (b) and Marines below corporals.
 Class (b).—Second Class Petty Officers, leading rates with over three years' service as such and passed for Petty Officers, and Corporals of Marines.
 Class (c).—First Class Petty Officers, Petty Officers (N.S.), and Sergeants of Marines.
 Class (d).—Chief Petty Officers and Colour and Staff Sergeants of Marines.

ARMY.—

- Class V.—Private, &c.
 Class IV.—Corporal, &c.
 Class III.—Sergeant, &c.
 Class II.—Colour Sergeant, &c.
 Class I.—Quartermaster Sergeant, &c.

3. The payments for children included in the above scale will be continued in the case of girls until the age of 16, and in the case of boys until the age of 14. If the boy attends at a State-aided school (not being an evening school), the pension will be continued until he leaves school, up to the age of 16. In the case of any child unable to maintain himself or herself, owing to mental or physical infirmity, the payment may be continued up to the age of 21.

4. In the case of motherless children the payments will be 5s. a week for each of the first three children, and 4s. a week for each child in excess of three, under the same conditions as above.

5. The pension of a widow will cease upon her re-marriage. But she will be eligible for a gratuity of an amount equal to two years' payment of the pension, viz:—

| NAVY | ARMY |
|-----------|---------|
| Class (a) | Class V |
| " (b) | " IV |
| " (c) | " III |
| " (d) | " II |
| | " I |
| | 52 0 0 |

The gratuity in each case will be given either in a lump sum or by instalments according to conditions laid down by Regulations.

The payments in respect of children will continue until the children reach the age of 16, or the date of the remarriage of the mother and of the gratuity then paid to her.

6. The widow and children of any Seaman, Marine, or Soldier who at the date of his death were in receipt of Separation Allowance will continue for 26 weeks after the notification of his death to receive the amount which was paid to them during his lifetime as Separation Allowance. If an Allotment was in force at the time, they will also receive an amount equivalent to that Allotment for the same period. The pensions commence at the expiration of this period.

7. Additional allowances will be given to widows (with or without children) in cases of necessity by the Admiralty or War Office, after considering the recommendations of the local Old Age Pension Committee acting under Regulations to be made for the purpose, for example, in the case of a private or widow without children who is incapacitated for work, up to a possible total pension of 12s. 6d. a week.

8. Dependents of unmarried men will continue for 26 weeks after the notification of death to receive the amount which was paid to them as Separation Allowance and Allotment.

9. Gratuities or Allowances to dependants of unmarried men, commencing after the expiry of the 26 weeks referred to in paragraph 8 above, may also be made by the Admiralty or War Office after considering the recommendations of the local Old Age Pension Committee in accordance with Regulations made as in paragraph 7.

10. All payments will be made weekly.

11. In order to ensure that all allowances made for children are properly expended, Local Education Authorities will be requested to make such arrangements, in the case of both Separation Allowances and Pensions, as will enable them to report to the War Office or the Admiralty any case in which they may have reason to believe that the children are being neglected. The Department concerned will then use its discretion as to the measures to be taken to secure the proper treatment of the children in question.

12. The foregoing arrangements will be applicable as from the outbreak of the War, but not to cases which originated before that date.

B. Pensions and Allowances to Disabled Seamen, Marines, and Soldiers.

13. In the case of the lowest grades in the Navy and Army, as defined in paragraph 15 below, the minimum total disablement allowance will be 16s. 6d. a week for married men without children and 14s. a week for unmarried men. These amounts may be increased at the discretion of the Authorities according to the number of dependants and other circumstances up to a maximum of 23s. (The higher grades will receive corresponding improvements on the existing scales.) These allowances will be in addition to the moneys received as sickness or disablement benefit under National Health Insurance. Soldiers and sailors who are insured under the Insurance Act will receive, either through Approved Societies or from the Navy and Army Insurance Fund, in normal cases 10s. a week for 26 weeks and 5s. a week thereafter so long as totally disabled, up to the age of 70 (see footnote on page 8).

14. The allowances for partial disablement, in the lowest grades, will vary from 17s. 6d. to 2s. 6d. a week, the amount being determined with regard to reduction of wage-earning capacity, number of dependants, and other circumstances.

15. The term "lowest grades" in the above paragraphs means, in the case of the Navy, (a) all Naval Ratings below Second Class Petty Officers and below leading rates with over three years' service as such and passed for Petty Officer, and (b) all Marines below Corporals; but, in the case of the Army, all grades within Class V. of the Classification for Pensions in the Army Pay Warrant.

16. Payments in respect of these allowances will be made weekly, and the administration will continue to be in the hands of the Admiralty in the case of the Navy, and of the Civilian Hospital Authorities in the case of the Army.

17. These allowances will be applicable as from the outbreak of the War, but not to cases which originated before that date.

C. Separation Allowances to Wives, Children and Dependants of Seamen, Marines, and Soldiers.

SEAMEN AND MARINES BORNE ON THE BOOKS OF HIS MAJESTY'S SHIPS.

(i) Wives and Children.

18. For the period of the present War Separation Allowance is to be paid to the wives and families of all Seamen, Marines, and Reservists borne on the books of His Majesty's Ships who allot at least the amount in their terms.

19. The scale is as follows:

| Rate | Name or Status of Dependants | Wife | Children | Maximum Allowance |
|------------|---|----------|----------|-------------------|
| Class IV. | Warrant Officer | 10s. 0d. | 10s. 0d. | 10s. 0d. |
| Class III. | Chief Petty Officer and equivalent ratings | 10s. 0d. | 10s. 0d. | 10s. 0d. |
| Class II. | Petty Officer and equivalent ratings | 10s. 0d. | 10s. 0d. | 10s. 0d. |
| Class I. | Ordinary Seaman, Able Seaman, Leading Seaman, and Chief Petty Officer (unqualified ratings) | 10s. 0d. | 10s. 0d. | 10s. 0d. |

20. The Government in respect of children will be liable for girls until the age of 16, and for boys until the age of 15, or, if the boy attends a State-aided school (not being an Officers' School) until he leaves school up to the age of 16. In cases of mental or physical abnormality the allowance may be continued up to the age of 21.

21. Single families will receive an additional allowance of 2s. 6d. a week.

(ii) Dependants.

Note. V. In all the cases under this head allowances are given by the Admiralty only after considering recommendations made by the local Old Age Pension Committee.

22. If an unmarried Seaman, Marine, or Reservist, actually supported or helped to support, a father, mother, sister, or other member of his family before the war, and if he is willing to continue his support in whole or in part by making an allotment, the Government will assist by making a grant of Separation Allowance.

23. The maximum Allowance payable will ordinarily be the maximum set above for a wife. When more than one relation is dependent on the seaman, this allowance may be increased to the amount which would have been payable if the first dependant had been a wife and the others had been children.

24. Within these limits (including the London Allowance where it is applicable) the Allowance will be determined in the following manner:

(a) In the case of Active service men, provided they allot a sum equal to the amount which they were in the habit of contributing before the war, an Allowance of half that sum will be paid so long as it does not exceed the maximum defined in paragraph 23 above. If the allotment is reduced below that sum, the Allowance will be proportionately reduced, and if no allotment is made no Allowance will be payable. If the allotment is increased no reduction will be made in the Allowance.

(b) In the case of Reservists, provided they allot half the amount which they were in the habit of contributing prior to mobilisation, the Allowance will be equal to the allotment so long as it does not exceed the maximum

defined in paragraph 23 above. If the allotment is reduced below that amount which they were in the habit of contributing the Allowance will be proportionately reduced and if no allotment is made no Allowance will be payable. If the allotment is increased no reduction will be made in the Allowance.

25. Where a Seaman or Marine is the sole support of a woman who would otherwise be destitute, the minimum allotment for her must be made by the Seaman or Marine if he wishes any payment to be made from the Government to her and to any children of his in her charge. In cases where such minimum allotment is made the Government will contribute the full Separation Allowance, provided that the Old Age Pension Committee of the district where she lives is satisfied that the woman was entirely dependent for her maintenance upon him for a reasonable period prior to mobilisation or entry.

Note—The Allowances payable in respect of Marines not borne on the Books of His Majesty's Ships will be according to the Army Scales which follow.

II.—SOLDIERS.

(i) Wives and Children.

26. The rates per week of Army Separation Allowances to wives and children of Soldiers serving outside India, and of Soldiers who went to India after the outbreak of the war, will be on the following scales during the war.

27. The Table also shows the weekly payment to the family, if the Soldier makes the usual allotment from his pay. Any allotment above the usual rate which a Soldier may make will be paid in addition.

| | Government Allowance | Allowance | Minimum Income of Wife and Children |
|---|----------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|
| Wife and one child | 13 6 | 3 6 | 22 3 |
| Wife and three children | 16 6 | 3 6 | 30 0 |
| Wife and two children | 14 0 | 3 6 | 17 6 |
| Wife and one child | 11 6 | | 15 0 |
| Wife without child | 9 0 | | 12 6 |
| Additional for each child in excess of four | 2 0 | 8d | 3 0 |
| If living in public quarters with net aid | 6 0 | | 4 0 |
| Mothers' child | 3 0 | 0 7 | |

* The rates for higher grades will be found in the Army Order.

28. The above allotment (3s. 6d.) is compulsory in the case of Soldiers serving abroad. In the case of the Soldier serving at home, the allotment may be less than 3s. 6d., or there may be no allotment, provided only that the income of the wife and children (including the Separation Allowances) is equal to the income set out in the above scale.

29. Separation Allowance for children is admissible for girls until the age of 10, and for boys until the age of 14, or if the boy attends a State-aided school (not being an Evening School), until he leaves school up to age of 16. In cases of mental or physical infirmity the allowance may be continued up to the age of 21.

30. An extra 3s. 6d. a week will be payable to London families in certain circumstances. A special compensation allowance to families of the married establishment will be paid as granted in September 1914.

(ii) Dependents.

Note.—In all the cases under this head, allowances are given by the War Office only after considering recommendations made by the local Old Age Pension Committee.

31. In the case of an unmarried Soldier serving outside India (or who went to India after the War began) who actually supported, or helped to support a father, mother, sister, or other member of his family, before the war began (or before he enlisted, if that happened after the outbreak of war), and who is willing to give part of his pay while the war lasts, the Government will make a Separation Allowance to that dependant.

32. The amount which the Government will thus contribute as a Separation Allowance to the dependant, for example, the Soldier's mother, is to a certain extent proportionate to what the Soldier himself is willing to pay to her, provided that she does not receive in all a greater sum than the Soldier contributed to her support before the war began. The amount which the Government will contribute is determined by reference to the weekly payment of the Soldier, as set out in the Table below.

If the Soldier contributes 1s. 9d. a week, the Government will contribute 5s. 9d., so that she will receive 7s. 6d. a week, always provided that she received 7s. 6d. a week or more from the Soldier before the war began, or before his enlistment if he enlisted after the outbreak of war.

If he used to contribute as much as 12s. 6d. a week and he wishes his mother to receive that amount in future, he will be required to contribute 3s. 6d. a week and the Government will pay 9d.

33. The following Table shows how much of his pay a Private Soldier or Corporal must allot if he wishes the dependant to receive what he gave in peace, or part of it:—

| His pay weekly | Sum not exceeding | He must allot 1d. a day from his pay. |
|----------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 3s. 6d. | 3s. 6d. | 2d. |
| 4s. 6d. | 4s. 6d. | 3d. |
| 5s. 6d. | 5s. 6d. | 4d. |
| 6s. 6d. | 6s. 6d. | 5d. |
| 7s. 6d. | 7s. 6d. | 6d. |
| 8s. 6d. | 8s. 6d. | 7d. |
| 9s. 6d. | 9s. 6d. | 8d. |
| 10s. 6d. | 10s. 6d. | 9d. |
| 11s. 6d. | 11s. 6d. | 10d. |
| 12s. 6d. | 12s. 6d. | 11d. |
| 13s. 6d. | 13s. 6d. | 12d. |
| 14s. 6d. | 14s. 6d. | 13d. |
| 15s. 6d. | 15s. 6d. | 14d. |
| 16s. 6d. | 16s. 6d. | 15d. |
| 17s. 6d. | 17s. 6d. | 16d. |
| 18s. 6d. | 18s. 6d. | 17d. |
| 19s. 6d. | 19s. 6d. | 18d. |
| 20s. 6d. | 20s. 6d. | 19d. |
| 21s. 6d. | 21s. 6d. | 20d. |
| 22s. 6d. | 22s. 6d. | 21d. |
| 23s. 6d. | 23s. 6d. | 22d. |
| 24s. 6d. | 24s. 6d. | 23d. |
| 25s. 6d. | 25s. 6d. | 24d. |
| 26s. 6d. | 26s. 6d. | 25d. |
| 27s. 6d. | 27s. 6d. | 26d. |
| 28s. 6d. | 28s. 6d. | 27d. |
| 29s. 6d. | 29s. 6d. | 28d. |
| 30s. 6d. | 30s. 6d. | 29d. |
| 31s. 6d. | 31s. 6d. | 30d. |
| 32s. 6d. | 32s. 6d. | 31d. |
| 33s. 6d. | 33s. 6d. | 32d. |
| 34s. 6d. | 34s. 6d. | 33d. |
| 35s. 6d. | 35s. 6d. | 34d. |
| 36s. 6d. | 36s. 6d. | 35d. |
| 37s. 6d. | 37s. 6d. | 36d. |
| 38s. 6d. | 38s. 6d. | 37d. |
| 39s. 6d. | 39s. 6d. | 38d. |
| 40s. 6d. | 40s. 6d. | 39d. |
| 41s. 6d. | 41s. 6d. | 40d. |
| 42s. 6d. | 42s. 6d. | 41d. |
| 43s. 6d. | 43s. 6d. | 42d. |
| 44s. 6d. | 44s. 6d. | 43d. |
| 45s. 6d. | 45s. 6d. | 44d. |
| 46s. 6d. | 46s. 6d. | 45d. |
| 47s. 6d. | 47s. 6d. | 46d. |
| 48s. 6d. | 48s. 6d. | 47d. |
| 49s. 6d. | 49s. 6d. | 48d. |
| 50s. 6d. | 50s. 6d. | 49d. |
| 51s. 6d. | 51s. 6d. | 50d. |
| 52s. 6d. | 52s. 6d. | 51d. |
| 53s. 6d. | 53s. 6d. | 52d. |
| 54s. 6d. | 54s. 6d. | 53d. |
| 55s. 6d. | 55s. 6d. | 54d. |
| 56s. 6d. | 56s. 6d. | 55d. |
| 57s. 6d. | 57s. 6d. | 56d. |
| 58s. 6d. | 58s. 6d. | 57d. |
| 59s. 6d. | 59s. 6d. | 58d. |
| 60s. 6d. | 60s. 6d. | 59d. |
| 61s. 6d. | 61s. 6d. | 60d. |
| 62s. 6d. | 62s. 6d. | 61d. |
| 63s. 6d. | 63s. 6d. | 62d. |
| 64s. 6d. | 64s. 6d. | 63d. |
| 65s. 6d. | 65s. 6d. | 64d. |
| 66s. 6d. | 66s. 6d. | 65d. |
| 67s. 6d. | 67s. 6d. | 66d. |
| 68s. 6d. | 68s. 6d. | 67d. |
| 69s. 6d. | 69s. 6d. | 68d. |
| 70s. 6d. | 70s. 6d. | 69d. |
| 71s. 6d. | 71s. 6d. | 70d. |
| 72s. 6d. | 72s. 6d. | 71d. |
| 73s. 6d. | 73s. 6d. | 72d. |
| 74s. 6d. | 74s. 6d. | 73d. |
| 75s. 6d. | 75s. 6d. | 74d. |
| 76s. 6d. | 76s. 6d. | 75d. |
| 77s. 6d. | 77s. 6d. | 76d. |
| 78s. 6d. | 78s. 6d. | 77d. |
| 79s. 6d. | 79s. 6d. | 78d. |
| 80s. 6d. | 80s. 6d. | 79d. |
| 81s. 6d. | 81s. 6d. | 80d. |
| 82s. 6d. | 82s. 6d. | 81d. |
| 83s. 6d. | 83s. 6d. | 82d. |
| 84s. 6d. | 84s. 6d. | 83d. |
| 85s. 6d. | 85s. 6d. | 84d. |
| 86s. 6d. | 86s. 6d. | 85d. |
| 87s. 6d. | 87s. 6d. | 86d. |
| 88s. 6d. | 88s. 6d. | 87d. |
| 89s. 6d. | 89s. 6d. | 88d. |
| 90s. 6d. | 90s. 6d. | 89d. |
| 91s. 6d. | 91s. 6d. | 90d. |
| 92s. 6d. | 92s. 6d. | 91d. |
| 93s. 6d. | 93s. 6d. | 92d. |
| 94s. 6d. | 94s. 6d. | 93d. |
| 95s. 6d. | 95s. 6d. | 94d. |
| 96s. 6d. | 96s. 6d. | 95d. |
| 97s. 6d. | 97s. 6d. | 96d. |
| 98s. 6d. | 98s. 6d. | 97d. |
| 99s. 6d. | 99s. 6d. | 98d. |
| 100s. 6d. | 100s. 6d. | 99d. |

The corresponding rates for the higher grades in the Service will be found in the Army Order.

34. Ordinarily the Government will not pay more than 9s. in the case of any dependant, but if a Soldier is willing to pay more than 3s. 6d. a week towards the support of a dependant for whom he formerly contributed more than 12s. 6d. a week, he can pay any sum greater than 3s. 6d. a week that he likes and the Government will add 9s. but no larger sum. If there are children of the Soldier in the care of the dependant, a higher amount may be issued up to the limit of 20s. 6d. for a Private or Corporal and 25s. 6d. for higher ranks.

35. If there are children of the Soldier to be cared for elsewhere, for whom Separation Allowance at the motherless rate of 2s. 6d. a week is being issued, any Separation Allowance which might have been issued to the dependant if there were no children will be reduced by 6d. a week for each child.

36. Where a Soldier was the sole support of a woman who would otherwise be destitute, the full allotment as for a wife must be made by the Soldier if he wishes any payment to be made from the Government to her and to any children of his in her charge. In cases where such full allotment is made, the Government will contribute the full Separation Allowance, provided that the Old Age Pension Committee of the district where she lives is satisfied that the woman was entirely dependent for her maintenance upon the Soldier for a reasonable period prior to mobilisation or to his enlistment.

D.—General Comparison between the old Scale and the new Scale.

The figures in respect of the lowest grade only in each Service are set out.

| | Old Scale. | New Scale. |
|---|---|--|
| | I.—Pensioners. | 59th. |
| (a) Widow with 4 children | 11s. 6d. | 12s. 6d. |
| (b) Widow with 3 children | 9s. 6d. | 12s. 6d. |
| (c) Widow with 2 children | 8s. | 12s. 6d. |
| (d) Widow with 1 child | 6s. 6d. | 12s. 6d. |
| (e) Widow without children | 5s. | 7s. 6d. |
| (f) Motherless children | 3s. each child. | 5s. each child up to three children, and 4s. each additional child. |
| (g) Extra payments in cases of precedence. | Nothing from Public funds. | Additional allowances will be given to widows (with or without children) in cases of precedence by the Admiralty or War Office, after considering the recommendations of the local Old Age Pension Committee acting under regulations to be made for the purpose; for example, in the case of a widow without children who is incapacitated for work, up to a possible total pension of 12s. 6d. a week. |
| (h) Dependents of unmarried men. | Nothing from Public funds. | Additional grants or allowances on the recommendation of the Old Age Pension Committee. |
| (i) Gratuity on remarriage. | 19l. (being the equivalent of one year's Allowance at the (c) rate). | 89l. (being the equivalent of two years' Allowance at the (c) rate). |
| (j) Duration of pension for children. | Pension until— Age 14 — Boys. Age 16 — Girls. (Continued up to 21 if physically or mentally infirm). | Pension until— Age 14 — Boys, or age 16 if at school. Age 16 — Girls. (Continued up to 21 if physically or mentally infirm). |
| (k) Continuance after husband's death of Separation Allowance to wife and children. | Separation Allowance until end of month following death. | Separation Allowance, together with amount of allotment at the rate required for 26 weeks after notification of death. |
| (l) Continuance of Separation Allowance for other dependents. | No allowance. | If dependent has been in receipt of Separation Allowance before death, the amount, together with amount of allotment (if any) received before death, given for 26 weeks after notification of death. |
| (m) Allowance to Seaman, Marine, or Soldier in case of total disablement. | 12s. 6d. to 10s. 6d. | Minimum of 10s. 6d. married with no dependents, and 12s. unmarried, increasing to 20s. according to dependents and other circumstances. (See paragraph 13 on page 34.) If married under age, National Insurance Act, the man will receive, in addition a payment at the rate of 10s. a week for 26 weeks in normal cases, and thereafter at 2s. a week, to such a total of 10s. 6d. up to the age of 70. |
| (n) Allowance to Seaman, Marine, or Soldier in case of partial disablement. | 10s. 6d. to 8s. 6d., according to dependents with regard to reduction of wage-earning capacity and other circumstances. | 10s. 6d. for 26 weeks, amount determined with regard to reduction of wage-earning capacity and other circumstances. |
| (o) Separation Allowance to wives married "on the strength." | In the case of Soldiers, Separation Allowance only to wives married "on the strength." In the case of Seamen and Marines, no Separation Allowance. | Separation Allowance, the proportion of four to one compared with the rate for 26 weeks, and children of Soldiers and Marines, certain Allowances being made to wives and children of Seamen and Marines. |
| (p) Amounts of Separation Allowances. | For dependents, no Separation Allowance, other than to wives and children. | Separation Allowances given to dependents other than wives and children under certain conditions. |
| | Soldiers. | Soldiers. |
| | Sailors. | Sailors. |
| (r) Wife with 4 children | 12 7 3 | 18 6 |
| (s) Wife with 3 children | 11 7 1 | 16 6 |
| (t) Wife with 2 children | 9 11 1 | 14 9 5 |
| (u) Wife with 1 child | 8 9 7 | 11 6 |
| (v) Wife without children | 7 | 9 0 |

* To obtain the insurance benefit of 10s. for the first 26 weeks, he must have been insured for 26 weeks and have paid 26 contributions, and in order to receive that for a week with 50s. he must have been insured for 104 weeks and have paid 104 contributions. Contributions paid before and during service will count for this purpose, and persons incapacitated before they have been insured for the requisite number of weeks may continue to pay contributions to make up the necessary number.

E.—Actuarial Report.

PREPARED BY MR. A. W. WATSON, F.I.A.

(Chief Actuary to the National Health Insurance Joint Committee.)

BASES OF ESTIMATES.

1. As desired, I have made an investigation as to the cost of the Pensions and Allowances enumerated in the foregoing Statements.

2. The initial process was to estimate, as closely as the circumstances permitted, the proportion of married men in the Navy and Army respectively. In view of the fact that the Army constitutes, numerically, much the larger proportion of the combatant forces of the nation, and that the payments in respect of soldiers represent a preponderating part of the expenditure under the schemes, it will be convenient to examine the case of the Army first in this connection.

3. Each division of the forces, namely, the regular Army, the Army Reserve, the Territorial Force, and the new Army enlisted for the duration of the War, had to be separately considered. As to the first of these, it is, of course, common knowledge that the proportion of married men in the Army is much lower than the corresponding proportion among civilians of like ages, but while some general statistics have been furnished to me, no very definite information as to the conjugal status of the men serving appears to be available. The problem of accurately estimating the proportion of married soldiers in these circumstances is complicated by the fact that the relative proportions of married and single men must vary considerably as between non-commissioned officers and privates. In view of the rates of pay and of the relative permanence of the service of non-commissioned officers of the rank of sergeant and upwards, it would appear reasonable to expect that the proportion of married men and the average number of children among this class would be fully as high as it is among the civil population; and I have assumed that such is the case. In the case of private soldiers and corporals on the other hand, I have assumed that the married average is only half of the corresponding proportion among civilians of the same age, and have estimated accordingly. General average figures supplied by the War Office, while not distinguishing between non-commissioned officers and privates or between men of different ages, confirm the collective results of these assumptions.

4. Among the men of the Army Reserve the conditions probably differ but little from those of the civil population, and for the purpose of my estimates I have assumed that there is no difference. The important point in this connection, in respect of men in the Army Reserve and in the Special Reserve, is that the average age is considerably greater than that of the men in the regular Army. On this ground, and for the further reason that the men in the Reserve have been in, and therefore, in many cases, considerable periods since discharge, it is evident that the proportion of married men among this class must be substantially greater than as the case with the regular Army.

As to regard to the Territorial Force, it has been assumed that practically the same conditions obtain as among the men in the regular Army. In making the estimates as to the New Army, i.e., men who have been specially enlisted for the term of the War, due regard has been paid to the classes from which the men have been, and are being, drawn and the alterations which have been made from time to time as recruiting has developed, in the conditions of eligibility for enlistment.

5. In preparing these estimates as to the Navy, separate consideration has naturally been given to the case of the men on the Active list and the men in the several classes of Reserve. Among the men on the active list under the rank of petty officer, it has been assumed that the proportion of married is 80 per cent. of that found among men of the same age in the civil population; while for men of higher rank

It has been assumed that the normal conditions as found among the civil population exist. In respect of men in the Reserves, also, it has been assumed that the conditions as regards marriage are the same as those existing among the civil population.

7. In respect of the numbers and ages of the children in the families of soldiers and seamen recourse has been had to various collections of relevant statistics which it is unnecessary to enumerate. It may be mentioned, however, that considerable importance has been attached to the particulars as to families obtained from the Greenwich Hospital records of pensions granted during a series of years to the widows and children of seamen who have been killed or drowned in the performance of duty. These records of actual cases have been found to confirm closely the results obtained by calculations based upon more general data.

8. In estimating the proportion of widows and children of soldiers to the total number of deaths, and in making calculations involving the number of the dependants of soldiers who are totally disabled, it is necessary to consider the composition of the forces which may be engaged from time to time in actual hostilities, the strain upon the regular Army and the Army Reserves being obviously greater than upon the other branches of the service. After making such adjustments to give effect to this feature as the circumstances permit, the conclusion is reached that the constitution, in respect of family responsibilities, of each thousand men who are killed or die, or who are totally disabled, as the result of active service, will be as follows:

| | Army | Naval |
|----------------------|-------|-------|
| Unmarried men | 714 | 997 |
| Married men | 57 | 110 |
| " 1 child | 91 | 118 |
| " 2 children | 50 | 79 |
| " 3 children | 29 | 43 |
| " 4 or more children | 22 | 43 |
| | 1,000 | 1,000 |

"Children," in this table means children within the ages of liability for allowances under the scale; the number of unmarried men includes a very small proportion of widowers with children.

9. In regard to disablement pensions the only relevant data are those obtainable from the general records of pensions granted by Chelsea Hospital in the years following the Franco-German War. It is unnecessary to enlarge upon the differences between the circumstances and the features of that war and the present one which tend to limit the value of these statistics for the purpose now in view. It is indeed obvious that postulate such as that which I have been requested to prepare cannot be of other than the most general character, and that figures drawn from the experiences of former struggles cannot supply anything more than a loose index to the present probabilities. Such as the figures are, they lead me to estimate that for each 1,000 deaths there will correspond 200 cases of permanent total disablement, 100 cases of permanent partial disablement, and 600 cases of temporary disablement. In valuing the pensions in these cases due consideration has been given to the probability that serious injury or disease will materially shorten the duration of life in many cases.

10. For the purpose of estimating the probable proportionate cost of Separation Allowances to dependants (as such) has been had to certain figures relating to the Franco-German War, and supplied by the Royal Patriotic Fund Corporation. These figures have been checked by actual calculations as to the probable number of dependent wives and children of unmarried sons, appropriate additions being made for other classes of dependants. In the result it has been estimated that the cost of separation allowances to dependants other than wives and children will be 33 1/2 per cent. of the cost of separation allowances to wives in the case of the Army and 25 per cent. in the case of the Navy. The difference between the services in this respect is due to the fact that the Navy has a markedly greater proportion of married men than the Army. The sixth of the dependent relatives in the case of both services have been assumed to reside in the London postal area, and to be entitled therefore to the additional allowance of 3s. 6d. a week.

11. It is, of course, quite impossible to forecast the total expenditure of the war, in view of the obvious uncertainties both as to its duration and as to the proportion which the number of deaths and disablements will bear to the total number of men engaged. For this reason it has been thought advisable that calculations should be made on several different bases in these respects. In each of these different estimations one and the same figure has been taken for the total number of men engaged, namely 2,000,000, counting here the Navy (with its Reserves), the Regular Army, the Army Reserve, the New Army, and the Territorial Force, which is assumed an duration of the war, say 4 years, to be on an average of 1,000,000, and the other of 1,000,000. In regard to mortality a basis of 3 per cent. is taken for one set of calculations and a basis of 10 per cent. for another. These percentages relate to the total number of men who will have been engaged, and not to the number actually engaged in hostilities.

12. The ultimate results of each of the calculations above indicated are set out in summary form in the Statements I to IV following paragraph 20 below. The results of the calculations necessarily vary with each particular case, but in order that the relation of the several items of liability to each other may be clearly comprehended, it will be most convenient to set out the liabilities—such as those due to pensions and allowances to widows and orphans and to payments to the dependants resulting from each ten thousand deaths, 20 per cent. of which are assumed to occur in the Army and 10 per cent. in the Navy—with the corresponding number of disablement cases obtained as indicated in paragraph 9. The form of statement is accordingly adopted in the following paragraphs.

A. Relative Cost of Pensions and Allowances to Widows and Dependants.

13. On a basis of 10,000 deaths, the maximum annual cost of pensions to a dowry and orphans beginning after 20 weeks from the notification of the death of the soldier or seaman, and including gratuities on marriage, is estimated to be £2,000,000, including regular expenditure and death or pension in the case of widows, and the death or attainment of the limiting age by the younger children of about 1,000,000. The "capitalised value" of this amount, being the sum which, invested at 3 per cent., would produce the instalments of pension and the gratuities required in 1915-1916.

14. The provisions for extra grants for widows in cases of necessity and as to grants for dependants other than widows and children do not admit of formal calculation, in a strict sense of the probabilities in respect of such cases leads to the supposition that for each 10,000 deaths a sum of £300,000 may be required, and estimates of expenditure on this basis are accordingly included in the summary of the commitments under the schemes.

15. On the same basis, the contingencies after 20 weeks after the notification of the death of a seaman or soldier, of the amount paid as Separation Allowance and Allowance to his wife and children, or other dependants, is estimated to involve an additional expenditure of £2,500,000.

16. It should be added, in order to complete this group of estimates, that the average value of the pension to be granted in the ordinary case to a widow and children, and including the marriage gratuity, is about £104 in the case of a private soldier, and £507 in the case of a seaman, where the average family is larger than that of the soldier. It may be proper to compare these amounts with the capital sum which would be payable under the Workmen's Compensation Act. This sum is subject to certain limits, an amount equal to three years' wages, and it is perhaps more just to assume for the purpose of comparison that compensation should be based upon the average wage which the soldier or seaman might be expected to obtain in civil employment rather than upon the amount of his military or naval pay and emoluments while serving.

Statistics issued by the Home Office under the Workmen's Compensation Act show that the average sum paid under that Act as compensation in cases of death where there are persons wholly dependent is about £230, and this figure apparently does not include the relatively low wage earners in any of the agricultural employments.

The actual average shown by the Home Office returns is slightly less than this sum, the higher figure is taken to provide an adjustment for those occasional cases in which the workman, having sustained his injuries for some months, had himself received compensation in the year prior to that in which the lump sum was paid.

It would seem that the average value of the payments to be made under the proposed scheme to the widows and children of private soldiers will be about 30 per cent in excess of the average of the allowances shown to have been paid under the Workmen's Compensation Act, and that in the case of seamen the excess is 50 per cent.

It is to be noted that this is not the whole extent of the difference in favour of the Government scale. For the sum representing the value of the pension payable to the widow and children of a soldier or seaman is not subject to deduction of any amount which he may have received by way of disablement pension before he died, whereas under the Workmen's Compensation Act anything paid to an injured workman who subsequently succumbs to his injuries is treated as part of the lump sum, and the payment to his dependants is reduced accordingly. Where a married soldier with children who has been granted a disablement pension of, say, 11s. a week survives his injury for say two years, and then dies, his death being attributable to war service, the total amount received by him and by his dependants will represent, in the case of the average family, a capital sum of fully 500*l.* Moreover, in such a case the sickness and disablement benefit under the Insurance Acts (a further sum of 32*l.*) would have been paid in addition if the man had contributed under the Acts, while in the case of the workman in respect of whom compensation was paid under the Workmen's Compensation Act no corresponding addition to the compensation would be forthcoming. Taking all allowances together it is quite clear that in many cases the value of the total sum received will be considerably more than double the amount which could be claimed under the Workmen's Compensation Act in the case of a comparatively well-paid workman, while even in the class of cases involving the minimum cost, namely a pension of 1*l.* 6*d.* a week (with a remarriage gratuity of 30*l.*) to a widow without children, of a soldier who is killed in action, and who therefore receives no disablement allowance or insurance benefits, the value of the liability undertaken by the Government under the new scheme is nearly 25 per cent in excess of the average of the lump-sum payments that have been made under the Workmen's Compensation Acts.

B. Relative Cost of Pensions and Allowances for Disabled Seamen and Soldiers.

17. On the basis of 6,000 cases of permanent disablement, corresponding to the 10,000 deaths taken as the basis in paragraphs 13, 14, and 15 above, the yearly cost of permanent allowances for disablements (total or partial) is estimated to reach a total sum of 190,000*l.*, the aggregate payment, extending over the lifetime of the men concerned, being assessed at 4,650,000*l.* and the capitalized value, being the sum which invested at 3 per cent would produce this sum in instalments as required, at 2,350,000*l.*

Cost of temporary disablement on a corresponding basis will, it is estimated, involve a charge of 165,000*l.* representing a present value of 155,000*l.*

C. Separation Allowances.

18. It is estimated that the cost of separation allowances (apart from allotment from the pay of the seaman or soldier) will amount to 12,100,000*l.* in respect of each million men enrolled for a full year. Assuming that the ultimate strength be two million men, counting here the Navy (with its Reserves), the Regular Army, the Army Reserve, the New Army, and the Territorial Force, and that the forces remain embodied for two years from the outbreak of war, the total charge, taking into consideration the fact that the allowances to the dependants of newly recruited men begin, in each case, from the date of enlistment, would be 44,500,000*l.*

Relative Cost of National Health Insurance Benefits.

19. It is estimated that the benefits payable under the National Insurance Act to men who have been insured, or who have elected to contribute under the Act, will on the relative basis taken in paragraph 17, amount to 50,000*l.* for sickness benefits, and to 25,000*l.* a year for disablement benefit, the latter representing 600,000*l.* of contributions extending during life to age 50, and 250,000*l.* of capitalized value as above defined. These payments will be made partly by the Approved Societies and partly by the Navy and Army Insurance Fund.

* The maximum period during which the widow's pension rights are kept alive in such cases is forty years.

SUMMARIES.

20. For the reasons explained in paragraph 11, it is wholly impossible to present a summary in the form of a definite forecast of the liabilities expected to fall upon the State under the scales of pensions and allowances set out in Parts A, B and C of this Paper. But, as previously explained, it is possible by combining the financial results of various hypotheses to obtain such estimates of the effect of the scales in the aggregate, under different aspects, as will afford some index to the possible extent of their claims upon public funds.

The results of the calculations on the several bases are set out below (Statements I. to IV.), these being preceded by a statement of the assumptions made in each case as follows:

- the eventual total number of men who will have been on active service;
- the duration of the war;
- the percentage of deaths;
- the percentage of disablements.

21. The four Series are as follows:

| | I. | II. | III. | IV. |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| (a) Number of Men | 2,000,000 | 2,000,000 | 2,000,000 | 2,000,000 |
| (b) Duration of War | 1 year | 1 year | 2 years | 4 years |
| (c) Deaths | 5 per cent. | 10 per cent. | 5 per cent. | 10 per cent. |
| (d) Disablements, total and partial | 6 per cent. | 12 per cent. | 6 per cent. | 12 per cent. |

I.

| | |
|---|------------|
| Expenditure during the First Year (being the maximum) | 22,500,000 |
| Maximum Yearly Expenditure after the War | 4,650,000 |
| Amount which, if invested at 3 per cent, would meet the Expenditure when and as it arises | 71,850,000 |
| Total amount to be disbursed during the currency of the Pensions and Allowances | 99,000,000 |

II.

| | |
|---|-------------|
| Expenditure during the First Year (being the maximum) | 25,120,000 |
| Maximum Yearly Expenditure after the War | 9,260,000 |
| Amount which, if invested at 3 per cent, would meet the Expenditure when and as it arises | 128,500,000 |
| Total amount to be disbursed during the currency of the Pensions and Allowances | 178,000,000 |

III.

| | |
|---|-------------|
| Maximum Expenditure in One Year (1915-16) | 28,340,000 |
| Expenditure during the First Two Years (1914-16) | 50,120,000 |
| Maximum Yearly Expenditure after the War | 44,120,000 |
| Amount which, if invested at 3 per cent, would meet the Expenditure when and as it arises | 94,600,000 |
| Total amount to be disbursed during the currency of the Pensions and Allowances | 123,000,000 |

IV.

| | |
|---|-------------|
| Maximum Expenditure in One Year (1915-16) | 32,350,000 |
| Expenditure during the First Two Years (1914-16) | 55,740,000 |
| Maximum Yearly Expenditure after the War | 8,240,000 |
| Amount which, if invested at 3 per cent, would meet the Expenditure when and as it arises | 146,200,000 |
| Total amount to be disbursed during the currency of the Pensions and Allowances | 202,000,000 |

SPECIAL REPORT

FROM THE

SELECT COMMITTEE

ON

NAVAL AND MILITARY SERVICES (PENSIONS AND GRANTS),

TOGETHER WITH THE

PROCEEDINGS OF THE COMMITTEE.

*Ordered by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
30th January 1915.*

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ORDER OF REFERENCE

NAVAL AND MILITARY SERVICES (PENSIONS AND GRANTS)

(Wednesday 18th November 1914).—Ordered, That a Select Committee be appointed to consider a scheme of pensions and grants for officers and men in the naval and military services disabled by wounds or disease arising out of the present war, and for the widows, orphans, and dependants of officers and men who have lost their lives, and whether the existing scheme of separation allowances to wives, children and dependants should be amended; and, if so, in what way.

Ordered, That the Committee do consist of Six Members.

Ordered, That the Committee have power to send for persons, papers, and records.

Ordered, That Three be the quorum.—(The Prime Minister).

(Thursday, 19th November, 1914).—Naval and Military Services (Pensions and Grants).—The Select Committee on Naval and Military Services (Pensions and Grants) was nominated of,—Mr. Barnes, Mr. Chamberlain, Mr. Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. Bonar Law, Mr. Secretary McKenna, and Mr. E. F. O'Connor.—(Mr. Illingworth).

Tuesday, 24th November 1914.

AT THE COMMENCEMENT OF PUBLIC BUSINESS

1. Naval and Military Services (Pensions and Grants) (Select Committee).—Ordered, That the Committee have leave to sit notwithstanding the adjournment of the House:

That the Committee have leave to adjourn from place to place.

That the Committee have leave to send their Report, if they think fit, and the House is not sitting, to the Clerk of the House, who shall thereupon give directions for the printing of the Report and its circulation, and shall lay the Report upon the Table of the House at its next meeting.—(Mr. Chancellor of the Exchequer).

ORDER OF REFERENCE

SPECIAL REPORT

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SPECIAL REPORT

THE SELECT COMMITTEE appointed to consider a scheme of PENSIONS AND GRANTS FOR OFFICERS AND MEN IN THE NAVAL AND MILITARY SERVICES disabled by wounds or disease arising out of the present war, and for the widows, orphans, and dependants of officers and men who have lost their lives, and whether the existing scheme of separation allowances to wives, children and dependants should be amended; and, if so, in what respect.—HAVE agreed to the following SPECIAL REPORT:—

1. We have carefully considered the matters referred to us, and though we are not yet in a position to complete our enquiry, we recommend the following alterations in the scheme put forth in the White Paper (Cd. 7462)

SEPARATION ALLOWANCES

2. We consider that, the lowest rate of Army Separation Allowance (including allotment) being 12s. 6d. a week for the wife, the allowance for the children should be altered to 5s. a week for the first child, 3s. 6d. for the second child, and 2s. a week for the third child.

3. The existing Naval rates of allowance for children should be raised to 4s. for the first child, 3s. for the second, and 2s. for the third child.

4. Motherless children should receive 5s. a week, no allotment being required.

5. These increases should take effect as from the 1st March next.

6. No difference should be made between wives married before or after enlistment.

7. When more than one person is dependent upon one man, the maximum allowance may be increased to the amount which could have been payable if the first dependant had been a wife and the others had been children. The term "Dependants" should include any person who is found as a fact to have been dependent on the sailor or soldier.

8. On the recommendation of your Committee, instructions have been issued to Pension Officers that in estimating the weekly value of the support given to a dependant it is frequently necessary to remember that the absence of one member of a family will increase the household expenditure per individual. In such cases they are to consider what sum within the amount paid to the dependant by the soldier before enlistment would place the dependant in approximately the same condition of comfort as when the soldier was at home. This amount is taken as the extent of the dependence on which allowances are based.

Procedure for the lodging of appeals in these cases will be announced immediately. We hope that these measures will enable a more uniform standard of assessment to be applied.

WIDOWS' PENSIONS

9. We recommend that the scale for the widow in class 3 of the White Paper should be 10s. a week. The rate should be increased to 12s. 6d. a week at the age of 35 years, and to 15s. a week at the age of 40, this provision taking the place of the discretionary increases proposed in paragraph 7 of the White Paper.

10. The pension rates for children (including illegitimate children) should be 3s. a week for the first child, 2s. 6d. a week for the second child, and 2s. a week for subsequent children.

11. Each motherless child should receive a pension of 5s. a week (without reduction if more than three in number).

12. Widows should receive on remarriage a gratuity equal to two years of the Government pension either in a lump sum or in instalments spread over a period as may be decided.

13. Pensions to dependants cannot be settled by fixed rates, but must, to a large extent, be dealt with on the merits of each individual case. We propose that some

10. It is further suggested that a reorganised and strengthened body to be specially created for the purpose should have discretion to award schemes for pension or grants to dependants on the expiration of the 20 weeks allowance from the notification of death. The general aim of such a scheme should be to secure the dependant, at the moment, as far as possible, approximately the benefit which they received from the deceased sailor or soldier during his lifetime, subject to the proviso that the amount awarded shall not in the case of any dependant exceed the amount of a widow's pension.

We reserve for further consideration our recommendations as to the composition of this body.

11. Various schemes have been suggested to us for encouraging the training of soldiers and sailors' widows. We think such schemes well worthy of encouragement.

DISABLEMENT PENSIONS.

12. The rate of pension for total disablement cannot be considered without regard to disablement benefit under the National Health Insurance Act. Your Committee had in mind the grant of a pension of 20s. a week in addition to this benefit, but it has been pointed out to them that all sailors and soldiers would not be entitled to disablement benefit under the Insurance Act. We recommend, therefore, that a pension of 25s. a week should be given by the State, societies and funds under the Insurance Act being relieved of the charge of 5s. a week in respect of such of their members as would receive disablement benefit, but remaining liable for the other benefits due under the Act and for the difference between the 5s. a week of which we propose to relieve them and the sickness benefit, generally 10s. a week given under the Act for the first 9 months of incapacity.

13. The rates for partial disablement should be such proportion of the above rate of 25s. as will, with the wages which the claimant may be deemed to be capable of earning, amount to 25s., but in no case less than 10s. 6d. a week for the loss of a limb or an eye.

14. Temporary allowances should be given in cases of temporary disablement, and appeals may be made against awards in the case of partial disablement after 12 months and at the end of every succeeding 12 months.

15. If a sailor or soldier's earning capacity is totally impaired each of his children should receive during the period of such impairment a weekly allowance of 2s. 6d. In case of partial impairment allowances not exceeding 2s. 6d. a week for each child may be granted.

SUPPLEMENTARY GRANTS.

16. The increase in the Government scales which we propose will in many cases relieve existing voluntary funds. We suggest that the Prince of Wales's Fund and any other local funds should be invited to supplement the Government rates of allowances and pensions where it appears to be desirable to do so, having regard to all the circumstances of the case. The scale on which such supplementary payments should be made and the fixing of a maximum not to be exceeded in any individual case would be a matter for the Committees of the funds concerned, but in order to secure uniformity throughout the country we recommend that the scale of grants should be fixed by the body to which we refer in Paragraph 13, the grants being administered through the Soldiers' and Sailors' Families Association or such other local Committees as the above-mentioned body may think fit.

GRANTS.

17. Case-pension allowances will be uniform throughout in the rates for higher ranks.

18. Payments of allowances and pensions in respect of children should in all cases terminate with the age of 16 years, and may be continued above that upon the recommendation of the Local Education Authority, in the case of apprentices receiving not more than nominal wages or of children being educated at secondary schools, technical schools or universities.

19. All allowances and pensions will as at present be liable to withdrawal on conviction for an offence.

20. We recommend that, whenever it may be possible to employ old sailors and soldiers or their widows in Government service, this should be done, and that in such circumstances their remuneration should be fixed without regard to any pension they may receive.

21. The increased rates which are proposed in the White Paper, and by your Committee should be regarded as applying to cases arising out of the special circumstances of the present war only.

PENSIONS FOR WIDOWS AND DEPENDANTS AND ORPHANS OF OFFICERS.

22. We reserve our recommendations on this head for a further report.

GENERAL COMPARISONS.

Comparison between certain proposals of the White Paper (Cd. 7662) and the recommendations of the Committee.

| | White Paper. | As proposed by the Committee. | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|-----------|---------------------------------|
| <i>Pensions, &c.</i> | | | | |
| Widow without children | 7s. 6d. | 10s., 12s. 6d. at 35; 15s. at 45. | | |
| Widow and one child | 12s. 6d. | 16s. (or more if the mother is over 35). | | |
| Widow and two children | 15s. | 18s. 6d. for more if the mother is over 35. | | |
| Widow and three children | 17s. 6d. | 20s. 6d. (or more if the mother is over 35). | | |
| Widow and four children | 20s. | 22s. 6d. for more if the mother is over 35. | | |
| Motherless children | 5s. each child up to three children then 4s. each. | 5s. each child. | | |
| <i>Disablement.</i> | | | | |
| Total disablement | 17s. (maximum 16s. 6d. if awarded with no children) up to a maximum of 33s. in addition to any payments for disablement benefit under the Insurance Act. | 25s. with an additional allowance of 2s. 6d. for each child. | | |
| Partial disablement | 3s. 6d. to 17s. 6d. | Such amount as with the wages which the man may be deemed to be capable of earning will amount to 25s. a week (in no case less than 10s. 6d. a week for a limb). Discretionary increase not exceeding 2s. 6d. a week for each child. | | |
| <i>Dependant allowances.</i> | | | | |
| | Soldiers (including children). | Sailors. | Soldiers. | Sailors. |
| Wife | 12s. | 6s. | 12s. 6d. | 6s. |
| Wife and one child | 15s. | 8s. | 17s. 6d. | 10s. contingent upon allotment. |
| Wife and two children | 17s. 6d. | 10s. | 21s. | 13s. |
| Wife and three children | 20s. | 11s. | 23s. | 15s. allotment. |
| Wife and four children | 22s. 6d. | 11s. | 25s. | 17s. |
| Motherless children | 3s. 6d. | 3s. | 5s. | 3s. |

PROCEEDINGS OF THE COMMITTEE

Monday, 7th December 1914

Monday, 23rd November 1914

MEMBERS PRESENT

- Mr. Barnes
- Mr. Chamberlain
- Mr. Chancellor of the Exchequer
- Mr. Bonar Law
- Mr. Secretary M'Kenna
- Mr. T. P. O'Connor

Mr. CHANCELLOR OF THE EXCHEQUER was called to the Chair.
 The Committee deliberated.
 [Adjourned till Wednesday, 25th November, at Eleven o'clock]

Wednesday, 25th November 1914

MEMBERS PRESENT

Postponed to Thursday, 26th November, 1914.

Thursday, 26th November 1914

MEMBERS PRESENT

- Mr. Barnes
- Mr. Chamberlain
- Mr. Bonar Law
- Mr. Secretary M'Kenna
- Mr. T. P. O'Connor

Mr. CHANCELLOR OF THE EXCHEQUER in the Chair.
 Question: That strangers be not admitted to the Chamber of the Exchequer, put, and agreed to.
 Sir Charles Harvie, K.C.B., was examined before the Committee in the office.
 [Committee adjourned till Monday, 30th November, 1914]

Monday, 30th November 1914

MEMBERS PRESENT

- Mr. Barnes
- Mr. Chamberlain
- Mr. Bonar Law
- Mr. Secretary M'Kenna
- Mr. T. P. O'Connor

Mr. CHANCELLOR OF THE EXCHEQUER in the Chair.
 Mr. Harvie, K.C.B., Parliamentary Secretary to the Admiralty, was examined.
 [Committee adjourned to Thursday next, at Three o'clock]

Thursday, 3rd December 1914

MEMBERS PRESENT

- Mr. Barnes
- Mr. Chamberlain
- Mr. Bonar Law
- Mr. Secretary M'Kenna
- Mr. T. P. O'Connor

Mr. CHANCELLOR OF THE EXCHEQUER in the Chair.
 Mr. Robert Binslie and Mr. Harry Gosling, L.C.C., were examined.
 [Committee adjourned to Monday next]

MEMBERS PRESENT

- Mr. CHANCELLOR OF THE EXCHEQUER in the Chair
- Mr. Barnes
- Mr. Chamberlain
- Mr. Bonar Law
- Mr. Secretary M'Kenna
- Mr. T. P. O'Connor

Dr. Mark Phillips, Secretary to the National Women's Labour League, was examined.
 [Committee adjourned to Three o'clock on Wednesday next]

Wednesday, 9th December 1914

MEMBERS PRESENT

- Mr. CHANCELLOR OF THE EXCHEQUER in the Chair
- Mr. Barnes
- Mr. Chamberlain
- Mr. Bonar Law
- Mr. Secretary M'Kenna
- Mr. T. P. O'Connor

Sir Arthur J. Tedder, a Commissioner of the Board of Customs, was examined.
 Mr. Collingwood, Pensions Officer at Newport, was examined.
 [Committee adjourned to Wednesday next]

Wednesday, 16th December 1914

MEMBERS PRESENT

- Mr. CHANCELLOR OF THE EXCHEQUER in the Chair
- Mr. Barnes
- Mr. Chamberlain
- Mr. Secretary M'Kenna
- Mr. T. P. O'Connor

Mr. Harrison Berridge, a Councillor for the City of Birmingham, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Birmingham Citizens' Committee, and Miss M. Jessie M. Mason, Warden of the Birmingham Women's Settlement, Member of the Executive Committee and the Birmingham Citizen's Committee, Secretary of the Women's Work Sub-Committee, were examined.
 [Committee adjourned to Wednesday, 23rd January, 1915]
 [Further adjourned to Monday, 11th January, 1915]

Monday, 14th January 1915

MEMBERS PRESENT

- Mr. CHANCELLOR OF THE EXCHEQUER in the Chair
- Mr. Barnes
- Mr. Bonar Law
- Mr. Secretary M'Kenna
- Mr. T. P. O'Connor

Mr. Rayner, Lord Mayor of Liverpool, and Miss Baskin, were examined.
 [Committee adjourned till tomorrow]

Tuesday, 15th January 1915

MEMBERS PRESENT

- Mr. CHANCELLOR OF THE EXCHEQUER in the Chair
- Mr. Barnes
- Mr. Bonar Law
- Mr. Secretary M'Kenna
- Mr. T. P. O'Connor

Alderman Edward Hope (ex-Lord Mayor of Manchester) was examined.
 [Committee adjourned till tomorrow]

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SELECT COMMITTEE ON

Wednesday, 13th January 1915.

MEMBERS PRESENT

Mr. BONAR LAW in the Chair.

Mr. Barnes.
 Mr. Austen Chamberlain.
 Mr. Secretary M'Keena.
 Mr. T. P. O'Connor.

Captain *George Wickham Legg*, M.Y.O., Secretary to the Soldiers' and Sailors' Families Association, was examined.

[Committee adjourned to tomorrow.]

Thursday, 14th January 1915.

MEMBERS PRESENT

Mr. CHANCELLOR OF THE EXCHEQUER in the Chair.

Mr. Barnes.
 Mr. Bonar Law.
 Mr. Chamberlain.
 Mr. Secretary M'Keena.
 Mr. T. P. O'Connor.

Mr. *Seaborn Rowntree* (member of the firm of Messrs. Rowntree & Co. Cocoa Manufacturers York) was examined.

Mr. BONAR LAW in the Chair.

Mrs. *Racham* and Mrs. *Swanwick*, members of the National Union of Women's Suffrage Societies, were examined.

[Committee adjourned to Monday next.]

Monday, 18th January 1915.

MEMBERS PRESENT

Mr. CHANCELLOR OF THE EXCHEQUER in the Chair.

Mr. Barnes.
 Mr. Bonar Law.
 Mr. Chamberlain.
 Mr. Secretary M'Keena.
 Mr. T. P. O'Connor.

The Right Honourable *William Hayes Fisher*, M.P., Vice-Chairman of the Royal Patriotic Fund, was examined.

Sir *Charles Cratchley*, K.C.V.O., Lieut. Governor and Secretary of the Royal Hospital, Chelsea, was examined.

[Committee adjourned to Thursday next.]

Thursday 21st January 1915.

MEMBERS PRESENT

Mr. BONAR LAW in the Chair.

Mr. Barnes.
 Mr. Chamberlain.
 Mr. Secretary M'Keena.
 Mr. T. P. O'Connor.

Mrs. *Stables* was examined.

Mr. *Stables* was examined.

Mr. *Percy Corkhill*, of Liverpool, was examined.

[Committee adjourned to Monday next.]

Wednesday, 13th January 1915.

MEMBERS PRESENT.

Mr. BOYAR LAW in the Chair.

Mr. Barnes,
Mr. Austen Chamberlain.

Mr. Secretary M'Kenna,
Mr. T. P. O'Connor.

Captain George Waldham Legg, M.V.O., Secretary to the Soldiers' and Sailors' Families Association, was examined.

[Committee adjourned to To-morrow.]

Thursday, 14th January 1915.

MEMBERS PRESENT:

Mr. CHANCELLOR OF THE EXCHEQUER in the Chair.

Mr. Barnes,
Mr. Bonsor Law,
Mr. Chamberlain.

Mr. Secretary M'Kenna,
Mr. T. P. O'Connor.

Mr. Scoble, in Rebutree (member of the firm of Messrs. Rowntree & Co., Cocoa Manufacturers, York) was examined.

Mr. BOYAR LAW in the Chair.

Mrs. Racham and Mrs. Sussawick, members of the National Union of Women's Suffrage Societies, were examined.

[Committee adjourned to Monday next.]

Monday, 18th January 1915.

MEMBERS PRESENT.

Mr. CHANCELLOR OF THE EXCHEQUER in the Chair.

Mr. Barnes,
Mr. Bonsor Law,
Mr. Chamberlain.

Mr. Secretary M'Kenna,
Mr. T. P. O'Connor.

The Right Honourable William Hays Fisher, M.P., Vice-Chairman of the Royal Falmouth Fund, was examined.

Sir Charles Lushington, M.V.O., Lieut. Governor and Secretary of the Royal Hospital, Chelsea, was examined.

[Committee adjourned to Thursday next.]

Thursday, 21st January 1915.

MEMBERS PRESENT:

Mr. Barnes,
Mr. Chamberlain.

Mr. Secretary M'Kenna,
Mr. T. P. O'Connor.

Mrs. Scoble was examined.

Mr. Scoble was examined.

Mr. Percy Curkhill, of Liverpool, was examined.

[Committee adjourned to Monday next.]

Monday, 25th January 1915.

MEMBERS PRESENT:

Mr. CHANCELLOR OF THE EXCHEQUER in the Chair.

Mr. Barnes,
Mr. Chamberlain,
Mr. Bonsor Law.

Mr. Secretary M'Kenna,
Mr. T. P. O'Connor.

The Committee deliberated.

[The Committee adjourned to To-morrow.]

Tuesday, 26th January 1915.

MEMBERS PRESENT:

Mr. CHANCELLOR OF THE EXCHEQUER in the Chair.

Mr. Barnes,
Mr. Chamberlain,
Mr. Bonsor Law.

Mr. Secretary M'Kenna,
Mr. T. P. O'Connor.

The Committee deliberated.

[The Committee adjourned to Thursday next.]

Thursday, 28th January 1915.

MEMBERS PRESENT:

Mr. CHANCELLOR OF THE EXCHEQUER in the Chair.

Mr. Barnes,
Mr. Chamberlain,
Mr. Bonsor Law.

Mr. Secretary M'Kenna,
Mr. T. P. O'Connor.

The Committee deliberated.

Mr. BOYAR LAW in the Chair.

[The Committee adjourned to To-morrow.]

Friday, 29th January 1915.

MEMBERS PRESENT:

Mr. CHANCELLOR OF THE EXCHEQUER in the Chair.

Mr. Barnes,
Mr. Chamberlain,
Mr. Bonsor Law.

Mr. Secretary M'Kenna,
Mr. T. P. O'Connor.

The Committee deliberated.

[The Committee adjourned to Monday next.]

Monday, 1st February 1915.

MEMBERS PRESENT:

Mr. BOYAR LAW in the Chair.

Mr. Barnes,
Mr. Chamberlain.

Mr. Secretary M'Kenna,
Mr. T. P. O'Connor.

DRAFT REPORT, proposed by the Chairman, brought up and read the first time, as follows:—

The Select Committee approved to consider a scheme of PENSIONS AND GRANTS to WIDOWS AND MEN IN CIVIL SERVICE AND MILITARY SERVICES disabled by wounds or disease arising out of the present war, and to the widows, orphans and dependants of officers and men who have lost their lives and whether the existing scheme of Separation Allowances to the children and dependants should be amended, and if so in what respects. They report to the following effect:—

We have carefully considered the matters referred to us, and though we are not yet in a position to continue our enquiry, we recommend the following alterations in the scheme set forward in the White Paper (4417602):—

SEPARATION ALLOWANCES

2. We consider that the lowest rate of Army Separation Allowances (including allotment) being 12s. 6d. a week for the wife, the allowance for the children should be altered to 6s. a week for the first child, 3s. 6d. for the second child, and 2s. a week for the third child.

3. The existing Naval rates of allowance for children should be raised to 4d. for the first child, 3s. for the second, and 2s. for the third child.

4. Motherless children should receive 3s. a week, no allotment being required.

5. These increases should take effect as from the 1st March next.

6. No difference should be made between wives married before or after enlistment.

7. When more than one person is dependent upon one man, the maximum allowance may be increased to the amount which would have been payable if the first dependant had been a wife and the others had been children. The term "dependants" should include any person who is found as a man to have been dependent on the sailor or soldier.

8. On the recommendation of your Committee instructions have been issued to Pension Officers that in estimating the new value of the support given to a dependant, it is frequently necessary to consider that the absence of one member of a family will increase the household expenditure per individual. In such cases they are to consider what sum within the amount paid to the dependant by the soldier before enlistment would, had the dependant in approximately the same circumstances, been taken to the soldier's home. This amount is taken as the extent of the dependant's needs, and allowances are based thereon.

Provision for the funding of appeals in these cases will be announced immediately.

We hope that these measures will enable a more uniform standard of assessment to be applied.

WIDOWS' PENSIONS

9. We recommend that the scale for the widow in class 5 of the White Paper should be 10s. a week. The rate should be increased to 7s. 6d. a week at the age of 35 years and 12s. a week at the age of 45, this provision taking the place of the discretionary increases proposed in paragraph 7 of the White Paper.

10. The pension rates for children (including illegitimate children) should be 6s. a week for the first child, 3s. 6d. a week for the second child, and 2s. a week for subsequent children.

11. Each motherless child should receive a pension of 3s. a week (with the restriction if more than three in number).

12. Widows should receive on remarriage a gratuity equal to two years of the Government pension either in a lump sum or in instalments spread over a period as may be decided.

13. Pensions to dependants cannot be settled by fixed rules, but must, to a large extent, be dealt with on the merits of each individual case. We propose that some body, either an existing organisation reorganised and strengthened, or a new body to be specially created for the purpose, should have discretion to frame schemes for pensions or grants to dependants on the expiration of the 20 weeks' allowance from the notification of death. The general aim of such a scheme should be to secure to the dependant, so far as may be possible, approximately the benefit which they received from the deceased sailor or soldier during his lifetime, subject to the proviso that the amount awarded shall not be in the case of any dependant exceed the amount of a widow's pension.

We reserve for further consideration our recommendations as to the composition of this body.

14. Various schemes have been suggested to us for encouraging the training of soldiers and sailors' widows. We think such schemes well worthy of encouragement.

TEMPORARY PENSIONS

15. The rate of pension for total disablement should be such amount without regard to disability pension as the Government Health Insurance Act provides for total disability, and in mind the grant of pension of 25s. a week for total disability, and 10s. a week for partial disability, and in mind the grant of rates and soldier's gratuity, would not be confined to a dependent benefit under the Insurance Act. Temporary pensions that are payable at a weekly rate should be given by the State, counties and municipalities, and should not be being assigned of the charge of 5s. a week in respect of each of their dependants as would county and municipal grants, but remaining in the hands of the other persons under the Act and not the dependant, towards the 5s. a week of which we propose to relieve them and the widows' benefit generally 5s. a week given under the Act for the first six months of incapacity.

16. The rates for partial disablement should be such proportion of the above rate of 25s. as will, with the wages which the claimant may be deemed to be capable of earning amount to 25s. a week, but not less than 10s. a week for the loss of a limb or an eye.

17. Temporary allowances should be given in cases of temporary disablement, and appeals may be made to the award in the case of partial disablement after 12 months and at the end of every succeeding 12 months.

18. If a sailor or soldier's earning capacity is totally impaired, each of his children should receive during the period of such impairment a weekly allowance of 2s. 6d. In case of partial impairment, allowances not exceeding 2s. 6d. a week for each child may be granted.

SUPPLEMENTARY GRANTS

19. The increase in the Government scales which we propose will in many cases relieve existing local funds. We suggest that the Prince of Wales's Fund and any other local funds should be invited to supplement the Government rates of allowances and pensions where it appears to be desirable to do so, having regard to all the circumstances of the case. The scale on which such supplementary payments should be made, and the fixing of a maximum not to be exceeded in any particular case, would be a matter for the Committees of the funds concerned, but in order to secure uniformity throughout the country, we recommend that the scale of grants should be fixed by the body to which we refer in Paragraph 14, the grants being administered through the Sailors' and Sailors' Families Association or such other local committees as the above-mentioned body may think fit.

GENERAL

20. Consequential alterations will be required throughout in the rates for higher rates.

21. Payments of allowances and pensions in respect of children should in all cases continue until the age of 16 years, and may be continued above that age on the recommendation of the local Education Authorities in the case of apprentices receiving not more than nominal wages or children being employed at secondary schools, technical schools or universities.

22. All allowances and pensions will as at present be liable to withdrawal on conviction for an offence.

23. We recommend that, wherever it may be possible to employ old sailors or soldiers of their own in Government service, this should be done, and that in such circumstances their remuneration should be fixed without regard to any specialities they may possess.

24. The increased rates which are proposed in the White Paper and by the Committee should be applied to widows in cases arising out of the special circumstances of the present war only.

PROVISION FOR WIDOWS AND DEPENDANTS OF OFFICERS

25. We reserve our recommendations on this head for a further report.

Question. That the Draft Report proposed by the Chairman be now read a second time, paragraph by paragraph—(Mr. Barriss).

Paragraph 1, agreed to.

Paragraph 2, amendment proposed in line 1 after the word "that" to insert the words "one and should be paid to the wife as separation allowance"—(Mr. Barriss).

Question. That those words be there inserted—(Mr. Barriss).

Paragraph 3, agreed to.

Paragraph 4, amendment proposed in line 2 after the word "to" to leave out the words "the" and "ings" in order to insert the words "one pound" instead thereof.—(Mr. Barriss).

xii PROCEEDINGS OF THE SELECT COMMITTEE ON NAVAL AND MILITARY SERVICES, ETC.

Question, That the words proposed to be left out stand part.—put, and agreed to.

Paragraphs 10-25 agreed to.

Question, That the Special Report be the Special Report of the Committee to the House.—put, and agreed to.

Ordered to Report together with the Minutes of Evidence and an Appendix.
Committee adjourned.

W.O. 1054 / Africa
Nyasaland Post

1837

Jan 4 1915

Madam

In continuation of the
letter from this Dept. of the
14th of Dec^r. I am etc to
inform you that he has
approved of your being grant-
ed provisionally a pension
of 10/- a week, with an
auxiliary allowance of 2/-
a week for each son under
the age of 18 and each
daughter under the age of
21, pending a final decision
with regard to a ~~single~~
scale of pensions for the
Volunteer forces in E.A.

(100/1054)

DRAFT

Mr. Banger

MINUTE.

- Mr. Dromie 18/15
- Mr. Robinson 13/15
- Mr. Reid 13
- Mr. ...
- Mr. G. ...
- Mr. H. ...
- Mr. ...
- Mr. ...
- Mr. Harcourt

[Handwritten signature]

[Handwritten signature]

Revised dt.
see further minutes
p. 51054

[Handwritten note: E3 444 201 document in file of 100/1054]

[Handwritten note: Copy to 9117 100/1054]

I am to explain that the general question of the pension and allowance in the special circumstances of the present case is becoming a subject of concern and that the matter cannot be settled so

quickly as I had hoped a general decision has been reached at a higher level in accordance with existing regulations, but of course it is not possible to say that the matter should eventually

be settled and you will be able to obtain the benefit of it yet respectfully

I am to request you to fill up and return the enclosed form of particulars if the necessary conditions are fulfilled in your case. The Act of 1904 provides for the

authorized to pay you the pension and allowance with effect from the date of your husband's death 167

Secretary of State

Genl. Assing
J. Jackson

(1) ^{unvouched} Loan of 17 Nov. No 362

(2) ^{unvouched} Loan of 7 Nov. No 223

(3) ^{unvouched} volunteers pensions ^{unvouched} Application

(4) ^{unvouched} Royal Warrant for Pay 1915

^{unvouched} approved provisionally

^{unvouched} pending decision of ^{unvouched} these terms

^{unvouched} by Select Com. of House of C.

^{unvouched} Officials to be treated

^{unvouched} separately ^{unvouched} if you agree

^{unvouched} with ^{unvouched} unvouched

^{unvouched} that all ^{unvouched} unvouched

^{unvouched} should be treated ^{unvouched} unvouched

^{unvouched} Class 2 ^{unvouched} unvouched

^{unvouched} unvouched ^{unvouched} unvouched

^{unvouched} unvouched ^{unvouched} unvouched

^{unvouched} unvouched ^{unvouched} unvouched

DRAFT Telegram
Swain Mainde
Swain Zombayaland

MINUTE:

Mr. Osomi 13/16

Mr. Billmanley 13/15

Mr. Reed 13

Mr.

Mr. G. P. P. P.

Sir H. J. J.

Mr. J. J. J.

Lord J. J. J.

Mr. H. H. H.

Handwritten signature

Handwritten word

Handwritten scribble

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