

1933.

Kenya

No. 3095.

SUBJECT

C0533/433

Anglo-Italian Jubaland Boundary

Previous

11008/32.

Subsequent

See 3283/33

38190/35.

Foreign Office 17 Feb. 33
States that it will be possible to proceed with the
final exchange of notes with the Italian Ambassador, after 5 days
and for approval draft note.

The draft contains no alterations
of substance as compared with
that enclosed with 23 in 18008/32
in the terms of which we proposed
concurance at 30 in that file.

? Inform F.O. of concurrence
in the enclosed draft and send
a copy ~~of~~ last note and of
the reply to former telegram
reference 47 in p.p.

(A copy of file 4230 should
be included on these papers)

H.S. Commissioner
24/2/33

G. Austin
L.M.

There is one thing odd in it. In para 3 line 3 it
refers to recommendations "Signed at Collio, Isidro
and Kisimayo." Now 47 in 18008/32 said Isidro
was the place and not Collio. Also Kisimayo is
neither fish, flesh, fowl, or red herring. In the agreement
the English spelling is KISIMAYO the Italian CHISIMAO.
One or other should be adopted.

May I add that the two agreements signed at both
Collio and Isidro.

Can this point up with F.O. and officially agree upon

2 To G. Wallinger (F.O.) bms. no 4/3/33

✓ 3. Foreign Office. (s.o.) 13th March.

Agrees that the word "Kismayu" shd. be used throughout instead of "Kisimayo" and that the ref. to
in the draft note shd. be omitted.
~~DESTROYED UNDER DRAFT~~

I have issued the S.P. to Date 3
Sgd. 5.4.33

I submit a draft

H.S. Prinsmar
15/3/33

4 To F.O. (1 and) — 20/3/33

House of Commons question by Lord Apsley for oral
reply 29th March. 33.

(No. 1 on P.G. file.)

5 Gov. Tel. No. 69 say. 3.4.33
request material for reply to question in
leg. Q. asking for statement as to
conversations between T.M. & Sirs. Muriuki
so far as such conversations affect Kenya

See annexed copy. with 10 Downing St.
& F.O. It may be taken for granted that
Lord Apsley question & the reply have reached
Nairobi via Robt. Rutherford.

Dh.

Rutherford

It is still possible for the Prime Minister to talk to the
Duke without mentioning Kenya - change as he finds may be

6 Tel no 93 to Gov. Kya (no 5 and) - 5 April 1933

I have sent a copy of the
to this nation.

On Clipp

Patty
Rutherford
7/6/33

Parliamentary Question by Lord Apsley
Court
No. 2 on P.G. file.

7. Foreign Office 28th April 33.
trans. copy of note to the Italian Ambassador enclosing a
draft note enquiring whether Italian Govt will be prepared
to give effect to decisions regarding the boundary by an
exchange of notes.

It is a little late now to take the
action proposed my minute 2-24/2.

I submit a draft.

H.S. Prinsmar

15/3/33

Rutherford
2/5/33

8 To Gov. Compt (1/3/33 1A - copy) 4 May 1933
47 in 18008/32 Conserved

9 Foreign Office 21 July 33
Trans. a copy of a note from Italian Ambassador stating
Italian Govt oppose in principle draft note, but suggesting
a draft of para. 3. Proposes to inform Italian Ambassador
that suggested modifications are incorporated.

The Italian Government do not want the
text of the Papale Glenday letters to appear in the
exchange of notes for the formal confirmation
of the Agreement of 17th December, 1929.

F.O. agree that no harm will be done by
leaving them out, having regard to the inclusion
in the draft note of the agreed interpretation
of the recommendations contained in the letters.

(Para. 3 - (1) - (2) of the draft note)

I have attached a slip to the draft
note to show the revised wording suggested by
the Italian Government and by the F.O.

Send copy of (9) and enclosures, to
O.A.G. Conf., ref.(8) and say that, subject to
any observations he may have to make the S. of S.
is disposed to agree with the S. of S. for Foreign
Affairs in this matter. Copy despatch to F.O.,
L.F.

At present
31.7.33

I think we can agree without awaiting
Kenya.

concur
copy copy O.A.G. L.F. ref. 8.

Bowring

Yes we can accept this. It makes 1/8.

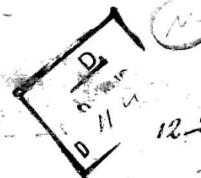
no real difference.

J.S.C. 7/2

1/8 above

10 To F.O. (No answer). 7 AUG 1933

11 To Kenya Govt (w/c 9+10) 9, 12 AUG 1933



12 Foreign Office 16 August 33.

Trans. a copy of a note to Italian Ambassador stating
S.M. Govt. concur subject to certain minor modifications in
suggested draft British note.

Patty
CA Government
27/8/33
at once

F.O. informed today to say that they had had
an entirely satisfactory reply from the Italian
raising no new points, so that the exchange
of notes was timed for 3 p.m. tomorrow.
I concur. They will send no copy to us
as soon as it is ready. Patty

22/8/33

13 Foreign Office 17 Dec 33.

Trans. copies of notes exchanged with Italian Ambassador
constituting an agreement for the demarcation & maintenance
of the Kenya & Italian Somaliland boundary.

Copy to Gov. Kenya in short Conf. dup. ref. 11

Copy dup. to F.O. L.F.

Bowring
5/12

J.S.C. 7/2
9/12
11/12
5/12

~~DESTROYED UNDER STATUTE~~

Kenya, Conf (w/c 13)

15 DEC 1933

15 To F.O. (w/c 14) Mta

16/12/33

Mr. Law

see para 2 of 13

see para 2 of 13

To Secretary 3rd Inf.

22 Dec 33

~~DESTROYED UNDER STATUTE~~ Requests that two copies of Cmd. no 230 may be

substituted. (Copy no 1A)

? Library to supply
Send within 3 PM

Januarv 1st

16/1

Library

Please

Breath

16/1

Copies sent by Library L.F.

Colt

Library

18/1/34

(W)

1st copy of Cmd. no 230

? Send 6 copies to Gov. Kenya L.F.

7/1/34

22nd Dec

done

18 To Kenya, Conf (2) — 1/1

(w/o copies 17)

(W)

5 Feb

6

Registrar, C Registry.

Copy herewith of Treaty series

No. 1 of 1934.

(18) sent to you for filing and circulation to the General Division, or for registration if necessary, in accordance with Mr. Williams' minute of the 6th July, 1928.

W. H. Hunter
Librarian

29th January 1934.

6 copies made to [unclear]

D 21491 - 250 E I

ITALY

Science News (4934)

—
—

Digitized by srujanika@gmail.com

—
—

REFERENCES

Digitized by Google

Frontiers of Land

www.industry.com

—Annotated Map

Wednesday, October 15, 1935

—
—

—
—
—

1996-1997
Yearbook



Treaty Series No. 1 (1934)

Exchange of Notes

between His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom
and the Italian Government

regarding the

Boundary between Kenya and Italian Somaliland

with the Agreement of the Boundary Commission,
Appendices and Map.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 22, 1933

*Presented by the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs
to Parliament by Command of His Majesty*

LONDON

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY HIS MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE

To be purchased directly from H.M. STATIONERY OFFICE at the following addresses
Admiral House, Kingsway, London, W.C.2; 120, George Street, Edinburgh 2
York Street, Manchester 1; 1, St. Andrew's Crescent, Cardiff
80, Chichester Street, Belfast
or through any Bookseller

1934

Price 1s. 3d. Net

Cmd. 4491

EXCHANGE OF NOTES BETWEEN HIS MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT IN THE UNITED KINGDOM AND THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT REGARDING THE BOUNDARY BETWEEN KENYA AND ITALIAN SOMALILAND, WITH THE AGREEMENT OF THE BOUNDARY COMMISSION, APPENDICES AND MAP.

London, November 22, 1938.

No. 1.

Sir John Simon to M. Grandi,

Foreign Office, London.

Your Excellency,

November 22, 1938.

I HAVE the honour to inform your Excellency that His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland desire to proceed by means of an exchange of notes to the formal confirmation of the Agreement signed at Florence on the 17th December, 1927, recording the decisions of the Commission appointed under Article 12 of the Anglo-Italian Boundary Treaty signed at London on the 15th July, 1924,(1) for the demarcation of the boundary between the Colony and Protectorate of Kenya and Italian Somaliland.

2. Printed copies of the Agreement as signed, together with the appendices and corrigenda and addenda thereto and the original signed map(*) mentioned therein, are enclosed herewith, and I have the honour to request that you will inform me whether the Italian Government are willing to confirm the said Agreement. In that event, I have the honour to propose that the date of this note shall be regarded as the date of confirmation of the Agreement for the purpose of Article 8 (c) thereof.

3. As regards the adoption of measures for the maintenance of a permanent line of boundary demarcation and the reconstruction of the beacons on the frontier between the Colony and Protectorate of Kenya and Italian Somaliland, I have the honour to inform you that His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom accept, in the following terms, the recommendations which were agreed upon by the representatives of the Kenya and Jubaland Governments at Isiolo and Kisimayu on the 27th August, 1930:—

(1) Such of the twenty-nine principal beacons placed by the Anglo-Italian Jubaland Boundary Commission and indicated on the coloured map attached to the Agreement of the 17th December, 1927, as are not in good condition shall be reconstructed on their existing sites in iron planted on a base of cement.

(1) "Treaty Series No. 29 (1925)," Cmd. 2427.

(*) Original map not reproduced. A map illustrating the boundary is annexed.

(2) Between the principal beacons a straight track 3 m. in width shall be constructed and cleared of tree stumps and overhanging vegetation. This track will pass round the bases of the principal beacons so as to permit of the free passage of a lorry without it being driven over the beacon.

(3) The above arrangements will be undertaken under the supervision of two topographical experts, one Italian and one British, who will trace out on the ground the alignment of the track on the basis of the delineation already fixed by the Mixed Anglo-Italian Commission.

(4) The expenses incurred in connexion with the carrying out of the above arrangements will be shared equally by the two local Governments concerned.

(5) After the boundary has been repaired in accordance with the above-mentioned arrangements, the future maintenance of the track and of the principal beacons will be undertaken as follows: The Government of Kenya will undertake at their expense the maintenance of the track and principal beacons from beacon No. 1 (Malca Rie) to beacon No. 16 (excluding the beacon). The Government of Italian Somaliland will undertake at their expense the maintenance of the track and principal beacons from beacon No. 15 (inclusive) to beacon No. 29 (Taraq Salsam).

(6) Two years from the date of the completion of the repair of the boundary, and thereafter biennially, the Government of Kenya and the Government of Italian Somaliland will each appoint a representative who will conduct a joint inspection of the boundary and submit a joint report on its condition to each of the above-mentioned Governments. Each Government will be responsible for the payment of the expenses incurred in this connexion by their own representatives.

(7) All boundary beacons are under the joint protection of the British and Italian Governments.

(8) Should it be subsequently necessary to mark the boundary more exactly by further beacons, each Government shall send a representative for the construction of the intermediate beacons; the position of these intermediate beacons shall be regulated by the course of the boundary marked on the map annexed to the Agreement.

4. If the Italian Government concur in the terms of the foregoing clauses, I have the honour to suggest that this note, with the printed copy of the Agreement and the original map hereunto annexed, together with your Excellency's reply in similar terms, shall be regarded as constituting with effect from the date of this note, a definitive agreement between the two Governments in regard to the demarcation and maintenance of the boundary.

I have, &c.

JOHN SIMON.

Agreement in which are recorded the decisions of the Commission appointed under Article 12 of the Treaty between His Britannic Majesty and His Majesty the King of Italy signed at London on July 15, 1924,^(*) regulating certain questions concerning the boundaries of their respective territories in East Africa.

1. THE Commission found that immediately up-stream from Malca Rie the Uebi Daus runs due East, and therefore does not form a small southerly bend as mentioned in Article 1 of the Treaty.

A point about 450 metres upstream from Malca Rie was agreed upon as the northern terminal of the boundary.

2. The pivotal point of the boundary at the pool of Damasa was so chosen by the Commission that equal watering facilities should be afforded to both parties in the deepest portion of the depression without transgression of the boundary by either party.

3. In accordance with the power conferred by Article 1 of the Treaty, the Commission decided that, as there were elements of doubt as to the sufficiency of water for the maintenance of an Italian frontier post at El Berù Hagia in a very dry season and as to the security of the said well against collapse, the well of El Sciana should be included in Italian territory.

To allow access to El Sciana on all sides, the Commission also decided to adopt for the boundary the meridian passing about

Accordo nei quali sono riportate le decisioni della Commissione di cui all'Art. 12 della Convenzione fra Sua Maestà il Re d'Italia e Sua Maestà Britannica, firmata a Londra il 15 Luglio 1924 e regolente alcune questioni relative al confine fra i loro rispettivi territori nell'Africa Orientale.

1. La Commissione constatò che, immediatamente a monte di Malca Rie, l'Uebi Daus corre diretto verso Est, la cui curva meridionale perciò la piccola curva meridionale menzionata nell'Art. 1 della Convenzione.

Venne concordato come limite settentrionale del confine un punto a circa 450 metri a monte di Malca Rie.

2. La Commissione fissò il vertice del confine allo stagno di Damasa in modo che uguale disponibilità d'acqua fosse accordata ad ambo i parti nella zone più profonda della depressione, senza peraltra che ciò potesse implicare violazione della frontiera né da una parte né dall'altra.

3. La Commissione, in conformità dei poteri conferitile dall'Art. 1 della Convenzione, decise che, essendovi elementi di dubbio circa la sufficienza dell'acqua per il mantenimento di un posto di frontiera a El Berù Hagia durante una stagione molto asciutta, e circa la sicurezza del detto pozzo in caso di frane, il pozzo di El Sciana debba essere incluso nel territorio Italiano.

Allo scopo di permettere l'accesso ad El Sciana da ogni lato, la Commissione decise di adottare come confine il meri-

diano che passa a circa 300 metri ad ovest del pozzo suddetto.

4. La Commissione took note of the communications of the 16th and 26th June, 1925, between His Britannic Majesty's Ambassador at Rome and the Head of the Government and Ministry of Foreign Affairs of His Majesty the King of Italy, in which the following formula was substituted for the definition given in the Treaty of the southern portion of the boundary:-

"Having regard to the fact that Ras Kiambone (Dick's Head) and the four small islands, which are in its immediate vicinity, form part of the territory to be transferred to Italy, it is understood that, upon reaching the meridian east of Greenwich which leaves in Italian territory the well of El Berù (or such other meridian east of Greenwich as may be recommended by the Commissioners in accordance with paragraph 3 of Article 1 of the Treaty), the boundary shall follow such meridian southwards to the point of intersection of such meridian with the parallel of South Latitude 0°50' ; thence proceeding in a south-easterly direction to a point situated about six kilometres north of the point on the coast due west of the southernmost of the four islets in the immediate vicinity of Ras Kiambone (Dick's Head); thence due southwards to such point on the coast. The coast shall be defined as the line of mean sea level ordinary spring tides."

The Commission declares that the general terms of this formula, since amended in accordance with

5
diano che passa a circa 300 metri ad ovest del pozzo suddetto.

4. La Commissione tenne presenti le note del 16 e 26 giugno 1925 scambiate fra l' Ambasciatore di Sua Maestà Britannica in Roma ed il Capo del Governo e Ministro degli Affari Esteri di Sua Maestà il Re d'Italia, nella quali la definizione, data nella Convenzione, della parte sud del confine era sostituita dalla seguente formula:

"In considerazione del fatto che Ras Chiambone (Capo Dik) ed i quattro isolotti che sono nelle sue immediate vicinanze formano parte del territorio da cedersi all'Italia, resta inteso che dopo raggiunto il meridiano est di Greenwich che lascia in territorio Italiano il pozzo di El Berù (od ogni altro meridiano est di Greenwich che potrà essere preso in considerazione dai Commissari confermamente al disposto del paragrafo 3 dell'art. 1 del trattato), il confine seguirà tale meridiano verso sud fino al punto d'intersezione del meridiano stesso col parallelo 0°50' di latitudine sud procedendo quindi in direzione sud-est fino ad un punto situato circa a 6 chilometri a nord del punto sulla costa direttamente ad ovest della più meridionale delle quattro isolette nella immediata vicinanza di Ras Chiambone (Capo Dik) e quindi direttamente verso sud fino a tal punto sulla costa. La costa sarà definita secondo la linea del medio livello del mare nelle ordinarie maree primaverili."

La Commissione dichiara che i termini generali di questa formula, migliorati per effetto

(*) "Treaty Series No. 29 (1925)," Cmd. 2427.

the decisions recorded in paragraphs 5, 6 and 7 of this Agreement, have been embodied in Appendix I, Description of the Boundary.

5. Ras Chiamboni is a headland about 200 metres in breadth and about 600 metres in length, with its length parallel to the coast. It consists of a series of small coral eminences. The highest of these is approximately central.

Having been empowered to do so by the two Governments, the Commission decided that the summit of this highest eminence should be accepted as the terminal point of the directional line for the boundary towards the interior.

6. Article 1 of the Treaty states that there are 4 islets in the immediate vicinity of Ras Chiamboni.

The Commission found that there are actually 6 islets.

One of these is a prolongation of Ras Chiamboni to the north.

The other 5 form a group about 2 kilometres south-west from the control point of Ras Chiamboni, and are known collectively as Diua Damasciaca.

The most southerly islet of this group is little more than an almost circular coral rock about 50 metres in diameter.

The Commission, having been empowered to do so by the two Governments, decided that the parallel of latitude tangential to the southern extremity of this

delle decisioni elate nei paragrafi 5, 6 e 7 di questo Accordo, sono stati incisi nell'Appendice I, Descrizione del Confine.

5. Ras Chiamboni è un promontorio di circa 200 metri di larghezza e 600 metri di lunghezza, parallelo alla costa nel senso della sua lunghezza. Esso consta di una serie di piccole elevazioni coralline, delle quali la più alta è approssimativamente centrale.

La Commissione, avendone ricevuto i poteri dai due Governi, decise che la sommità di questa maggiore elevazione debba essere riconosciuta come punto estremo della linea di direzione del confine verso l'interno.

6. L'Art. 1 della Convenzione dice che nella immediata vicinanza di Ras Chiamboni vi sono quattro isolotti.

La Commissione ha invece constatato l'esistenza di 6 isolotti.

Una di queste è il prolungamento di Ras Chiamboni verso nord.

Le altre cinque formano un gruppo a circa due chilometri a sud-ovest dal punto di controllo di Ras Chiamboni e sono conosciute tutte sotto l'unico nome di Diua Damasciaca.

L'isolotto più meridionale di questo gruppo è poco più grande di uno scoglio corallino di forma pressoché circolare con un diametro di circa 50 metri.

La Commissione, avendone ricevuto i poteri dai due Governi, decise che il parallelo tangenziale alla estremità meridionale di quest'ultima isolotto debba

latter inlet should define the position of the point at which the boundary reaches the coast.

7. Having been empowered to do so by the two Governments, the Commission decided that the short portion of the boundary defined in the Treaty by a meridian of longitude in the region of Ras Chiamboni should be moved parallel to itself in a westerly direction so that its southern terminal point should be 15 metres inland from high water mark and on the parallel of latitude mentioned in paragraph 6; the coastal waters being very shallow and high water mark being defined by the crumpling edge of a sand terrace.

This locality is known as Dar es Salam.

8. As regards the 3rd paragraph of Article 6 of the Treaty (4th paragraph of the Italian text), the Commission decided that:

(a) in genuine cases of Somalis separated from their families, the right of option should be recognized for not more than 500 (five hundred) persons, exclusive of children under 10 years of age, with or without stock;

(b) the exercise of this right should be under the administrative control of the Italian authorities, who will authorize the transfer, after evidence has been collected from the British authorities, and after registration of the individuals by the said British and Italian authorities;

(c) this right should be exercised within one year from the

definire la posizione del punto in cui il confine arriva alla costa.

7. La Commissione, avendone ricevuto i poteri dai due Governi, decise che il piccolo tratto del confine nella regione di Ras Chiamboni, che è definito nella Convenzione da un meridiano, dovesse essere spostato parallelamente a sé stesso, in direzione occidentale e in modo che il suo punto estremo meridionale venisse a trovarsi a 15 metri verso l'interno dal punto di livello dell'alta marea e sul parallelo di latitudine menzionato nel paragrafo 6; e ciò perché le acque sulla costa sono poco profonde ed il livello dell'alta marea è definito dall'orlo frangibile di un terrazzo di sabbia.

La località è conosciuta col nome di Dar es Salam.

8. In rapporto al 4^o comma dell'Art. 6 della Convenzione (8^a comma del testo Britannico), la Commissione decise:

(a) che, nei casi effettivi di Somali separati dalle loro famiglie con o senza bestiame, viene riconosciuto il diritto di opzione per 500 (cinquecento) persone al massimo, esclusi i fanciulli di età inferiore a dieci anni;

(b) che l'esercizio di questo diritto sarà sotto il controllo amministrativo delle Autorità Italiane, le quali autorizzeranno il trasferimento, previe informazioni assunte anche presso le Autorità Britanniche, ed in seguito alla registrazione degli individui da parte delle dette Autorità Italiane e Britanniche;

(c) che il diritto stesso sarà esercitato entro un anno dalla

date of the confirmation of this Agreement by His Britannic Majesty's Government in Great Britain and the Government of His Majesty the King of Italy.

9. As regards the 2nd paragraph of Article 9 of the Treaty, the Commission decided that, since the evidence produced in discussion had not proved the existence of all the conditions required by the said Article in connection with the right of trans-frontier grazing by Italian subjects, there was no case for the concession referred to in that Article.

10. Under the second part of paragraph 1 of Article 10 of the Treaty, the Commission fixed the sale price, to the Italian Government, of the Government buildings existing in the transferred territory, including the apparatus and masts of the wireless telegraph station at Kiamayn, at £10,785 16s. Od. (ten thousand seven hundred and thirty-five Pounds Sterling and sixteen shillings).

11. In connection with the 2nd paragraph of Article 10 of the Treaty, the Commission decided that the ground occupied by the Sudanese pensioners at Yonte is to be considered by the Italian Government as conceded to them for 99 years from the date of the cession of Jubaland to Italy, with the right of transmission to heirs, but without the right of sale or demise.

12. Having been empowered to do so by the two Governments, the Commission decided that the water of the pools of Dif should

date di ratifica del presente Accordo da parte del Governo di Sua Maestà il Re d'Italia e del Governo in Gran Bretagna di Sua Maestà Britannico.

9. In rapporto al 2° comma dell'Art. 9 della Convenzione, la Commissione decise che, non essendo risultate provate, attraverso gli elementi portati nella discussione, l'esistenza di tutte le condizioni volute dal detto Articolo perché si addossasse alla concessione a favore dei sudditi Italiani del diritto di pascolo oltre la frontiera, non sia il caso di far luogo alla concessione di cui all'Articolo stesso.

10. In rapporto alla seconda parte del 1° comma dell'Art. 10 della Convenzione, la Commissione stabilì in Lire sterline 10.785 e 16 scellini (lire sterline diecimila settecento trentacinque e sedici scellini) l'importo della cessione al Governo Italiano degli edifici governativi esistenti nel territorio trasferito e degli apparati e delle antenne della Stazione Radio Telegrafica di Chisimalo.

11. In rapporto al 2° comma dell'Art. 10 della Convenzione, la Commissione decise che i terreni occupati dai pensionati sudanesi residenti a lontananza siano considerati dal Governo Italiano come dati ad essi in concessione per 99 anni dalla data di cessione dell'Oltre Giuba all'Italia, con facoltà di trasmetterli ad eredi, ma senza diritto di cederli né darli in affitto.

12. La Commissione, avendone ricevuto i poteri dai due Governi, decise che l'acqua degli stagni di Dif resti normalmente

normally be available to the adjacent Italian police post and to Italian subjects and their baggage animals (but no other stock) travelling along the frontier; and that a state of abnormality should be considered to exist when the water in the said pools is proved to the satisfaction of both parties to suffice only for the reasonable requirements of a British police post.

13. By virtue of the powers conferred on them by the Treaty and by the two Governments, the Commission decided that the boundary shall be as described in the First Part, "General Description," of Appendix I to this Agreement.

The Commission, having taken into consideration the possible errors inherent in the methods of survey imposed upon themselves by the terrain, involving errors of position and of direction, decided that the boundary, as actually demarcated by themselves by means of a lane cut through the vegetation and supplemented by cement or masonry beacons or by cairns, shall be observed provisionally as an accurate interpretation of the true boundary without prejudice to subsequent correction by mutual agreement of both parties concerned. A detailed description of this demarcated boundary is given in the Second Part of Appendix I to this Agreement.

14. The Italian Government, at the request of the Commission, have undertaken to replace by cement or masonry beacons or by cairns, at the earliest possible

disponibile per l'adiacente posto di polizia Italiano e per i sudditi Italiani e i loro animali da trasporto (escluso qualsiasi altro bestiame), viaggianti lungo la frontiera; considerandosi esistente uno stato di anomalia quando sia provato, con soddisfazione di ambo le parti, che l'acqua nei suddetti stagni sia sufficiente solamente per le ragionevoli esigenze di un posto di polizia Britannico.

13. La Commissione, in virtù dei poteri conferiti dalla Convenzione e dai due Governi, decise che il confine debba essere riconosciuto quello descritto nella Parte Prima intitolata "Descrizione Generale" dell'Appendice I di questo Accordo.

La Commissione, avendo preso in considerazione i possibili errori inerenti ai metodi di lavoro adottati e resi inevitabili dal terreno, tradutti in errori di posizione e di direzione, decise che il confine, quale era stato effettivamente da essa delimitato per mezzo di un corridoio attraverso la vegetazione e completato da cippi in cemento, muratura o mucchi di sassi, debba essere riconosciuto provisoriamente come un'attenta interpretazione del vero confine, senza pregiudizio delle conseguenti correzioni cui addivinissero per mutuo accordo ambo le parti interessate. Una descrizione particolareggiata del confine delimitato è data nella Parte Seconda dell'Appendice I di questo Accordo.

14. Il Governo Italiano, a richiesta della Commissione, ha accettato di sostituire al più presto possibile tutti i cippi di ramaglia e terra, indicati nell'Appendice I

moment, all the earth gabions mentioned in Appendix I to this Agreement.

15. The Commission found that, in the Treaty and in the map attached thereto, the spelling of names appeared to follow no definite system and that in many cases the names were even incorrectly represented.

The representation and spelling of the names quoted in this Agreement and its Appendices are contained in Appendix IV.

The following list gives the names quoted in the Treaty in the order in which they appear therein, together with the spelling now adopted.

Spelling now
Treaty spelling adopted

	Ortografia risultante dalla Convenzione	Ortografia ora adottata
River Gabela	F. Gibba	F. Gibba
River Daus	Uebi Daus	Uabi Daus
Malka Re	Malca Rie	Malca Rie
Dunasa	{ Damasa (Br.) Damas (It.)	{ Damasa (Br.) Damas (It.)
Eilla Kalla	El Ghala	El Ghala
El Beru	El Berù Hagia	El Berù Hagia
Ras Kiambone (Dick's Head)	Ras Chiamboni	Ras Ciamboni (Dick's Head)
El Shama	El Sciana	El Sciana
Goochi	Guji	Guji
Ribba	Riba	Riba
Toor Guda	Tur Guda	Tur Guda
Ramaguda	Rama Guda	Rama Guda
Kismayn	{ Chisimao (It.) Kismayn (Br.)	{ Chisimao (It.) Kismayn (Br.)

16. The following appendices are attached to this Agreement and form an integral part thereof:

Appendix I.—Description of the Boundary.

Appendix II.—Table of Geographical Co-ordinates.

dal presente Accordo, con altri in cemento, murature o mucchie di sassi.

15. La Commissione ha constatato che, nella Convenzione e nella Carta che vi è allegata, la ortografia dei nomi sembra non risultante da un sistema definito, e che in molti casi essi sono anche non correttamente riportati.

La rappresentazione e l'ortografia dei nomi citati in questo Accordo e nelle sue Appendici sono contenute in Appendix IV.

Nella sequenza che sono stampati i nomi successivamente citati nella Convenzione, insieme alla ortografia ora adottata.

Appendix III.—Map of the Boundary Demarcated.*

Appendix IV.—A Gazetteer to the Map, giving the equivalent British and Italian Spellings of Place-names.

17. The Commission agreed that, in order to expedite matters, two copies of the Map of the Boundary—Appendix III to this Agreement—shall be printed in black and signed provisionally; but that, when the said map shall have been reproduced in colour, two copies of the coloured map shall be signed and substituted for those in black.

Signed in duplicate at Florence this 17th day of December, 1927.

Senior British Commissioner,
L. N. KING, Lt.-Col., R.E.

Appendice III : Carta del Confine delimitato.

Appendice IV : Repertorio dei nomi riportati nella Carta, con le ortografe equivalenti Britanniche e Italiane dei nomi di località.

17. La Commissione ha stabilito, per risolvere le operazioni più spedientemente, due copie della Carta di confine—Appendice III del presente Accordo—saranno stampate in nero e firmate provvisoriamente; ma che, quando la detta carta sarà stata rimpicciolita in colori, due copie della carta in colori saranno firmate e sostituiranno quelle in nero.

Firmato a Firenze in duplice esemplare, il 17 Dicembre 1927 (VI).

Il Capo della Delegazione Italiana,
Dott. TULLIO COLUCCI.

(*) Not reproduced. See map illustrating the boundary annexed.

APPENDIX I.

DESCRIPTION OF THE BOUNDARY
BETWEEN THE COLONIES AND PRO-
TECTORATE OF KENYA AND
ITALIAN SOMALILAND.

First Part.—General Description.

Starting in the north from the Abyssinian frontier at a point in the "thalweg" of the Uebi Daua about 450 metres upstream from Malca Rie, the boundary passes, in a south-westerly direction, in a straight line through the point where the south bank of the Uebi Daua is intersected by the meridian of longitude 41°54'36".43 East of Greenwich to a point in the pool of Damasa so chosen as to afford equal watering facilities to both parties in the deepest portion of the pool without transgression of the frontier;

thence in a straight line and still in a south-westerly direction towards the centre of the well of El Chala (of the El Wak group), which remains British, until this line is intersected by the meridian of longitude 40°59'44".84 East of Greenwich;

thence due south along this meridian, leaving the well of El Sciana in Italian territory, to its intersection with the parallel of South latitude 0°50'00".00;

thence in a straight line, in a south-easterly direction, towards the highest point of Ras Chiamboni until this line is intersected by the meridian of longitude which passes through a point at Dar Es Salam 15 metres inland from High Water Mark and due

APPENDICE I.

DESCRIZIONE DEL CONFINE TRA LA
SOMALIA ITALIANA E LA COLONIA
E PROTETTOREATO DEL CHENIA.

Parte Prima.—Descrizione
generale.

Partendo da sudore dal punto nel "thalweg" dell'Uebi Daua sulla frontiera abyssinica, a circa 450 metri upstream di Malca Rie, il confine passa, con direzione sud-ovest, in linea retta per il punto dove la riva meridionale dell'Uebi Daua è intersecata dal meridiano di longitudine 41°54'36".43 est di Greenwich, fino ad un punto nello stagno di Damas scelto in modo da permettere ad ambo le parti uguale disponibilità d'acqua nella parte più profonda dello stagno, senza violazione della frontiera;

di qui in linea retta ed ancora con direzione sud-ovest verso il centro del pozzo di El Ghala (del gruppo di El Uack), che rimane inglese, fino a che detta linea è intersecata dal meridiano di longitudine 40°59'44".84 est di Greenwich;

di qui esattamente in direzione sud lungo detto meridiano, lasciando in territorio italiano il pozzo di El Sciana, fino alla sua intersezione col parallelo di latitudine australe 0°50'00".00;

di qui, in linea retta, in direzione sud-est verso il punto più alto di Ras Chiamboni finché tale linea è intersecata dal meridiano che passa per un punto a Dar Es Salam a 15 metri verso l'interno della linea di livello delle alte maree, esattamente ad ovest

west of the southern extremity of the southernmost of the group of 5 islets known as Dina Damasciaca;

thence due south along this meridian as far as the point at Dar Es Salam defined above;

thence, in a south-easterly direction, to the limit of territorial waters in a straight line at right angles to the general trend of the coastline at Dar Es Salam, leaving the islets of Dina Damasciaca in Italian territory.

Second Part.—Detailed Description.
particolareggiata.

The boundary throughout its length is traced on the ground by a lane approximately 4 metres wide cut through the vegetation, and is indicated in a more permanent manner by primary and secondary beacons at intervals, each of which will be described hereinafter. The primary beacons have been numbered consecutively from the north, and these numbers are marked in ordinary arabic figures on the side of the beacon facing Italian Somaliland and in original arabic figures on the side facing Kenya.

At each angle of the boundary line there is a masonry or cement primary beacon together with a supplementary beacon on each side to indicate the directions of the two boundary lines converging on that point.

For convenience of description the boundary is divided into sections, each section corresponding

dell'estremità meridionale della più meridionale del gruppo delle 5 isolete conosciute col nome Dina Damasciaca;

di qui esattamente in direzione sud, lungo detto meridiano fino al punto di Dar Es Salam, avanti definito;

di qui, in direzione sud-est, al limite delle acque territoriali, in linea retta perpendicolare all'generale andamento della costa a Dar Es Salam, lasciando in territorio italiano le isolete di Dina Damasciaca.

Parte Seconda.—Descrizione
particolareggiata.

Il confine, per tutta la sua lunghezza, è stato demarcato sul terreno con un "corridoio" approssimativamente della larghezza di metri 4, sagittato nella boscaglia e, in modo più permanente, individuato ad intervalli da cippi principali e secondari, ciascuno dei quali sarà descritto in appresso. I Cippi Principali sono stati numerati cominciando dal nord ed i numeri d'ordine sono marcati in cifra araba ordinaria sulla parte del cippo rivolta verso la Somalia Italiana ed in cifra araba originale sulla parte rivolta verso il Chenia.

A ciascun vertice della linea di confine trovasi un cippo principale in muratura o cemento assieme ad altri due sussidiari disposti da una parte e dall'altra e che servono ad indicare la direzione delle due linee di confine convergenti nel vertice di esso.

Si ritiene conveniente, per la descrizione del confine, suddividerlo in sezioni, ciascuna delle

with one of the straight portions of the boundary line already defined in the "General Description."

In each section, the lane is cut as nearly as possible in a straight line between its terminals; but owing to the errors inherent in the methods of survey adopted, very slight deviations from the straight line have inevitably resulted in certain localities.

All distances quoted hereinafter are reckoned from the northern terminal of the section concerned, and are correct to 100 metres.

The geographical positions of the points in the frontier zone given in Appendix II are actually determined by astronomical and trigonometrical observations.

Normally the position of a control point, where a beacon was subsequently built, was fixed before the cut lane reached that point; but the positions of Primary Beacons Nos. 12, 24, 25, 26, 27 were dependent on astronomical observations made after the lane had been cut, and they are thus slightly displaced from the positions they should occupy.

For two small lengths of a few metres, the boundary is indicated by alignment only. These are:

a length in the north between Primary Beacon No. 1 and the Abyssinian frontier,

and a length in the south from Primary Beacon No. 29 to the sea.

quali corrispondente ad un tratto rettilineo della linea di confine, secondo quanto è stato detto nella "Descrizione Generale."

In ciascuna sezione il corridoio è stato tagliato in linea quanto più possibile retta fra i due punti estremi, ma, dato gli errori inherenti ai metodi geodetici adottati, sono state necessarie varie e talvolta piccole deviazioni dalla linea retta in alcune località.

Tutte le distanze saranno in appresso indicate contate dal punto nord del tratto in esame e saranno approssimate al centinaio di metri.

Le posizioni geografiche dei punti della linea della frontiera, indicati nell'Appendice II, sono state esattamente determinate con operazioni astronomiche e geodetiche.

Normalmente la posizione di un punto di controllo, dove poi è stato posto un cippo, è stata fissata prima che il corridoio arrivasse a quel punto, ma le posizioni dei Cippi Principali n. 12, 24, 25, 26 e 27 sono dipendenti dalle osservazioni astronomiche eseguite dopo che il corridoio era già stato tagliato e quindi risultano di poco spostate rispetto al punto che avrebbero dovuto occupare.

Per due piccoli tratti di pochi metri il confine risulta indicato soltanto da allineamenti. Essi sono:

un tratto a nord fra il Cippo Principale No. 1 e la frontiera dell'Abyssinia,

ed un tratto a sud, dal Cippo Principale No. 29 al mare.

Sezione 1.

From Primary Beacon No. 1 (Malca Rie) to Primary Beacon No. 6 (Damasa).

Leaving the cemented masonry Primary Beacon No. 1 on the south bank of the Uebi Daua, where it intersects the meridian of longitude 41°54'36".48 East of Greenwich, the boundary passes in a south-westerly direction —

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading southwards from Malka Got in Kenya;

through a secondary cairn and the adjacent cemented masonry Primary Beacon No. 2 located astride the road leading from Madera in Kenya to Malca Rie in Italian Somaliland;

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Malka Madera Yeri in Kenya to Coriamu in Italian Somaliland;

through two secondary cairns astride the road leading from the British military post of Madera, which lies km. 1.2 from the boundary, to Dambala Ghessa in Italian Somaliland;

through the area known as Funa Guba;

through a secondary cairn;

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Hunduda in Kenya through the pool of Gebia which lies km. 2.2 in Italian Somaliland to Gal Gali, which is about 12 kilometres from the boundary;

Sezione 1.

Dal Cippo Principale No. 1 (Malca Rie) al Cippo Principale No. 6 (Damasa).

Partendo dal Cippo Principale No. 1, in muratura, sulla riva meridionale dell'Uebi Daua, dove essa interseca il meridiano 41°54'36".48 Est Greenwich, la linea di confine va in direzione sud-ovest et à :

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che con direzione sud viene da Malka Got nel Chenia;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi, eppoi il Cippo Principale No. 2 in muratura, entrambi disposti a cavallo della strada che da Madera nel Chenia, va a Malca Rie nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Malka Madera Yeri nel Chenia, va a Coriamu nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della strada che va dal campo militare Britannico di Madera, che si trova a km. 1.2 dal confine, a Dambala Ghessa nella Somalia Italiana;

attraversa la zona conosciuta col nome di Funa Guba;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Hunduda nel Chenia, passando per lo stagno di Gebia, che resta per km. 2.2 nella Somalia Italiana, va a Gal Gali che si trova a circa 12 chilometri dal confine;

Distanza
Distance
Km.

1.4

4.0

5.9

6.5

7.5-8.5

11.5

13.6

Distances
Distanze
Km.
16.9

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Koromi, which hill lies about 6 kilometres in Kenya, to Gurgura in Italian Somaliland;

21.5 through the cemented masonry Primary Beacon No. 8;

24.1 through two secondary cairns astride the track leading southwards from Hundudu in Kenya;

25.8 through two secondary cairns astride a branch of the last-mentioned track north of Bur Gawsse, which hill is in Kenya;

29.1 through two secondary cairns astride another branch of the same track, immediately south of Bur Gawsse;

30.9 through two secondary cairns astride the same track where it turns away from the boundary towards Mata Arba in Italian Somaliland;

31.6 through a secondary cairn;

35.6 through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Beila Machese in Kenya to Mata Arba in Italian Somaliland;

36.0-39.0 through the area known as Harsi Hawseli;

41.6 through a secondary cairn;

44.0-48.0 through the area known as Hara Guigula;

50.0 through a grave;

51.6 through the cemented masonry Primary Beacon No. 4, leaving the hill of Mata Arba about 9 kilometres in Italian Somaliland;

55.8 through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Hafura past Ber Hawamadi in

16

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Koromi, collina che si trova a circa 6 chilometri nel Chenia, va a Gurgura nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra il Cippo Principale No. 8 in muratura;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Hundudu nel Chenia, va verso sud;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo di un ramo della predetta pista, a nord di Bur Gawsse, collina che resta nel Chenia;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo di un altro ramo della predetta pista, immediatamente a sud di Bur Gawsse;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della predetta pista, dove esse volge dal confine verso Mata Arba nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Beila Marchesa nel Chenia, va a Mata Arba nella Somalia Italiana;

attraversa la zona conosciuta col nome di Harsi Hawseli;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi;

attraversa la zona conosciuta col nome di Hara Guigula;

incontra una tomba;

incontra il Cippo Principale No. 4, in muratura, lasciando la collina di Mata Arba nella Somalia Italiana a circa 9 chilometri;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Hafura, passando

Kenya to El Uara, which well lies in Italian Somaliland km. 2.1 from the boundary;

through a secondary cairn;

through two secondary cairns astride the track passing between Finno and Hegali in a south-easterly direction;

through a large Primary Cairn erected on the south-east spur of the hill of Finno, the summit of which lies in Kenya;

through the cemented masonry Primary Beacon No. 5 and the adjacent secondary cairn, located astride the track leading from Hafura in Kenya to Iacle in Italian Somaliland;

through a secondary cairn;

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Berti Finno in Kenya to Gubbet Uasasa in Italian Somaliland;

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Berti Finno, which shambas lie in Kenya, to Iacle in Italian Somaliland;

through four secondary cairns, two astride each of the two tracks leading from Berti Finno in Kenya to Cuddama, which lies km. 3.0 in Italian Somaliland, leaving Bur Cus about 2 kilometres in Italian Somaliland;

through a secondary cairn;

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Manza in Kenya to Cuddama in Italian Somaliland;

Distances
Distanze
Km.

61.6

70.4

72.0

74.0

81.6

83.8

86.6

88.3

90.4

91.4

94.1

Distances
Distanze

Km.

94.9

touching the east side of a small pool unnamed which remains in Kenya;

97.5

along the eastern slope of Bur Manza, which remains in Kenya;

100.0

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Hawal Garba Hogi, which lies km. 1.7 in Kenya, to Cuddama in Italian Somaliland;

101.6

through a secondary cairn;

109.9

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Hawal Garba Hogi in Kenya to Damase;

111.6

through a cemented masonry pointer beacon on the north-east edge of the depression of Damase to the cemented masonry Primary Beacon No. 6 located in the deepest portion of that pool.

18

incontra un piccolo stagno senza nome che viene sfiorato ad est e rimane nel Chenia;

taglia il versante orientale di Bur Manza che rimane nel Chenia;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Hawal Garba Hogi, a km. 1.7 nel Chenia, va a Cuddama nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchi di sassi;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Hawal Garba Hogi, nel Chenia, va a Damas;

incontra il cippo sussidiario in muratura sulla riva nord-est della depressione dello stagno di Damas, eppoi il Cippo Principale No. 6 in muratura che si trova nel punto più profondo dello stagno.

Sezione 2.

From Primary Beacon No. 6 (Damas) to Primary Beacon No. 8 (angolo di El Uach).

Leaving Primary Beacon No. 6, the boundary passes in a south-westerly direction, the alignment being indicated by a cemented masonry pointer beacon on the south-west edge of the depression: -

1.8

through two secondary cairns astride the road from Damase to El Wak;

2.7

through a secondary cairn;

5.9

through two secondary cairns astride the road from Damase to El Wak;

Sezione 2.

Dal Cippo Principale No. 6 (Damas) al Cippo Principale No. 8 (vertice di El Uach).

Partendo dal Cippo Principale No. 6, la linea di confine ve in direzione sud-ovest, seguendo l'allineamento indicato da successivo cippo sussidiario, in muratura, che si trova sul margine sud-ovest della depressione, ed a:

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della strada che da Damas va ad El Uach;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchi di sassi;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della strada che da Damas va ad El Uach;

incontra un piccolo stagno:

leaving the pool of Avein Nur

through a secondary cairn;

leaving the pool of Avein Nur km. 2.0 in Italian Somaliland;

leaving the pool of Daba km. 0.8 in Italian Somaliland;

through the cemented masonry Primary Beacon No. 7;

through a secondary cairn on the side of the road from Damaas to El Wak at a point where this road touches, but does not cross, the boundary on the Italian Somaliland side;

through a secondary cairn;

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Jalanto Lango in Kenya to Uenti Dima km. 1.0 in Italian Somaliland, leaving the pool of Uenti Digo km. 1.9 in Italian Somaliland;

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Arda Dadaja km. 1.0 in Kenya to Uenti Dima, in Italian Somaliland;

through a secondary cairn;

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Jabe Kurmame km. 0.8 in Kenya to Uarsessa Raghi km. 3.6 in Italian Somaliland;

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading northwards from Golati, which lies km. 3.0 in Italian Somaliland;

through a cemented masonry pointer beacon to the cemented masonry Primary Beacon No. 8, leaving El Golija and El Sago in Kenya km. 2.4 and km. 4.1 respectively from this beacon.

19

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi;

lascia lo stagno di Avein Nur a km. 2,0 nella Somalia Italiana;

lascia lo stagno di Daba a km. 0,8 nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra il Cippo Principale No. 7 in muratura;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi, a cavallo della strada alla stregua' che da Damas va a El Uach, nel punto dove la detta strada tocca il confine senza però attraversarlo e rimanendo dalla parte della Somalia Italiana;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchi di sassi;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Jalanto Lango, nel Chasia, va a Uenti Dima a km. 1,0 nella Somalia Italiana, lasciando lo stagno di Uenti Digo a km. 1,9 nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Arda Dadaja, a km. 1,0 nel Chania, va a Uenti Dima, nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Jabe Kurmame, a km. 0,8 nel Chenia, va a Uarsessa Baghi, a km. 3,6 nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Golati, a km. 3,0 nella Somalia Italiana, va in direzione nord;

incontra un cippo sussidiario, in muratura, eppoi il successivo Cippo Principale No. 8, in muratura, lasciando El Golija ed El Sago nel Chenia, rispettivamente a km. 2,4 e km. 4,1 da questo cippo.

Distances
Distanze

Km.

19.7

15.0

21.0

22.7

26.1

32.7

37.6

48.9

42.7

46.4

49.3

52.7

From Primary Beacon No. 8 (angle at El Wak) to Primary Beacon No. 23 (Latitude 0°50'00".60 South, Longitude 40°59'44".34 East of Greenwich).

Leaving Primary Beacon No. 8, the boundary passes due south, the alignment being indicated by a cemented masonry pointer beacon :-

1.6 through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from El Ghala, which lies km. 2.0 in Kenya, to Golati in Italian Somaliland;

3.2 through the cemented masonry Primary Beacon No. 9, on the south side of the road leading from El Ghala in Kenya to El Sciama and El Beri Haga, which wells lie km. 0.8 and km. 2.4 respectively in Italian Somaliland;

4.3 through two secondary cairns astride the junction of the two tracks leading from El Biss and El Dargula, respectively km. 1.0 and km. 7.0 in Kenya, to Gof in Italian Somaliland;

4.6 through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from El Sciama in Italian Somaliland in a direction south-south-west;

9 0-12 0 through the area known as Rama Gedoli;

13.2 through a secondary cairn;

13.5 through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from El Ghala through Megag, in Kenya and Rama Gedoli to Meri in Italian Somaliland;

Sezione 9.

Dai Cippi Principale No. 8 (vertice di El Uachi al Cippo Principale No. 23 (Latitudine australe 0°50'00".60 South, longitudine est Greenwich 40°59'44".34).

Partendo dal Cippo Principale No. 8 si discende in collina volgendo esattamente in direzione sud, secondo l'alignamento indicato da un cippo cementato in muratura, ed a i:

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da El Ghala, che si trova a km. 2,0 nel Chenia, va a Golati, nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra il Cippo Principale No. 9, in muratura, sul lato sud della strada che da El Ghala nel Chenia, va ad El Sciama ed El Beri Haga, pozzi che rimangono rispettivamente a km. 0,8 e km. 2,4 nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della congiunzione delle due piste che da El Biss ed El Dargula, rispettivamente a km. 1,0 e km. 7,0 nel Chenia, vanno a Gof nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da El Sciama, nella Somalia Italiana, va in direzione sud-sud-ovest;

attraversa la zona conosciuta col nome di Rama Gedoli;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da El Ghala, passando per Megag, nel Chenia e Rama Gedoli, va a Meri nella Somalia Italiana;

through the area known as Gol Kio;

through a secondary cairn;

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading in a direction north-north-east from Wel Gersi, which lies km. 1.8 in Kenya;

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Wel Gersi in Kenya to Meri in Italian Somaliland;

through the cemented masonry Primary Beacon No. 10;

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Falas in Kenya to Bilaca in Italian Somaliland;

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Daka Lafta in Kenya round the south of the area known as Bute to Bilaca in Italian Somaliland;

through the area known as Bute;

through a secondary cairn;

leaving the hill of Ghedo Samà in Italian Somaliland;

through a secondary cairn;

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Ramu in Kenya through Ilalo to Bilaca in Italian Somaliland, leaving the group of wells of Ilalo about a third of a kilometre in Italian Somaliland;

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Ali Gölo in Kenya to Gorgala, which is km. 2,0 in Italian Somaliland, leaving a small pool unnamed km. 0,2 in Kenya;

attraversa la zona conosciuta col nome di Gol Kio;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Wel Gersi va in direzione nord-nord-est, lasciando Wel Gersi a km. 1,8 nel Chenia;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Wel Gersi, nel Chenia, va a Meri nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra il Cippo Principale N° 10 in muratura;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Falas nel Chenia va a Bilaca nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Daka Lafta nel Chenia, passando a nord della zona di Bute, va a Bilaca, nella Somalia Italiana;

attraversa la zona conosciuta col nome di Bute;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi;

lascia la collina di Ghedo Samà nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Ramu nel Chenia e passando per Ilalo va a Bilaca nella Somalia Italiana, lasciando a circa un terzo di chilometro il gruppo dei pozzi di Ilalo nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Ali Gölo nel Chenia, va a Gorgala, che si trova a km. 2,0 nella Somalia Italiana, lasciando un piccolo stagno senza nome a km. 0,2 nel Chenia;

through the cemented masonry Primary Beacon No. 11;

through a secondary cairn on the north side of the track leading from El Kura, which is km. 1.8 in Kenya to Hara Cadera in Italian Somaliland;

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Kura Yeri in Kenya to Hara Cadera in Italian Somaliland;

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Kura in Kenya in a direction south-south-east;

through a secondary cairn;

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Konton in Kenya to Serenli in Italian Somaliland;

through a secondary cairn and the adjacent cemented masonry Primary Beacon No. 12 located astride the road from Wajer Bor in Kenya to Serenli in Italian Somaliland, leaving the pool of Dadol km. 0.2 in Kenya;

through a secondary cairn;

leaving two small pools unnamed km. 0.2 in Kenya;

through a small pool unnamed;

through a secondary cairn;

leaving the pools of Bactili about $1\frac{1}{2}$ kilometres in Italian Somaliland;

through the cemented masonry Primary Beacon No. 13;

through two secondary cairns astride the road leading from Wel Garas, which is km. 4.4 in Kenya, to Gherille, which is km. 4.9 in Italian Somaliland;

incontra il Cippo Principale No. 11 in muratura;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi, al lato nord della pista che, da El Kura che si trova a km. 1.8 nel Chenia, va ad Hara Cadera nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Kura nel Chenia, va a Chenia; va ad Hara Cadera nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Kura nel Chenia, va in direzione sud-sud-est;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Konton nel Chenia, va a Serenli nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi, eppoi il Cippo Principale No. 12, in muratura disposti a cavallo della strada che da Wajer Bor nel Chenia va a Serenli nella Somalia Italiana, lasciando lo stagno di Dadol a km. 0.2 nel Chenia;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi;

lascia due stagni senza nome a km. 0.2 nel Chenia;

incontra un piccolo stagno senza nome;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi;

lascia gli stagni di Bactili a circa $1\frac{1}{2}$ chilometri nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra il Cippo Principale No. 13 in muratura;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della strada che da Wel Garas che si trova a km. 4.4 nel Chenia, va a Gherille che si trova a km. 4.9 nella Somalia Italiana;

through a secondary cairn;

through a secondary cairn;

through the cement Primary Beacon No. 14;

crossing the track leading from Wel Adi in Kenya to the Gololati-Escudute track;

crossing the track leading from Gololati in Kenya to Escudute in Italian Somaliland;

through a secondary cairn;

through a secondary cairn;

through the cement Primary Beacon No. 15;

crossing the track leading from Hambalash to Dif, both of which places are in Kenya;

through a secondary cairn;

crossing Lak Bisq;

crossing the track leading from Hazibeshash to Dif, both of which places are in Kenya;

through the cement Primary Beacon No. 16 and the adjacent secondary cairn, located astride the motor road from Wajer Dima in Kenya to Afmadi in Italian Somaliland, leaving the group of pools of Dif about 1 kilometre in Kenya;

(*through a secondary earth gabion;

crossing the track running in a north-westerly direction from Abodili in Italian Somaliland;

(*through a secondary earth gabion;

through the cement Primary Beacon No. 17;

(*The secondary earth gabions on the boundary will be replaced by cement or masonry beacons or by cairns under the terms of paragraph 14 of the Agreement.

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi;

incontra il Cippo Principale No. 14 in cemento;

taglia la pista che da Wel Adi nel Chenia, va alla pista Gololati-Escudute;

taglia la pista che da Gololati nel Chenia va a Escudute nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi;

incontra il Cippo Principale No. 15 in cemento;

taglia la pista che da Hambalash va a Dif, entrambi queste località rimanenti nel Chenia;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi;

attraversa il Lak Bisq;

taglia la pista che da Hambalash va a Dif, entrambi queste località rimanenti nel Chenia;

incontra il Cippo Principale No. 16, in cemento, oppozi un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi, disposti a cavallo della strada canonichabile che da Wajer Dima, nel Chenia, va ad Afmadi nella Somalia Italiana, lasciando il gruppo degli stagni di Dif a circa 1 chilometro nel Chenia;

(*incontra un cippo secondario, in ramaglia e terra;

taglia una pista che da Abodili, nella Somalia Italiana, va in direzione nord-ovest;

(*incontra un cippo secondario, in ramaglia e terra;

incontra il Cippo Principale No. 17, in cemento;

(* I cippi secondari di ramaglia e terra sul confine saranno sostituiti con cippi in cemento, muratura o mucchi di sassi, secondo quanto è detto al paragrafo 14 dell'Accordo.

Distances Distanze	Km.	Distances Distanze	Km.
242.0	(*)through a secondary earth gabion;	(*)incontra un cippo secondario, in ramaglia e terra;	351.7
251.9	(*)through a secondary earth gabion;	(*)incontra un cippo secondario, in ramaglia e terra;	361.0-365.8
256.8	(*)through the cement Primary Beacon No. 18 and the adjacent secondary earth gabion located astride the road from Benani in Kenya to Au in Italian Somaliland;	(*)incontra il Cippo Principale No. 18 in cemento, eppoi un cippo secondario in ramaglia e terra, disposti entrambi a cavallo della strada che da Benani, nel Chenia, va ad Au, nella Somalia Italiana;	361.7
260.2-261.1	crossing Lai Ghorgani, in which the bush scrub is particularly dense;	attraversa il Lak Ghorgani con fitissime vegetazioni di "biseca" nel letto secco;	369.6
261.0-262.0	crossing Lak Dera;	attraversa il Lak Dera;	371.8
267.0	(*)through a secondary earth gabion and the adjacent cement Primary Beacon No. 19, located astride the track leading from Libo in Kenya to Dobbi in Italian Somaliland;	(*)incontra un cippo secondario in ramaglia e terra, eppoi il Cippo Principale №. 19 in cemento, disposti a cavallo delle piste che da Libo, nel Chenia, va a Dobbi, nella Somalia Italiana;	375.8
279.2	through a small pool unnamed;	incontra un piccolo stagno senza nome;	381.2
282.0	(*)through a secondary earth gabion;	(*)incontra un cippo secondario, in ramaglia e terra;	381.8
292.0	(*)through a secondary earth gabion;	(*)incontra un cippo secondario, in ramaglia e terra;	387.4
302.0	(*)through a secondary earth gabion;	(*)incontra un cippo secondario, in ramaglia e terra;	390.7
312.2	through the cement Primary Beacon No. 20, approximately on the Equator;	incontra il Cippo Principale №. 20, in cemento, approssimativamente sull'equatore;	400.0-400.4
322.0	(*)through a secondary earth gabion;	(*)incontra un cippo secondario, in ramaglia e terra;	402.4
329.7	(*)through a secondary earth gabion and the adjacent cement Primary Beacon No. 21, located astride the track leading in a north-westerly direction from Dib Ul Chenia in Italian Somaliland;	(*)incontra un cippo secondario, in ramaglia e terra, eppoi il Cippo Principale №. 21, in cemento, disposti a cavallo delle piste che da Dib Ul Chenia, nella Somalia Italiana, va in direzione nord-ovest;	390.2
341.8	(*)through a secondary earth gabion;	(*)incontra un cippo secondario, in ramaglia e terra;	392.1
349.8	crossing the road leading from Jara Jila, which lies km. 2.6 in Kenya, to Cormale in Italian Somaliland;	taglia la strada che da Jara Jila a km. 2.6 nel Chenia, va a Cormale nella Somalia Italiana;	404.2
		(*) See footnote on page 23.	
		(*) Vedi nota a pag. 23.	
		(*) See footnote on page 23.	
		(*) Vedi nota a pag. 23.	

Section 4

From Primary Beacon No. 23
(Latitude 0°50'00".00 South,
Longitude 40°59'44".84 East of
Greenwich to Primary Beacon
No. 28 (angle near Chiumboni).

Leaving Primary Beacon
No. 23, the boundary passes in a
south-easterly direction, the
alignment being indicated by a
cement pointer beacon:—

4 3 4 8 crossing a "lak" unnamed;

7 6 through two cement secondary
beacons astride the road leading
from Ilkabero in Kenya to Mug
Domaro in Italian Somaliland;

10.0 through a cement secondary
beacon;

14.6 crossing the road leading from
Odlabambu in Kenya to Ualal in
Italian Somaliland;

20.3 crossing the track leading from
the group of pools of Dambala in
Kenya to Ualal in Italian Somalia
Italiana;

21.5 through two cement secondary
beacons astride the road leading
from Dambala in Kenya to Cussa
in Italian Somaliland;

24.1 through two cement secondary
beacons astride the track leading
from Konoghor in Kenya to Dola
in Italian Somaliland;

30.0 through the cement Primary
Beacon No. 24;

31.1 through a cement secondary
beacon opposite the pool of Juma
Korke which lies in Kenya;

34.4-34.9 through a series of three
cement secondary beacons spaced
across the scattered tracks lead-
ing from Rama Jebia in Kenya to
Hola Dugium in Italian Somali-
land;

Sezione 4.

Dal Cippo Principale No. 23 (lati-
tudine australe 0°50'00",00,
longitudine est Greenwich
40°59'44",84) al Cippo Princi-
pale No. 28 (vertice di Chium-
boni).

Partendo dal Cippo Principale
No. 23, il confine volge in dire-
zione sud-est segnato dall'asse
mentre indicato da un cippo ausi-
diario in cemento ed a:

attraversa un "lak" senza
nome;

incontra due cippi secondari,
in cemento, a cavallo della strada
che da Ilkabero nel Chenia va a
Mug Domaro nella Somalia
Italiana;

incontra un cippo secondario,
in cemento;

incontra una pista che da
Odlabambu nel Chenia va a
Ualal nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra la pista che dal gruppo
di stagni di Dambala nel Chenia
va ad Ualal nella Somalia
Italiana;

incontra due cippi secondari,
in cemento, a cavallo della strada
che da Dambala nel Chenia va a
Cussa nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra due cippi secondari,
in cemento, a cavallo della pista
che da Konoghor, nel Chenia, va
a Dola, nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra il Cippo Principale
No. 24, in cemento;

incontra un cippo secondario,
in cemento, di fronte allo stagno
di Juma Korke che rimane nel
Chenia;

incontra una serie di tre cippi
secondari in cemento disposti ad
intervalli sul fascio di piste che
da Rama Jebia, nel Chenia, vanno
ad Hola Dugium nella
Somalia Italiana;

through a series of five cement
secondary beacons accentuating
the partition of the pools of
Kolbio;

through a series of three
cement secondary beacons spaced
across the scattered tracks on the
caravan route leading from Lama
Det in Kenya to Uame Idu in
Italian Somaliland;

through the cement Primary
Beacon No. 25, in the area of Did
Sanga;

passing a small pool unnamed
which falls in Kenya;

through a cement secondary
beacon;

through a belt of forest with
dense undergrowth, known as the
"bada";

crossing the Lak at Gibiteilana
which remains in Italian Somalil-
and;

through a cement secondary
beacon;

through another belt of the
"bada";

leaving the group of pools of
Hele Kebery km. 0,4 in Kenya;

through two cement secondary
beacons on the edge of the
depression of a pool unnamed
half-way between the groups of
Kon Tuwari in Kenya and Nuidi
in Italian Somaliland, the pool
lying in Italian Somaliland;

through a cement secondary
beacon, leaving the pool of Doris
in Kenya and that of Burrada Ier
in Italian Somaliland;

through a cement secondary
beacon and the adjacent cement
Primary Beacon No. 26, which
accentuate the division of a pool
unnamed lying astride the
boundary;

incontra una serie di cinque
cippi secondari, in cemento, in
modo da rendere più evidente la
suddivisione degli stagni di
Kolbio;

incontra una serie di tre cippi
secondari, in cemento, disposti ad
intervalli sul fascio di piste sulla
carovaniera che da Lama Det, nel
Chenia, vanno a Uame Idu nella
Somalia Italiana;

incontra il Cippo Principale
No. 25, in cemento, nella zona di
Did Sanga;

lascia un piccolo stagno senza
nome nel Chenia;

incontra un cippo secondario
in cemento;

attraversa una zona di foresta
con fita boscosa, conosciuta col
nome di "bada";

attraversa il Lach a Gibiteilana
che rimane nella Somalia
Italiana;

incontra un cippo secondario
in cemento;

attraversa un'altra zona di
"bada";

lascia il gruppo di stagni di
Hele Kebery a km. 0,4 nel
Chenia;

incontra due cippi secondari
in cemento, sui margini della
depressione dello stagno senza
nome, che è a mezza strada fra
Ken Tuwari nel Chenia e Nuidi
nella Somalia Italiana, e che
resta nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra un cippo secondario
in cemento, lasciando lo stagno di
Doris nel Chenia e quello di
Burrada Ier nella Somalia
Italiana;

incontra un cippo secondario,
in cemento e subito dopo il Cippo
Principale No. 26 in cemento,
che rendono più evidente la
divisione dello stagno senza nome
che si trova a cavallo del confine;

Distances
Km.
99.7

28

through a cement secondary beacon on the south-east side of the track leading from Mbogo in Kenya to the group of peaks of Labchelli which lies about $\frac{1}{2}$ kilometre in Italian Somaliland;

95.7 through two cement secondary beacons astride the track leading from Wanjecka in Kenya to Baraa in Italian Somaliland, leaving Ken Malabi in Kenya;

97.0 through two cement secondary beacons astride the track leading from Pepechone km. 0.4 in Kenya to Billada km. 2.9 in Italian Somaliland;

99.3 through the cemented masonry Primary Beacon No. 27 on top of the most inland ridge of the coastal hills;

100.1-101.2 through a series of five cemented masonry secondary beacons spaced across a clearing, the last of the series being on the north side of the track leading from Jawsi in Kenya to Comauala which lies km. 11 in Italian Somaliland;

101.9 through a cemented masonry secondary beacon on the north side of the track leading from Mwangati in Kenya to Meri in Italian Somaliland;

103.5 104.1 through a series of four cemented masonry secondary beacons spaced across the shambas;

105.9 through a cemented masonry pointer beacon to the cemented masonry Primary Beacon No. 28.

Section 5.

From Primary Beacon No. 28^o (angle near Chiamboni) to Primary Beacon No. 29 (Dar Es Salam).

Leaving Primary Beacon No. 28, the boundary passes due

incontra un cippo secondario in cemento a sud-est della pista che da Mbogo nel Chenia va al gruppo di stagni di Labchelli che rimane a circa mezzo chilometro nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra due cippi secondari, in cemento, a cavallo della pista che da Wangata nel Chenia va a Baraga nella Somalia Italiana, lasciando Ken Malabi nel Chenia;

incontra due cippi secondari, in cemento, a cavallo della pista che da Pepechone è km. 0.4 nel Chenia va a Billada a km. 2.9 nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra il Cippo Principale No. 27 in muratura disposto proprio sulla sommità della più interna collina dalla costa;

incontra una serie di cinque cippi secondari in muratura, disposti ad intervalli in una pianura e l'ultimo dei quali trovasi a nord della pista che da Jawsai nel Chenia va a Comauala nella Somalia Italiana, stagno che resta a Km. 11;

incontra un cippo secondario in muratura a nord della pista che da Mwangati nel Chenia va a Meri nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra una serie di quattro cippi secondari in muratura disposti ad intervalli nelle sciambe;

incontra un cippo sussidiario in muratura eppoi il Cippo Principale No. 28 in muratura.

Sezione 5.

Dal Cippo Principale No. 28 (vertice di Chiamboni) al Cippo Principale No. 29 (Dar Es Salam).

Partendo dal Cippo Principale No. 28, il confine volge esatta-

29
south, the alignment being indicated by a cemented masonry pointer beacon; —

leaving the pool of Made km. 0.1 in Kenya;

leaving the pool of Con Baraga a km. 0.1 in Italian Somaliland;

through a series of five secondary cairns of coral spaced across open ground to the coastal road;

incontra una serie di cinque cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi di materiale corallino, disposti ad intervalli nella pianura presso la strada lungo la costa;

incontra un cippo sussidiario in muratura, eppoi il grande Cippo Principale No. 29 a Dar Es Salam.

L. N. KING, Lt.-Col., R.E.

menta in direzione sud, secondo l'allineamento indicato da un cippo sussidiario in muratura ed a:

lascia lo stagno di Made a km. 0.1 nel Chenia;

lascia lo stagno di Con Sagărada a km. 0.1 nella Somalia Italiana;

1.5

4.1

5.3-6.5

7.0

DOTT. TULLIO COLUCCI.

APPENDIX II.

TABLE OF GEOGRAPHICAL CO-ORDINATES OF POINTS FIXED ON OR NEAR THE BOUNDARY BETWEEN THIS COLONY AND PROTECTORATE OF KENYA AND ITALIAN SOMALELAND, BY THE ANGLO-ITALIAN (JUBAELAND) BOUNDARY COMMISSION.

Abbreviations employed:-

B. A. S.—British Astronomical Station.

I. A. S.—Italian Astronomical Station.

(B)—Value supplied by the British Mission.

(I)—Value supplied by the Italian Mission.

Primary Beams are indicated by their numbers.

	British Values Valori Britannici	Italian Values Valori Italiani	Values adopted Valori adottati
MALCA RIE			
B. A. S.	N. 3 58 53.31 E. 41 54 43.61		
I. A. S.		N. 3 58 59.70 E. 41 54 46.05	

No. 1	N. 3 58 56.47 E. 41 54 35.97	N. 3 58 59.36 E. 41 54 36.89	N. 3 58 57.92 E. 41 54 36.43
-------	---------------------------------	---------------------------------	---------------------------------

No. 2			(B) N. 3 57 10.97 E. 41 53 21.71
No. 3			(B) N. 3 49 23.68 E. 41 53 56.25

No. 4			(B) N. 3 36 05.39 E. 41 39 37.50
-------	--	--	-------------------------------------

FINNO	B. A. S.	N. 3 26 19.95 E. 41 32 01.62	
-------	----------	---------------------------------	--

Cairn (Ammasso sassi)	di		(B) N. 3 26 09.28 E. 41 32 16.01
-----------------------------	----	--	-------------------------------------

No. 5			(B) N. 3 26 05.92 E. 41 31 58.76
-------	--	--	-------------------------------------

DAMASA	DAMAS		
--------	-------	--	--

B. A. S.		N. 3 09 28.43 E. 41 20 01.11	
----------	--	---------------------------------	--

I. A. S.		N. 3 09 24.40 E. 41 20 03.45	
----------	--	---------------------------------	--

No. 6		N. 3 09 25.00 E. 41 19 59.55	N. 3 09 23.75 E. 41 19 59.60
-------	--	---------------------------------	---------------------------------

No. 7			N. 3 09 24.30 E. 41 19 59.50
-------	--	--	---------------------------------

No. 8			(B) N. 3 09 11 18.97 N. 3 49 19.90 E. 40 59 44.34
-------	--	--	---

APPENDICE II.

ELLENCO DELLE COORDINATE GEOGRAFICHE DEI PUNTI PISSATI SUL CONFINE (E NEI PRESSI DI ESSO) FRA LA SOMALIA ITALIANA E LA COLONIA A PROTETTORE DEL CHENTIA DALLA COMMISSIONE ANGOLO ITALIANA DEL CONFINE DELL'OLTRACICLIO.

Abbreviations employed:-

B. A. S.—Stazione Astronomica Britannica.

I. A. S.—Stazione Astronomica Italiana.

(B)—Valore fornito dalla Missione Britannica.

(I)—Valore fornito dalla Missione Italiana.

I Cippi Principali sono indicati dal loro numero.

	British Values Valori Britannici	Italian Values Valori Italiani	Values adopted Valori adottati
--	-------------------------------------	-----------------------------------	-----------------------------------

	British Values Valori Britannici	Italian Values Valori Italiani	Values adopted Valori adottati
EL SCIAMA	B. A. S.	N. 2 47 30.90 E. 40 59 48.75	
I. A. S.			N. 2 47 28.90 E. 40 59 52.80
EL GHALA			N. 2 48 11.00 E. 40 59 37.18
well ...		N. 2 48 12.01 E. 40 59 35.08	N. 2 47 35.06
(pozzo)	No. 9	N. 2 47 35.58 E. 40 59 43.26	E. 40 59 44.34
No. 10			N. 2 31 15.07
No. 11			(B) E. 40 59 44.34
No. 12			(B) E. 2 14 55.09
"100 Kilometres"		N. 1 53 16.28 E. 40 59 37.14	(B) E. 40 59 40.75
B. A. S.	No. 13		(B) E. 40 59 27.16
I. A. S.			E. 40 59 44.34
No. 14			(I) E. 40 59 26.85
No. 15			(I) E. 40 59 10.27
DIF			(I) E. 40 59 44.34
B. A. S.		N. 0 59 25.79 E. 40 59 08.18	N. 0 59 51.73
I. A. S.		N. 0 59 47.98 E. 40 59 49.39	E. 40 59 49.33
No. 16			N. 0 59 49.90
No. 17			E. 40 59 44.34
No. 18			(I) E. 40 59 25.26
LIBOI	B. A. S.	N. 0 24 22.96 E. 40 58 28.18	(I) E. 40 59 30.90
No. 19			(B) E. 40 59 44.34
No. 20			(I) E. 40 59 00.73
RAMA GUDA	B. A. S.	S. 0 09 59.47 E. 40 59 24.26	(I) E. 40 59 30.90
I. A. S.		S. 0 09 55.28 E. 40 59 30.66	S. 0 09 53.83
No. 21			E. 40 59 44.34
No. 22			(I) E. 40 59 34.35
"Zero quanta"	Cin-		(I) E. 40 59 44.34
B. A. S.		S. 0 49 10.47 E. 40 59 57.31	S. 0 49 52.68
I. A. S.		S. 0 49 54.32 E. 41 00 10.92	E. 41 00 10.81
No. 23			S. 0 50 00.00
DAMBALA	B. A. S.	S. 0 07 41.47 E. 41 00 58.58	E. 40 59 44.34
No. 24			(B) S. 1 03 03.21 E. 41 00 22.87

	British Values Valori Britannici	Italian Values Valori Italiani	Values adopted Valori adottati
DID SANGA B. A. S.	S. 1 12 18.03 E. 41 16 10.65		
No. 25		(B) S. 1 12 19.95 E. 41 16 13.27	
No. 26		B) S. 1 28 85.61 E. 41 28 83.39	
No. 27		S. 1 33 11.13 (B) E. 41 31 42.52	
CHIAMBONI B. A. S.	S. 1 38 24.48 E. 41 35 31.89		
I. A. S.	S. 1 38 27.86 E. 41 35 34.13		
RAS CHIAM- BONI highest point (sommità del capo)	S. 1 38 37.01 E. 41 35 45.87	S. 1 38 39.44 E. 41 35 45.92	S. 1 38 38.62 E. 41 35 45.90
No. 28		S. 1 38 05.03 E. 41 35 52.18	
DAR ES SA- LAM No. 29		S. 1 39 61.95 E. 41 38 62.18	
DIUA DAMAS- CIACA southern islet (isola del sud)		S. 1 39 51.95 E. 41 34 54.12	
DOLO I. A. S. (on right bank of Giuba) (sulla destra del Giuba) R. Residenza (on left bank of Giuba) (sulla sinistra del Giuba) Flagstaff (Albero ban- diera) Junction of Daua and Giuba (Confluenza del Daua col Giuba)	N. 4 10 37.27 E. 42 06 00.15		
		(I) N. 4 10 44.46 E. 42 05 05.98	
		N. 4 10 43.71 E. 42 04 59.21	
TABDA B. A. S. on S.W. edge of pool (margini sud W. dello stagni) I. A. S. on S. edge of pool (margini S. dello stagno)	N. 0 18 16.60 E. 41 28 45.45	N. 0 18 16.60 E. 41 26 45.45	N. 0 18 17.43 E. 41 27 06.09

	British Values Valori Britannici	Italian Values Valori Italiani	Values adopted Valori adottati
DADO HARRE I. A. S.	S. 0 14 06.55 E. 41 10 22.88		S. 0 14 06.55 E. 41 10 22.88
WAR DOD B. A. S.	S. 0 34 21.60 E. 40 56 52.88		S. 0 34 21.60 E. 40 56 52.88
UAMA IDU Flag-staff of es- karis' camp... (asta bandiera del campo Ascarì)	S. 1 03 30.30 E. 41 23 05.10	S. 1 03 30.29 E. 41 22 59.98	S. 1 03 30.29 E. 41 23 02.58

I. N. KING, Lt. Col. R.E.

DOTT. TULIO COLUCCI.

APPENDIX III.

MAP (*)

APPENDIX IV.

GAZETTERE TO THE MAP OF THE
BOUNDARY DEMARCATED BE-
TWEEN THE COLONY AND PRO-
TECTORATE OF KENYA AND
ITALIAN SOMALILAND, GIVING
THE EQUIVALENT BRITISH AND
ITALIAN SPELLINGS OF PLACE-
NAMES.

1. Place-names are shown on
the map of the frontier in the
following forms:—

if on the Kenya side of the
boundary, as spelt according to
the R.G.S. II system of trans-
scription;

if on the Italian 'Somaliland'
side of the boundary, in Italian
spelling;

certain localities which fall
actually on the boundary are
shown spelt in both methods.

2. In most cases, transcrip-
tion under the R.G.S. II system

REPERTORIO DEI NOMI RIPORTATI
NELLA CARICA DEL CONFINE
DELIMITATO FRA LA SOMALIA
ITALIANA E LA COLONIA E PRO-
TECTORATO DEL CHERIA CON LE
ORTOGRAFIE EQUIVALENTE IN
INGLESE ED IN ITALISMO.

1. I nomi delle località sono
indicati sulla carta del Confine
nel modo seguente:

se sono dalla parte del Chenia,
secondo il sistema R.G.S. II
(2° sistema della Reale Società
Geografica Britannica);

se sono dalla parte della
Somalia Italiana, in ortografia
Italiana;

se sono a cavallo del confine in
tutti due i modi.

2. Nella maggior parte dei
caso i nomi sono stati scritti,

(*) Not reproduced. See map illustrating the boundary annexed.

	British Values Valori Britannici	Italian Values Valori Italiani	Values adopted Valori adottati
DID SANGA	B. A. S.	S. 1 12 18.03 E. 41 16 10.65	(B) S. 1 12 19.96 E. 41 16 13.27
No. 25			B) S. 1 28 55.61 E. 41 28 33.09
No. 26			(B) S. 1 33 11.10 E. 41 31 42.94
No. 27			
CHIAMBONI	B. A. S.	S. 1 38 24.48 E. 41 35 31.89	
I. A. S.		S. 1 38 27.86 E. 41 35 34.13	
RAS CHIAM- BONI	highest point (sommità del capo)	S. 1 38 37.61 E. 41 35 45.87	S. 1 38 39.44 E. 41 35 45.92
DAR ES SA- LAM	No. 28		S. 1 38 05.03 E. 41 33 52.18
DIUA DAMAS- CIACÀ	southern islet (isola del sud)		S. 1 39 51.65 E. 41 33 52.18
DOLO	I. A. S. (on right bank of Giuba) (sulla sponda destra del Giuba)	N. 4 10 57.27 E. 42 05 00.16	
H. Residencia (on left bank of Giuba)			
(sulla sinistra del Giuba)			
Flag-staff (Asta ban- diera)			(I) N. 4 10 44.45 E. 42 05 05.98
Junction of Dana and Giuba		N. 4 10 43.71 E. 42 04 59.21	
(Confluenza del Dana col Giuba)			
TABDA	B. I. S. on S.W. edge of pool (margini sud W dello stagni)	N. 0 18 16.00 E. 41 26 45.45	N. 0 18 16.60 E. 41 26 45.45
I. A. S on S. edge of pool (margini S dello stagno)		N. 0 18 17.43 E. 41 27 06.09	

	British Values Valori Britannici	Italian Values Valori Italiani	Values adopted Valori adottati
DADO HARRE	I. A. S.		(S) 0 14 05.55 E. 41 10 22.88
WAR DOD	B. A. S.	S. 0 24 21.00 E. 49 56 52.88	S. 0 34 21.60 E. 40 56 52.88
UAMA IDU	Flag-staff of as- karis' camp (Asta bandiera del campo Ascaris)	S. 1 03 30.30 E. 41 22 55.19	S. 1 33 30.23 E. 41 23 52.54

L. N. KING, Lt. Col. R.E. D. PULLEO COLUCCI

APPENDIX III.

MAP. (*)

APPENDIX IV.

GAZETTEER TO THE MAP OF THE
BOUNDARY DEMARCATED BE-
TWEEN THE COLONY AND PRO-
TECTORATE OF KENYA AND
ITALIAN SOMALILAND, GIVING
THE EQUIVALENT BRITISH AND
ITALIAN SPELLINGS OF PLACE-
NAMES.

1. Place-names are shown on
the map of the frontier in the
following forms:

if on the Kenya side of the
boundary, as spelt according to
the R.G.S. II system of trans-
scription;

if on the Italian Somaliland
side of the boundary, in Italian
spelling;

certain localities which fall
actually on the boundary are
shown spelt in both methods.

2. In most cases, transcription
under the R.G.S. II system

REPERTORIO DEI NOMI RIPORTATI
NELLA CARTA DEL CONFINE
DELEGATATO FRA LA SOMALIA
ITALIANA E LA COLONIA E PRO-
TECTORATO DEL CHERIA CON LE
ORTOGRAFIE EQUIVALENTI IN
INGLESE ED IN ITALIANO.

1. I nomi delle località sono
indicati sulla carta del Confine
nel modo seguente:

sono dalla parte del Chemia,
secondo il sistema R.G.S. II
(2° sistema della Reale Società
Geografica Britannica);

se sono dalla parte della
Somalia Italiana, in ortografia
Italiana;

sono a cavallo del confine in
tutti due i modi.

2. Nella maggior parte dei
caso i nomi sono stati scritti,

(*) Not reproduced. See map illustrating the boundary annexed.

or according to Italian spelling has been effected by a careful interrogation of natives, involving the twin problems of the language and meaning of the name.

In cases where a name has been collected by one of the two Missions but has not been verified by the other, the letter B or S in brackets indicates the Mission responsible for it (British or Italian).

3. A place-name written against a road or track to indicate the origin or destination of the road or track, is catalogued in this Appendix merely by a sheet number followed by the letter K or S, according as the place lies in Kenya or Italian Somaliland.

secondo il sistema S.G.S. Il secondo l'ortografia italiana, in seguito ad un'accurata interrogazione degli indigeni e studiando il duplice problema della lingua e del significato del nome.

Quando il nome è stato raccolto da uno delle due Missioni e non verificato dall'altra, la lettera B o S, in parentesi, indica che quale Missione (Britannica - Italiana) ne assume la responsabilità.

3. Ai nomi così messi a margine di strada o pista, per indicarne la provenienza o l'indirizzo, sono stati elencati in questa Appendice col numero del foglio seguito dalle lettere K o S, secondo che le località stesse si trovano nel Cheria o nella Somalia Italiana.

	Name as shown on the map Nome come è indicato sulla carta	System of spelling (R.G.S. II or Italian) Sistema d'ortografia (italiano) R.G.S. II	Name as written in alternative system Nome come è scritto nella forma alternativa	Map reference Foglio e quadretto
(B)	Ahale Karahan	R.G.S. II	Ahale Garibhan	4. h. 6
(B)	Ahak Fin	R.G.S. II	Ahach Fin	2. c. 1
(B)	Abandani	R.G.S. II	Abaudant	4. h. 7
	Abodilli	Ital.	Abodilli	3. c. 4
	Ahn Gala	Ital.	Abu Gala	3. g. 6
(B)	Adé Der	R.G.S. II	Adé Der	3. f. 2
	Afimadú	Ital.	Afimadú	3. S.
	Ajá	Ital.	Alakí	1. b. 8
(B)	Ajideri	R.G.S. II	Ajidesi	4. h. 6
(B)	Ali Gabi	R.G.S. II	Ali Gabi	3. f. 8
(B)	Ali Golo	R.G.S. II	Ali Golo	2. c. 3
(B)	Alicicilong	Ital.	Alichichlong	4. f. 7
	Allango Chilli	Ital.	Alango Killi	3. i. 4
(I)	Allango Gurra	Ital.	Alango Guru	3. i. 4
	Allango Iei	Ital.	Alango Yeyi	3. g. 6
	Allango Uba	Ital.	Alango Huba	3. e. 6
(B)	Ara	Ital.	Ara	4. e. 8-9
(B)	Arba Arura	Ital.	Arba Arura	4. f. 7
	Arda Dadaja	R.G.S. II	Arda Dadagia	1. h. 3
	Arda	Ital.	Arda	3. d. 6
	Avein Nur	Ital.	Aven Nur	1. g. 4
(B)	Awal Hoco	Ital.	Hawal Hoko	3. d. 6
(B)	Awal Holkole	R.G.S. II	Awal Colcole	4. d. 9
(B)	Aweyon	R.G.S. II	Ausion	1. c. 6
(B)	Ba Nongo	Ital.	Ba Nongo	4. g. 6
(B)	Babio	R.G.S. II	Babio	4. f. 7
	Bactili	Ital.	Baghili	1. d. 8
(B)	Bactili	Ital.	Baghili	2. f. 4
(B)	Bada	R.G.S. II	Bada	4. f. 6, g. 6

	Name as shown on the map Nome come è indicato sulla carta	System of spelling (R.G.S. II or Italian) Sistema d'ortografia (italiano) R.G.S. II	Name as written in alternative system Nome come è scritto nella forma alternativa	Map reference Foglio e quadretto
(I)	Badda	Ital.	Bada Jila	4. f. 5
(B)	Badda	Ital.	Bader	2. f. 2
(I)	Baghel Urghet	Ital.	Bagel Urget	1. g. 5
(B)	Barahoni	R.G.S. II	Bahareni	4. i. 7
(B)	Bai	R.G.S. II	Bai	1. a. 8
	Bakaja Obe	R.G.S. II	Bacchop Obbe	4. b. 3
(B)	Balgao	Ital.	Balaga	4. g. 6
(B)	Bal Bale	R.G.S. II	Bal Bale	2. f. 2
(I)	Bambà	Giovani	Bamba Javani	1. c. 7
(B)	Banbari Is Mbusi	Ital.	Bandari Ya Mbuzi	4. f. 8
(B)	Banbari	Ital.	Bandari	4. f. 7
(B)	Baniali	Ital.	Banyoli	1. b. 7
(B)	Ban Wayama	R.G.S. II	Ban Usama	3. c. 1
(B)	Ban Wifrawa	R.G.S. II	Ban Uiswara	3. d. 1
(B)	Baraca	Ital.	Baraka	4. b. 7
(B)	Baraca	Ital.	Baraka Haliki Kifuri	4. g. 8
	Chifuri			
(B)	Basa Halò	Ital.	Basa Halo	4. e. 7
	Bedima	R.G.S. II	Bedina	4. K.
(B)	Besheea	R.G.S. II	Bela Metessa	1. K.
	Besani	R.G.S. II	Besani	3. f. 8
(B)	Bendera Baniani	Ital.	Bendera Banyani	1. g. 7
	Benti	Ital.	Banti	1. g. 5
	Benuera	Ital.	Bewera	3. f. 5
(B)	Ber Hawamadi	R.G.S. II	Ber Hawamadi	1. d. 6
	Berti Finno	R.G.S. II	Berti Finno	1. e. 5
(I)	Bila	Ital.	Bila	1. i. 6
(B)	Blacea	Ital.	Blaga	2. S.
(B)	Billas	Ital.	Blida	4. g. 7
(B)	Bilo Godud	Ital.	Bilo Godud	4. h. 8
(B)	Bilo Godud	Ital.	Bilo Godud	4. h. 7
(B)	Bio Made	Ital.	Bio Made	4. f. 9
	Bireao (Som.)		Birkao (Som.)	4. f. 9
	Bur Gap		Gap	
(B)	Bireao Andani	Ital.	Birkao Andani	4. e. 8
(B)	Biscaia	Ital.	Bikaya	4. e. 8
	Bisan Addi	Ital.	Bisan Adi	3. i. 4
(B)	Bisan Dima	Ital.	Bisan Dima	4. e. 5
(B)	Biseco Tuma	Ital.	Bisa Tuma	4. d. 4
(B)	Bogi	Ital.	Boli	3. d. 4-5
(B)	Bogil Bachadli	Ital.	Bogil Baghadli	3. d. 4
(B)	Bogi	R.G.S. II	Bogi	2. d. 2-3
	Bora	Ital.	Bora	2. d. 2-3
(B)	Bo-Sa	R.G.S. II	Bo-Sa	1. d. 6
(B)	Buba	Ital.	Buba	4. g. 6
	Bubiu	Ital.	Bubiu	1. b. 8
(B)	Bubuso	Ital.	Bubush	4. f. 8
(B)	Bule Hari	Ital.	Bule Hari	4. f. 8
(B)	Burali	Ital.	Burali	4. f. 8
(B)	Bur Garfu Kurfu	Ital.	Bur Kurfu Kurfu	1. f. 3
	Bur Garfu	Ital.	Bur Garfu	1. f. 3
	Bur Dera	Ital.	Bur Dera	4. f. 5
(B)	Bur Gardida	R.G.S. II	Bur Gardida	2. c. 3
(B)	Bur Gasse	R.G.S. II	Bur Gasse	1. n. 7
(I)	Bur Gavse	R.G.S. II	Bur Gavse	1. n. 7
(I)	Bur Gherille	R.G.S. II	Bur Gerille	1. f. 6
(B)	Bur Haifura	R.G.S. II	Bur Haifura	1. a. 6
(B)	Bur Hogor Dobli	Ital.	Bur Hogor Dobli	2. b. 4
(B)	Bur Jabi	R.G.S. II	Bur Jabi	2. b. 3
(B)	Bur Manas	R.G.S. II	Bur Manas	1. b. 5
(I)	Bur Samarola	Ital.	Bur Samarola	1. b. 4
(B)	Bur Dar Benli	Ital.	Bur Dar Benli	1. b. 6
(B)	Bur Dara	Ital.	Bur Dara	1. b. 6

Map
reference
Foglio
e quadretto

Name as shown on the map	System of spelling (I.G.S. II or Italian)	Name as written in alternative system (Italian or I.G.S. Name come à scritto nell'altra sistema nella carta	Map reference
(B) Bur Wein	R.G.S. II	Bur Uein	2. b. 3
(B) Buri Haula	Ital.	Buri Haula	4. f. 1
(B) Buri Manga	Ital.	Buri Manga	4. f. 8
(B) Burkif Dima Dar	R.G.S. II	Burkif Dima Dar	1. e. 5
Burki Fimno	R.G.S. II	Burki Fimno	1. e. 5
(B) Burrada Ier	Ital.	Burrada Yer	4. g. 6
(B) Burrada Wein	Ital.	Burrada Wein	4. g. 6
(B) Buts	Ital.	Bute	2. d. 5
(I) Cabana	Ital.	Kabana	4. f. 5
(B) Cabo Chikororo	Ital.	Kabo Chikororo	4. f. 5
(B) Cala	Ital.	Kala	4. f. 5
(B) Camore	Ital.	Kamora	4. f. 5
Camora Bali	Ital.	Kamora Bali	4. f. 5
Camora Gof	Ital.	Kamora Goff	4. f. 5
Camora Gila	Ital.	Kamora Gila	4. f. 5
(I) Cannidi	Ital.	Qamudi	1. e. 5
(I) Cancirri	Ital.	Kanchirri	1. S.
Carim	Ital.	Karim	4. e. 5
Cascin Debina	Ital.	Kasha Debina	4. c. 5
Cauitti	Ital.	Kawitti	4. b. 4
(I) Chiliga	Ital.	Keliga	1. a. 8
(I) Chersa	Ital.	Kersa	1. d. 2
Chiamboni	Ital.	Kiamboni	4. h. 7
(B) Chiamponi	Ital.	Kiamponi	4. h. 7
(B) Chidingo	Ital.	Kidhingo	4. f. 8
(B) Chidivani	Ital.	Kidhivani	4. f. 8
(B) Chigome Ciava	Ital.	Kigome Chavaduka	4. f. 8
duca			
Chisimao	Ital.	Kismayu	3. S.
(B) Chissida	Ital.	Kisida	4. g. 5
(B) Chissile	Ital.	Kisillo	4. f. 5
(B) Chitongheni	Ital.	Kitongheni	4. f. 8
Chiuspesi	Ital.	Kiuensi	4. f. 7
(I) Ciala	Ital.	Chala	4. g. 6
(B) Cacoio	Ital.	Kokao	1. c. 3
(B) Cate	Ital.	Kohiti	3. i. 4
(B) Colame	Ital.	Kolame	4. g. 6
(B) Comusia	Ital.	Komawala	4. h. 7
(B) Conos	Ital.	Komer	4. g. 6
(B) Con Gula	Ital.	Kosa Gula	4. g. 6
(B) Cono Sagradra	Ital.	Kosa Sagradra	3. g. 6
Cono Gibili	Ital.	Kono Gibili	3. g. 6
(I) Cono Roba	Ital.	Kono Roba	3. f. 6
(I) Cora Igabb	Ital.	Kora Igabb	1. f. 6
Corbes	Ital.	Korbes	4. c. 6
Coriamu	Ital.	Qoriamu	1. c. 8
Corio Cauitti	Ital.	Gori Kawiti	4. b. 4
Coriale	Ital.	Kormala	3. i. 4
Ondulama	Ital.	Kulama	1. c. 5
(B) Cugno	Ital.	Kungo	2. d. 3-3. b. 5
(I) Cuis Cavara	Ital.	Kuwis Cavara	3. f. 6
Cuis Dera	Ital.	Kuwis Dera	3. f. 6
Cumbi Licoli	Ital.	Qumbi Licoli	4. e. 5
(B) Cunooa	Ital.	Kunawka	4. e. 8
(B) Curde	Ital.	Kurde	2. e. 3
(B) Curde	Ital.	Kurde	4. b. 4-3. h. 6
(B) Curdo	Ital.	Kurdo	2. S.
Cussa	Ital.	Kuss	4. d. 5
Daba	Ital.	Daba	1. g. 4
(B) Daba Der	R.G.S. II	Daba Der	3. e. 8

Name as shown on the map	System of spelling (I.G.S. II or Italian)	Name as written in alternative system (Italian or I.G.S. Name come à scritto nell'altra sistema nella carta	Map reference
Dabli	Ital.	Dabli	1. S.
Dacagi	Ital.	Dakasi	3. e. 5
Dad Cumbi	Ital.	Dad Qumbi	3. i. 5
Dad Fiti	Ital.	Dad Fiti	3. g. 6
Dadabli	Ital.	Dadabli	1. f. 7
(B) Dadajai Bula	R.G.S. II	Dadagi Bula	3. d. 3
(I) Dado Harre	Ital.	Dado Harre	3. e. 5
(B) Dadoli	R.G.S. II	Dadoli	3. d. 4
(B) Dadumma Adi	R.G.S. II	Daduma Adi	2. f. 3
(B) Daka Laftu	R.G.S. II	Daca Laftu	2. b. 3
Damas	Ital.	Damass	1. g. 4
Damasa	R.G.S. II	Damasa	1. g. 4
Dambale	R.G.S. II	Dambala	4. d. 4
Dambala Ghessa	Ital.	Dambala Gessa	4. d. 8
(B) Danis	Ital.	Danis Bogi	3. g. 8
(B) Danis Sipi	Ital.	Danis Sipi	3. g. 6
Bar Es Saisam	R.G.S. II	Bar El Salam	3. g. 7
Datks Erbika	R.G.S. II	Datks Erbika	3. e. 3
Daus	Ital.	Dauva	4. f. 6
(I) Dech- doch Cura	Ital.	Dech dok Kura Huber	1. e. 7
Allshier			
Del Buu	Ital.	Del Buu	2. f. 6
Delagangs	Ital.	Delagangs	4. g. 5
(B) Deli Dedi	R.G.S. II	Deli Dedi	3. d. 3
(B) Denli	R.G.S. II	Denli	1. S.
(B) Derib	Ital.	Derib	3. g. 6
(I) Derma	Ital.	Derma	1. d. 7
(B) Dhigomen Dhiwili	R.G.S. II	Dhigomi Dhiwili	3. d. 4
Dib Ul Chena	Ital.	Dib Ul Chena	3. d. 5
Dik	Ital.	Diku	3. d. 5
Did Giri	Ital.	Did Jiri	4. e. 7
(B) Did Sanga	R.G.S. II	Did Sanga	4. f. 5
(B) Dida Addi	Ital.	Dida Addi	4. c. 6
(B) Didir	Ital.	Didir	4. g. 6
(B) Dif	R.G.S. II	Dif	3. b. 9
Digh Merer	Ital.	Dig Merer	3. b. 9
(B) Dinal Ghoisti	R.G.S. II	Dinal Ghoisti	4. d. 4
(B) Dindji Lamore	R.G.S. II	Dindji Lamore	4. d. 3
(B) Dirdir Museo	Ital.	Dirdir Museo	4. g. 7
(B) Dirhara	Ital.	Dirhara	1. h. 4-6. 7
(B) Dius Damascina	Ital.	Dhiva Damashaka	4. h. 7
(B) Do Dero	Ital.	Do Dero	4. g. 6
(B) Do Dero	Ital.	Do Dero	4. g. 6
Dobli	Ital.	Dobli	3. e. 4
(B) Dol Warda	R.G.S. II	Dol Warda	4. f. 2
(B) Dola	Ital.	Dola	4. e. 4
(B) Dolu	Ital.	Dolu	1. a. 9
(B) Domi Deri	Ital.	Doms Deri	2. S. 9
(B) Domi	R.G.S. II	Domi	4. e. 4
(B) Doria	R.G.S. II	Doria	4. g. 6
(B) Duboli	Ital.	Duboli	1. f. 5
(B) Dubra	Ital.	Dubra	4. b. 4
(B) Dubri	Ital.	Dubri	3. g. 6
(I) Dumanduma	Ital.	Dumanduma	1. g. 6
(B) Dunkal	R.G.S. II	Dunkal	1. g. 8

	Name as shown on the map Nome come è indicato sulla carta	System of spelling (R.G.S. II or Italian) Sistema d'ortografia (Italiano o R.G.S.)	Name as written in alternative system Nome come è scritto nell'altro sistema	Map reference Poglio e quadretto
(B)	El Boru Hagia	Ital.	El Beru Haja	1. i. 3
	El Bisq	R.G.S. II	El Blaseca	1. i. 2
(B)	El Camore	Ital.	El Kamore	3. d. 6
	El Dargula	R.G.S. II	El Dargula	1. i. 2
	El Gawayiye	R.G.S. II	El Gossai	1. i. 2
	El Ghala	R.G.S. II	El Gala	1. i. 2
	El Gola	R.G.S. II	El Goliga	1. i. 2
	El Golija	R.G.S. II	El Goligia	1. i. 2
	El Guyu Buya	R.G.S. II	El Guiu Buia	1. i. 2
(B)	El Habla	Ital.	El Habla	4. a. 7
	El Hagarasu	R.G.S. II	El Hagarasu	1. i. 5
(B)	El Haji Sera	R.G.S. II	El Hazi Sera	1. i. 2
(B)	El Iabio	Ital.	El Iyabio	4. f. 7
(B)	El Kajelo Baroda	R.G.S. II	El Gatele Baroda	1. i. 2
	El Korma	R.G.S. II	El Corma	1. i. 2
(B)	El Loba	R.G.S. II	El Cura	3. c. 2
	El Safara	R.G.S. II	El Safara	1. i. 2
	El Saqo	R.G.S. II	El Saco	1. i. 2
	El Seiana	Ital.	El Shama	1. i. 2
(B)	El Uara	Ital.	El Wara	1. i. 2
	El Usch	Ital.	El Wak	1. i. 2
	El Wak	R.G.S. II	El Usch	2. 2. 3
(B)	El Yaq	R.G.S. II	El Jack	4. i. 6
(B)	El Alalan	Ital.	El Alalan	3. h. 5
(B)	El Erabo	Ital.	Erabo	4. S.
(B)	Escudotsa	Ital.	Eskudutka	2. S.
(B)	Faf Kalala	R.G.S. II	Faf Calala	3. f. 2
(B)	Faido	Ital.	Faido	3. c. 4
(B)	Falamia	R.G.S. II	Falamia	2. a. 3
(B)	Famau Uali	Ital.	Famau Wal	4. h. 7
(B)	Fila	Ital.	Fila	4. f. 5
(B)	Finno	R.G.S. II	Finno	1. e. 6
(B)	Fua	Ital.	Fua	4. e. 9
(I)	Fullaile	Ital.	Fulails	1. a. 9
(B)	Funa Guba	R.G.S. II	Funa Guba	1. b. 8
(B)	Furene Mbogo	R.G.S. II	Furene Mbogo	4. h. 6
	Gal Gali	Ital.	Qal Gali	1. c. 8
	Gal Bumi	Ital.	Gale Busi	3. f. 8
(B)	Gelieisa	R.G.S. II	Gelleisa	4. d. 4
(B)	Galgħel Beit	R.G.S. II	Għolgbel Beit	2. a. 2
(I)	Galgurċe Gabalote	Ital.	Galgħarha Gabalote	4. b. 5
(I)	Gam-Bali	Ital.	Gama-Bali	3. g. 6
	Ganagar	Ital.	Ganagar	3. i. 5
	Ganġen	R.G.S. II	Gangħess	4. b. 3
(B)	Gars	Ital.	Gars	4. a. 7
(B)	Gebis	Ital.	Jebis	1. b. 8
(B)	Gerba Gula	R.G.S. II	Gherba Gula	1. b. 7
(B)	Gerzi	R.G.S. II	Gherzi	4. d. 3
(B)	Għaiyieg	R.G.S. II	Hai-Iagh	4. a. 3
(B)	Għedda Samā	Ital.	Gedo Sama	2. b. 4
(B)	Għedda	Ital.	Gedu	2. a-d. 4
(I)	Għeigħel Beit	Ital.	Galigal Beit	3. a. 4
(I)	Għeigħel Bur Foli	Ital.	Galigal Bur Foli	3. a. 3-4
	Għerba	Ital.	Gerasħi	1. f. 6
(I)	Għerba Abdi	Ital.	Gerba Abdi	1. d. 7
(I)	Għerba Garbud	Ital.	Gerba Garbud	1. f. 6
(I)	Għerba Gof	Ital.	Gerba Gawf	1. d. 7
	Għerille	Ital.	Gerila	2. f. 4

	Name as shown on the map Nome come è indicato sulla carta	System of spelling (R.G.S. II or Italian) Sistema d'ortografia (Italiano o R.G.S.)	Name as written in alternative system Nome come è scritto nell'altro sistema	Map reference Poglio e quadretto
	Għarsei	Ital.	Garsi	4. b. 4
(I)	Għara Atta	Ital.	Jara Atta	4. b. 6
(I)	Għiara El	Ital.	Jara El	4. b. 6
(I)	Għibċilana	Ital.	Jibħiċċilawa	4. f. 6
(I)	Għiengi	Ital.	Jinjji	1. a. 9
(B)	Għifta Bura	Ital.	Jifta Bura	4. f. 6
(B)	Għifta Ċortuni	Ital.	Jifta Kortumi	4. f. 6
(B)	Għifta Lele	Ital.	Jifta Lele	4. f. 4
(B)	Għixx	Ital.	Jixx	4. b. 6-07
(I)	Għirma	Ital.	Jirma	4. a. 5
(I)	Għixba	Ital.	Jiħuba	1. a. 9
	Għirra	Ital.	Nyura	3. c. 5
(B)	Għoja	Ital.	Għaww	4. a. 8
(I)	Għad-Dado Ċafe	Ital.	Għad-Dado Ċafe	3. b. 6
(B)	Għogħi	Ital.	Għogħi	2. a. 3-9
(B)	Għol-Kor	R.G.S. II	Għol-Cho	1. a. 3
	Għol-Gejj	Ital.	Għol-Gejj	1. a. 3
(I)	Għol-Għarbi	R.G.S. II	Għol-Jašaro	4. a. 2
(B)	Għol-Gejj	R.G.S. II	Għol-Gejj	2. c. 4
(B)	Għoġebi	R.G.S. II	Għoġebi	3. f. 2
(B)	Għoġi	R.G.S. II	Għoġi	4. f. 3
(I)	Għoġi Għeriba	Ital.	Għoġi Geriha	3.-b.-6
(I)	Għoġi Mäder	Ital.	Għoġi Mäder	4. d. 5
(B)	Għubbet Maro	Ital.	Għubbet Maro	1. a. 9
	Għubbet Uasana	Ital.	Għubbet Wasasa	1. a. 9
(I)	Għubbi	Ital.	Għubbi	3. i. 6
	Għodura	Ital.	Għodura	2. K.
(B)	Għidu	R.G.S. II	Għidu	2. b. 3
(B)	Għal-Dima	R.G.S. II	Għal-Dima	3. b. 5
(B)	Għirol	R.G.S. II	Għirol	3. b. 5
	Għura Arba	Ital.	Għura Arba	3. b. 5
	Gurara	Ital.	Gurara	4. b. 4
(B)	Gurati	R.G.S. II	Gurati	3. a. 4
	Għurgura	Ital.	Għurgura	1. d. 8
(B)	Għabbi	Ital.	Għabbi	4. g. 8
(B)	Għabu Ċaile	Ital.	Għabu Kulo	4. a. 6
	Għakun	Ital.	Għakun	4. e. 7
	Għaddha	Ital.	Għaddha	4. e. 8
	Għadidka	Ital.	Għadidka	3. d. 4
(B)	Għadu	Ital.	Għadu	4. d. 5
	Hafura	R.G.S. II	Hafura	1. d. 5
(B)	Hagiġiabu Chedeliżi	Ital.	Hajabu Kedeiżi	4. S.
(B)	Għażiex	Ital.	Għażiex	4. h. 7
(B)	Halli	Ital.	Għalli	3. d. 6
(I)	Għambalash	R.G.S. II	Għambalasc	2. c. 3
(B)	Għamudi	R.G.S. II	Għamudi	3. s. 6
(I)	Għamuna	R.G.S. II	Għamuna	4. h. 6
	Għannej	R.G.S. II	Għannej	4. K.
	Għar-Buġo	Ital.	Hara Buġo	1. f. 7
	Għar-Buti	Ital.	Hara Buti	1. f. 5
(B)	Għar-Caderha	Ital.	Hara Kaderha	2. d. 4
(I)	Għar-Dedi	Ital.	Hara Dedi	1. a. 9
(B)	Għar-Dima	R.G.S. II	Hara Dima	4. c. 3
	Għar-Fara	Ital.	Hara Fara	1. e. 7
	Għar-Għera	Ital.	Hara ġħera	1. e. 6
(B)	Għar-Gulgula	Ital.	Għar-Gulgula	4. b. 3
(B)	Għar-Jilo	R.G.S. II	Hara Jilo	3. e. 3
(B)	Għar-Lon Weyu	R.G.S. II	Hara Lon Ueu	2. b. 3
(B)	Harange	R.G.S. II	Haranghe	2. b. 3

Name as shown on the map	System of spelling (R.G.S. II or Italian)	Name as written in alternative system	Map reference	Nome come è indicato sulla carta	Sistema d'ortografia (Italiano o R.G.S. II)	Nome come è scritto nell'altro sistema	Map reference	
(B) Harbate	R.G.S. II	Harbate	4. d. 4	(B) Kusiani	R.G.S. II	Chiesuni	4. i. 6	
(B) Hardima	R.G.S. II	Hardima	4. d. 4	(B) Kiu Shishi	R.G.S. II	Chiesu Scisci	4. g. 6	
(B) Harerhi	R.G.S. II	Arieri	4. K.	(B) Kiunga	R.G.S. II	Chiunga	4. i. 6	
(B) Hareri Hawseli	R.G.S. II	Hareri Hossoli	1. c. 7	(B) Kiunga Mwini	R.G.S. II	Chingua Muini	4. i. 7	
(B) Haunia	Ital.	Haunia	3. f. 5	(B) Kolbio	R.G.S. II	Colbio	4. e. 5	
(B) Haura	Ital.	Haura	3. g. 6	(B) Kon Malabi	R.G.S. II	Con Malabi	4. b. 7	
(B) Haual	Garba	R.G.S. II	Haual Garba Hoghi	1. f. 5	(B) Kon Sabedi	R.G.S. II	Con Sabedi	4. h. 7
(B) Hogi	Ital.	Hogi	1. g. 6	(B) Kon Tusuari	R.G.S. II	Con Tusuari	4. g. 6	
(I) Hale Auroble	Ital.	Hale Aurple	1. a. 9	(B) Kono Boga	R.G.S. II	Cono Boga	4. i. 6	
(B) Hale Keberye	R.G.S. II	Hole Cheberie	1. g. 6	(B) Kono Hamessa	R.G.S. II	Cono Hamessa	4. e. 4	
(I) Hale Seid	Ital.	Hole Shid	1. g. 6	(B) Konogohri	R.G.S. II	Conohori	4. e. 4	
(B) Hida Haro Mare	Ital.	Hida Haro Mare	4. d. 4	(B) Koiton	R.G.S. II	Contor	2 K.	
(B) Hila Lei	Ital.	Hila Lei	3. f. 6	(B) Koromi	R.G.S. II	Coromi	1. b. 7	
(B) Hogor Dobi	Ital.	Hogor Dobi	1. f. 3	(B) Kubu	R.G.S. II	Cubu	5. h. 3	
(B) Holai	Ital.	Holai	4. e. 5	(B) Kura	R.G.S. II	Cura	2. d. 3	
(B) Hola Dalder	Ital.	Hola Dalder	4. e. 5	(B) Kura Yeri	R.G.S. II	Cura Ieri	4. e. 4	
(B) Hola Darches	Ital.	Hola Darckan	4. e. 5	(B) Kuro	R.G.S. II	Curo	4. d. 4	
(B) Hola Dingium	Ital.	Hola Dujum	4. e. 5	(B) Kuro Sanga Maro	R.G.S. II	Curo-Sanga Maro	4. d. 4	
(B) Hola Guba	Ital.	Hola Gubal	3. e. 5					
(B) Hola Uarabes	Ital.	Hola Warabes	4. e. 5					
(B) Honasigio	Ital.	Honajai	3. b. 4					
(B) Honatoca	Ital.	Quonetaka	1. a. 8					
(B) Hor Diga	R.G.S. II	Hor Diga	4. e. 4					
(B) Hor Dugubusc	Ital.	Ghiring Bubush	4. e. 7					
(B) Hosong Horobo	Ital.	Hosong Horobo	4. e. 5					
(B) Hulugho	R.G.S. II	Huliche	4. e. 4					
(B) Humbali	Ital.	Humbali	1. e. 8					
(B) Hunduda	R.G.S. II	Hunduda	1. h. 8					
(B) Hurup	Ital.	Hurup	4. h. 7					
(B) Iade Ari	Ital.	Yaq Ari	4. f. 6					
(B) Iade Baraca	Ital.	Yaq Baraka	4. h. 7					
(B) Iade Fur	Ital.	Yaq Fur	1. S.					
(B) Iach Hagi	Ital.	Yaq Haji	4. e. 5					
(B) Iade	Ital.	Yangali	1. f. 7					
(B) Iambori	Ital.	Yambori	1. e. 9					
(B) Iawa Lakinu	R.G.S. II	Ishima Lachinu	4. i. 6					
(I) Indi	Ital.	Yodi	4. d. 6					
(B) Iedo	Ital.	Jedo	1. h. 3					
(B) If	Ital.	If	4. e. 6					
(B) If Gandu	Ital.	If Gandu	4. g. 7					
(B) Iali	Ital.	Halo	2. b. 3					
(B) Iakadore	R.G.S. II	Iakadore	4. f. 4					
(B) Iaken Lassei	Ital.	Ishaka Lassei	4. f. 8					
(B) Iekora	Ital.	Iekora	1. n. 4					
(B) Ishakanji	R.G.S. II	Isciacani	4. i. 7					
(B) Issi Uanamiusa	Ital.	Issi Wanamiusa	4. e. 8					
(B) Itangomji	R.G.S. II	Itangomji	4. i. 7					
(B) Jaha Dimtu	R.G.S. II	Giabe Dimtu	1. h. 3					
(B) Jaha Kurmama	R.G.S. II	Giabe Kurmama	1. h. 3					
(B) Jianto Lango	R.G.S. II	Giante Lango	1. K.					
(B) Jala	R.G.S. II	Gala	4. e. 3					
(B) Jara Jila	R.G.S. II	Giara Jila	4. K.					
(B) Jawasi	R.G.S. II	Gianassi	4. b. 7					
(B) Juma Korkje	R.G.S. II	Giuna Corche	4. e. 4					
(B) Kalabad	R.G.S. II	Calabàd	1. K.					
(B) Kasha Gurgurda	R.G.S. II	Cascia Gurgurda	4. c. 3					
(B) Kawf Awedi	R.G.S. II	Cof Awedi	4. h. 6					
[9468]								

	Name as shown on (Italiano)	Name as written in alternative system (Italiano o U.S.A.)	Name as shown on (Italiano)	Name as written in alternative system (Italiano o U.S.A.)
(B) Mainie Gap	Ital.	Mainya Gap	1. e. 6	
(B) Malicca	Ital.	Malikas	1. e. 6	
(B) Malo Oda	Ital.	Malka Oda	1. b. 8	
(B) Malo Kas	Ital.	Malka Kas	1. b. 8	
(B) Malka Got	R.G.S. II	Malka Got	1. b. 8	
(B) Makka Madere	R.G.S. II	Malka Madera Ubin	1. b. 8	
(B) Makka Wain	R.G.S. II	Malka Madere Iwai	1. b. 8	
(B) Makka Madere	R.G.S. II	Malka Madere Iwai	1. b. 8	
(B) Makka Veri	R.G.S. II	Malka Madere Iwai	1. b. 8	
(B) Manieda	Ital.	Manyeda	1. e. 6	
(B) Manza	R.G.S. II	Manza	1. K.	
(B) Mara Hor	R.G.S. II	Mara Hor	1. e. 6	
(I) Marc Daitu	Ital.	Marc Daitu	1. e. 6	
(B) Marodi Galo	Ital.	Marodi Galo	1. e. 6	
(B) Maschihuli	Ital.	Mashihuli	1. e. 6	
(B) Matte Arba	Ital.	Matta Arba	1. d. 7	
(B) Matte Arba	R.G.S. II	Matta Arba	1. d. 7	
(B) Mattease	R.G.S. II	Mattetasse	2. K.	
(B) Mbaba	Ital.	Mhaba	1. e. 7	
(B) Mbogo	R.G.S. II	Mbogo	1. e. 6	
(B) Mbogo	R.G.S. II	Mbogo	1. e. 6	
(B) Mbua Municciu	Ital.	Mbua Municciu	1. e. 6	
(B) Mochosani	Ital.	Mokosani	1. b. 7	
(B) Moocofina	Ital.	Mokokina	1. f. 8	
(B) Moda	Ital.	Moda	1. d. 4	
(B) Moda	R.G.S. II	Moda	1. d. 4	
(B) Moda	Ital.	Moda	1. d. 4	
(B) Mori	Ital.	Mori	1. e. 6	
(B) Mori	Ital.	Mori	1. e. 6	
(B) Mucchetti	Ital.	Mucchetti	3. c. 6	
(B) Mgombani	R.G.S. II	Mgombani	1. b. 6	
(B) Micondoni	Ital.	Mkondoni	1. f. 8	
(B) Micondoni (rus- cello)	Ital.	Mkondoni (creek)	1. f. 8	
(B) Micondoni	Ital.	Mikomani	1. f. 8	
(B) Mida	R.G.S. II	Midi	1. f. 8	
(B) Misanbi	R.G.S. II	Misanbi	1. f. 6	
(B) Mkondoni	R.G.S. II	Micosdoni	4. K.	
(B) Milango Wabomeni	R.G.S. II	Milango Wabomeni	1. f. 8	
(B) Miarani	Ital.	Miarani	1. f. 8	
(B) Mocooco	Ital.	Mokooco	1. f. 8	
(I) Mola Ghersei	Ital.	Mola Gessa	3. b. 6	
(B) Mauachini	Ital.	Mewahini	1. e. 6	
(B) Mawaki	R.G.S. II	Mauschi	1. h. 6	
(B) Muccaciatu	Ital.	Mucchacatu	1. e. 6	
(B) Muifa	R.G.S. II	Mufia	1. e. 6	
(B) Muru Domaro	Ital.	Mug Domaro	1. d. 4	
(B) Muru Mvuli	Ital.	Muru Mvuli	1. f. 8	
(B) Mwaagati	R.G.S. II	Muangati	1. h. 7	
(B) Navaya (salato)	Ital.	Navaya (salt)	4. e. 8	
(B) Noboi	R.G.S. II	Noboi	1. K.	
(B) Noboi	Ital.	Noboi	1. f. 6	
(B) Ngamboni	R.G.S. II	Ngamboni	1. h. 7	
(B) Ngoda	R.G.S. II	Ngoda	1. h. 7	
(B) Niama	Ital.	Niama	1. f. 8	
(B) No. 1 Post-Road to El Wak	R.G.S. II	No. 1 Strada Postale da El Usach	1. K.	
(B) Nuidi	Ital.	Nuidi	1. f. 6	
(B) Nuidi	Ital.	Nuidi	1. f. 6	
(I) Oballa	Ital.	Oballa	1. e. 8	

	Name as shown on (Italiano)	Name as written in alternative system (Italiano o U.S.A.)	Name as shown on (Italiano)	Name as written in alternative system (Italiano o U.S.A.)
(B) Odolahambu	R.G.S. II	Oolahambu	4. d. 4	
(B) Oinna	Ital.	Oina	4. b. 5	
(I) Ona	Ital.	Qona	1. a. 9	
(B) Pepechono	R.G.S. II	Pepecino	4. h. 7	
(B) Raci	R.G.S. II	Raci	1. c. 5	
(B) Ramia	R.G.S. II	Ramia	4. d. 2	
(B) Ramia Addi	Ital.	Ramia Adi	4. f. 5-9	
(B) Ramia Gedoli	R.G.S. II	Ramia Gedoli	1. i. 2	
(I) Ramia Guda	Ital.	Ramia Guda	1. i. 3	
(B) Ramia Guda	R.G.S. II	Ramia Guda	1. i. 3	
(B) Ramia Jebia	R.G.S. II	Ramia Jebia	1. a. 5	
(B) Ramate	Ital.	Ramate	2. b. 3	
(B) Ramato	R.G.S. II	Ramate	2. b. 3	
(B) Ramu	R.G.S. II	Ramu	2. K.	
(B) Ramu	R.G.S. II	Ramu	2. K.	
(B) Ras Aliyoti	Ital.	Ras Aliyoti	4. f. 8	
(B) Ras Cau	Ital.	Ras Cawi	4. f. 8	
(B) Ras Chamboni	Ital.	Ras Kianboni	4. f. 7	
(B) Ras Chivanda	Ital.	Ras Kivanda	4. f. 9	
(B) Ras Changwani	Ital.	Ras Changwani	4. f. 6	
(B) Ras Chindwi	Ital.	Ras Chindwi	4. f. 7	
(B) Ras Cuado	Ital.	Ras Cuado	4. f. 7	
(B) Ras Gualani	Ital.	Ras Gualani	4. f. 9	
(B) Ras Gue Laheoua	Ital.	Ras Gue Laheoua	4. h. 7	
(B) Ras Eala Gari	Ital.	Ras Inya Omari	4. h. 7	
(B) Ras Eala Lacesi	Ital.	Ras Isbaka Lassi	4. f. 8	
(B) Ras Maififuo	Ital.	Ras Maififuo	6. f. 7	
(B) Ras Mai Caci	Ital.	Ras Mai Kachi	4. f. 8	
(B) Ras Mbwa Mwicciu	Ital.	Ras Mbwa Mwicciu	4. g. 8	
(B) Ras Mbura Bala	Ital.	Ras Mbura Bala	4. g. 8	
(B) Ras Mbura Girano	Ital.	Ras Mbura Jirako	4. g. 8	
(B) Ras Mcoco Ndovo	Ital.	Ras Mbura Ndovo	4. g. 7	
(B) Ras Miandi	Ital.	Ras Miandi	4. g. 8	
(B) Ras Mnganai	Ital.	Ras Mnganai	4. f. 7	
(B) Ras Saco	Ital.	Ras Sako	4. f. 8	
(B) Ras Waravole	Ital.	Ras Waravole	3. d. 5	
(B) Reeti	Ital.	Reeti	2. e. 1	
(B) Riba	R.G.S. II	Riba	1. e. 4	
(B) Rignio	R.G.S. II	Righnijo	4. e. 4	
(B) Rock	Ital.	Roka	1. a. 8	
(B) Ruge	Ital.	Ruge	4. g. 8	
(B) Ruka Adale	R.G.S. II	Ruka Adale	4. K.	
(B) Run Hawacho	R.G.S. II	Run Hawecco	4. e. 3	
(I) Samarele	Ital.	Samarele	1. S.	
(B) Sangole	R.G.S. II	Sangole	4. K.	
(I) Santaro	Ital.	Santaro	4. S.	
(B) Sarita	Ital.	Sarita	4. c. 4	
(B) Sarita	Ital.	Sarita	4. f. 6	
(B) Satua Wara	R.G.S. II	Satua Uara	1. h. 2	
(B) Schebeli	Ital.	Shebeli	4. e. 2	
(B) Sher	Ital.	Sher	4. f. 7	
(B) Scicatini	Ital.	Scicatini	4. e. 9	
(B) Sciam Cu	Ital.	Sham Ku	4. g. 8	
(B) Sciam Uaggio	Ital.	Shami Wojo	3. e. 6	
(B) Scimo Vengno	Ital.	Shimo Vengno	4. f. 8	
(B) Schub Daf Qumbi	Ital.	Shub Daf Qumbi	3. b. 5	
(B) Schub Elalan	Ital.	Shub Elalan	3. b. 5	
(B) Schub Guloli	Ital.	Shub Guloli	3. b. 5	
(B) Sere Buko	Ital.	Sere Buko	1. h. 3	

Name as shown on the map	System of spelling (R.G.S. II or Italian)	Name as written in alternative system.	Map reference
Nom come à indicare sulla carta	Sistema d'ortografia (Italiano o R.G.S.)	Nome come è scritto nella altre sistemi	Punto di riferimento
(B) Serenli	R.M.	Serenli	1. e. 5.
(B) Shimbir, Bul	R.G.S. II	Scimbiri Bul	3. K.
(B) Shimbir	R.G.S. II	Scimbiri	3. K.
(B) Shimbiri	R.G.S. II	Scimbiri	3. K.
(B) Shire, Wein	R.G.S. II	Scira Wein	4. e. 6.
(B) Shire Yeri	R.G.S. II	Scira Ieri	4. e. 6.
(B) Simba	Ital.	Simba	4. e. 9.
(B) Sirba	Ital.	Sirba	4. e. 8.
(I) Sur Godut	Ital.	Sur Godud	1. e. 5.
(B) Susi	R.G.S. II	Susi	4. i. 6.
Tabla	Ital.	Tabla	
(B) Tachki	Ital.	Takki	4. e. 5.
(B) Tambu	R.G.S. II	Tambu	4. f. 9.
(B) Tarangga	Ital.	Tarinaga	4. f. 9.
(B) Teram	Ital.	Teram	4. e. 5.
(B) Teso Mangudo	R.G.S. II	Teso Mangudo	4. e. 8.
(B) Tita	Ital.	Tita	4. e. 6.
Tobi	Ital.	Tebli	1. d. 7.
(I) Todoba Darcken	R.G.S. II	Todolla Darchen	1. d. 5.
(B) Tuariusida	Ital.	Tuariusida	4. e. 5.
(B) Tuhece	Ital.	Tuhce	4. e. 2.
(B) Tuhece Dama	Ital.	Tuhce Dama	4. e. 7.
(B) Tulio Naghegariga	Ital.	Tulich Naghegariga	4. e. 5.
(I) Tultiti	Ital.	Tuliti	4. e. 5.
(B) Tumish	R.G.S. II	Tumtiss	4. e. 3.
(B) Tur Gude	R.G.S. II	Tur Gude	4. e. 2.
(B) Usabi	Ital.	Wabbi	2. b. 4.
Usedana	Ital.	Wasedana	1. e. 6.
(B) Uzedeni	Ital.	Waderi	4. e. 6.
(B) Uzedeni	Ital.	Wayene	4. f. 7.
(B) Uchon Giabessa	Ital.	Waloss Jabeen	4. e. 6.
(B) Uama Idu	Ital.	Wama Idu	4. e. 5-6.
(E) Uanggale	Ital.	Wama Idu	4. e. 6.
(B) Uangaue	Ital.	Wanggese	4. e. 5.
Uanguae	Ital.	Wamo Langguesa	4. e. 7.
(I) Uar Anzi	Ital.	War Anzi	4. b. 5.
(I) Uar Beni	Ital.	War Bedi	1. e. 5.
(I) Uar Cenio	Ital.	War Chenio	1. e. 5.
Uar Marer	Ital.	War Marer	1. e. 6.
(I) Uar Rei	Ital.	War Re	1. e. 3.
(B) Uar Tinghet	Ital.	War Tinget	4. e. 6.
(I) Uar Uai	Ital.	War Wat	1. e. 5.
(I) Uardi Diote	Ital.	Warei Dikote	1. e. 6.
Uarrach	Ital.	Warak	4. e. 4.
Uarsoso Raghi	Ital.	Waroso Raghi	1. e. 5.
(B) Uarto Galotis	Ital.	Warta Galotis	2. e. 5.
Uarto Dens	Ital.	Warto Dens	1. e. 5.
(I) Uel Beit	Ital.	Wel Beit	3. e. 4.
Uel Mur	Ital.	Wel Mur	3. e. 5.
(B) Uer Mur Corche	Ital.	Wel Mur Korke	3. e. 4.
(B) Uendi	Ital.	Wendi	4. e. 7.
Uenti Digo	Ital.	Wanti Digho	1. e. 3.
Uenti Dima	Ital.	Wanti Dima	1. e. 3.
(B) Ul Tisa	R.G.S. II	Uf Tissa	4. e. 3.
(B) Ulad	Ital.	Uland	4. d. 4.
(B) Uasi Digo	Ital.	Usasi Digos	4. e. 5.
Uasi Gudu	Ital.	Usasi Gudu	4. e. 5.
Urena	R.G.S. II	Urena	

Name as shown on the map	System of spelling (R.G.S. II or Italian)	Name as written in alternative system.	Map reference
Nom come à indicare sulla carta	Sistema d'ortografia (Italiano o R.G.S.)	Nome come è scritto nella altre sistemi	Punto di riferimento
(B) Urara	R.G.S. II	Urara	4. e. 4.
(B) Urara	Ital.	Urara	4. f. 6.
(B) Ururaha	R.G.S. II	Ururaha	3. K.
(B) Vungo Vungoni	R.G.S. II	Vungo Vungoni	4. i. 6.
(B) Wai Ai Bohar	R.G.S. II	Uai Ai Bohar	4. h. 7.
Waier	R.G.S. II	Uager	1. K.
Waier Bor	R.G.S. II	Uager Bor	2. K.
Waier Dima	R.G.S. II	Uager Dima	2. K.
(B) Wanekta	R.G.S. II	Uanekta	4. h. 7.
(B) War Deglo	R.G.S. II	Uer Deglo	3. f. 3.
War Dod	R.G.S. II	Uer Dod	4. b. 3.
War Kamakoti	R.G.S. II	Uar Camacoti	1. K. 6.
War Omari	R.G.S. II	Uar Omari	4. h. 7.
Waregifto	R.G.S. II	Uer Gifto	2. e. 3.
Wel Adi	R.G.S. II	Uel Adi	2. f. 3.
Wel Gara	R.G.S. II	Uel Gara	2. e. 3.
Wel Gur	R.G.S. II	Uel Gur	4. e. 3.
Wel Gur Dahkate	R.G.S. II	Uel Gur Dahkatese	4. e. 3.
(I) Wel Jare	R.G.S. II	Uel Giara	4. e. 3.
(B) Yea Ogoni	R.G.S. II	Iach Ogoni	4. e. 3.
(B) Yubeta Katwi	R.G.S. II	Hubeta Catwi	4. h. 6.

L. N. KING, Lt. Col., R.B.
Dott. TULMIO COLUCCI.

CORRIGENDA AND ADDENDA^(*)

ERRATA CORRIGE.

Corrigenda.

Correzioni.

Appendix IV.

Appendice IV.

p. 35	Baghal Urghet	for	1. g. 5	read	1. S.
pag. 35	Bio Gudud	invece di		scrivere	
		for	4. h. 7	read	
		invece di		scrivere	
p. 36	Cono Ghinti	for	3. b. 6	read	3. g. 6
pag. 36	Dono Ghinti	invece di		scrivere	
p. 37	for	Dech-dech Cora		read Dech Dech Cora	
pag. 37	for	Allsheher		scrivere Allsheher	
p. 38	Gama Bah	for	3. g. 5	read	3. f. 6
pag. 38	Ghajghel Bur Fal	invece di		scrivere	
		for	3. a. 3-4	read	3. a. 4
		invece di		scrivere	
	Għarras	for	1. f. 6	read	1. S.
		invece di		scrivere	
p. 39	Gubbet Maro	for	1. a. 9	read	1. S.
pag. 39		invece di		scrivere	
p. 42	Matafexx	for	2. K.	read	3. K.
pag. 42		invece di		scrivere	
p. 43	Satav Wara	for	1. h. 2	read	1. K.
pag. 43		invece di		scrivere	
p. 44	for			read	
pag. 44	invece di	User Mur Corche		scrivere	User Mur Corche

Addenda.

Aggiunte.

Appendix IV.

Appendice IV.

p. 36	(B) Cororo	Ital.	Kororo	4. g. 6
pag. 38	(B) Cūtegħi	Ital.	Kutegi	4. g. 6
p. 38	(B) Ghemo	Ital.	Gemo	4. g. 6
pag. 39	(B) Gof	Ital.	Gawf	1. S.

(*) After signature.

No. 2.

*M. Grandi to Sir John Simon.**Ambasciata d'Italia, Londra,**22 Novembre 1938 (XII).*

Signor Segretario di Stato,
Ho l'onore di accusare ricevuta della nota di Vostra Eccellenza
in data odierna, la quale tradotta in italiano è del seguente tenore:

"..... Ho l'onore d'informare Vostra Eccellenza che il Governo del Regno Unito della Gran Bretagna e Irlanda del Nord desidera procedere per mezzo di uno scambio di note all'approvazione formale dell'Accordo firmato a Firenze il 17 dicembre 1927 contenente le decisioni della Commissione nominata in virtù dell'articolo 12 del Trattato di Confine Anglo-Italiano firmato a Londra il 15 luglio 1924 per la demarcazione del confine tra la Colonia e Protettorato del Kenia e la Somalia Italiana.

2. Copie a stampa dell'Accordo firmato, insieme colle appendici, correzioni e aggiunte relative a l'originale firmato della carta in esso menzionata, sono qui esclusi ad ho l'onore di chiedere che Vostra Eccellenza voglia informarmi se il Governo Italiano è disposto a approvare detto Accordo. In tal caso ho l'onore di proporre che la data di questa nota sia considerata come la data della approvazione dell'Accordo ai fini dell'articolo 8 (c) di detto accordo.

3. Per quanto riguarda l'adozione di misure per le manutenzione di una linea permanente di demarcazione del confine e la ricostruzione dei cippi sul confine fra la Colonia e Protettorato del Kenia e la Somalia Italiana, ho l'onore d'informare Vostra Eccellenza che il Governo del Regno Unito accetta, nei seguenti termini, le proposte che vennero concordate dai rappresentanti dei Governi del Kenia e dell'Oltre Giuba a Isiolo e Chisimaio il 27 Agosto 1930:

(1) Dei 29 principali cippi posti dalla Commissione Anglo-Italiana per il confine dell'Oltre Giuba e indicati nella carta colorata allegata all'Accordo del 17 dicembre 1927, quelli che non sono in buono stato saranno ricostruiti negli stessi posti, in ferro piantati su basamento di cemento.

(2) Fra i cippi principali sarà costruita una pista dritta, larga 8 metri e sgombra dai ceppi degli alberi e dalla vegetazione soprastante. Questa pista contorrnerà i basamenti dei cippi principali in modo da permettere il libero transito di un veicolo senza che essa debba passare sopra il cippo.

(3) I suddetti provvedimenti saranno eseguiti sotto la sopravveniente di due periti topografi, un italiano e un inglese, i quali tracceranno sul terreno l'allineamento della pista in base alla delimitazione già fissata dalla Commissione Mista Anglo-Italiana.

(4) Le spese incontrate in relazione all'esecuzione dei suddetti provvedimenti saranno divise in parti uguali fra i due Governi locali interessati.

(5) Dopo che il confine sarà stato riparato secondo i provvedimenti sopracennati si provvederà alla manutenzione futura della pista e dei cippi principali nel modo seguente: Il Governo del Kenia provvederà a sue spese alla manutenzione della pista e dei cippi principali dal cippo No. 1 (Malca Rie) al cippo No. 15 (escluso il cippo). Il Governo della Somalia Italiana provvederà a sue spese alla manutenzione delle piste e dei cippi principali dal cippo No. 15 (incluso) al cippo No. 39 (Dakses-Salsam).

(6) Dopo due anni a partire dal termine della riparazione del confine, e in seguito dopo ogni biennio il Governo del Kenia e il Governo della Somalia Italiana nomineranno ognuna una persona rappresentante, i quali assicureranno insieme una inspezione del confine e presenteranno un rapporto in comune sulla condizione di esso a ognuno dei sopramenzionati Governi. Ciascun Governo sarà responsabile del pagamento delle spese incontrate a questo riguardo dal proprio rappresentante.

(7) Tutti i cippi di confine sono sotto la protezione comune dei Governi Britannico e Italiano.

(8) Ove fosse necessario in seguito di demarcare il confine più esattamente con altri cippi, ciascun Governo invierà un rappresentante per la costruzione dei cippi intermediari; la posizione di questi cippi intermediari sarà regolata dal tracciato del confine segnato sulla carta annessa all'accordo.

4. Se il Governo Italiano concorda nei termini delle clausole suddette, ho l'onore di proporre che questa nota con la copia a stampa dell'Accordo e l'originale della carta ad essa annessa, insieme alla risposta di Vostra Eccellenza in termini analoghi, sia considerata come costituitiva, con effetto dalla data di questa nota, un Accordo definitivo fra i due Governi per quanto riguarda la demarcazione e la manutenzione del confine . . .

Con la presente nota ho l'onore di informare Vostra Eccellenza che il Governo Italiano concorda nelle proposte formulate dal Governo del Regno Unito con la nota sopratrascritta.

La presente nota pertanto e la nota di Vostra Eccellenza in data odierna (qui sono annesse la copia a stampa dell'Accordo firmato a Firenze il 17 dicembre 1927 e l'originale firmato della carta menzionato nell'Accordo stesso) alla quale la presente risponde, costituiscono, con effetto dalla data di oggi, un definitivo Accordo fra i due Governi per quanto riguarda la demarcazione e la manutenzione del confine fra la Somalia Italiana e la Colonia e Protettorato del Kenya.

Voglia, &c.
GRANDI.

(Translation.)

Italian Embassy, London.

November 22, 1938.

Sir,
I HAVE the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your Excellency's note of to-day's date, which translated into Italian is of the following tenor:—

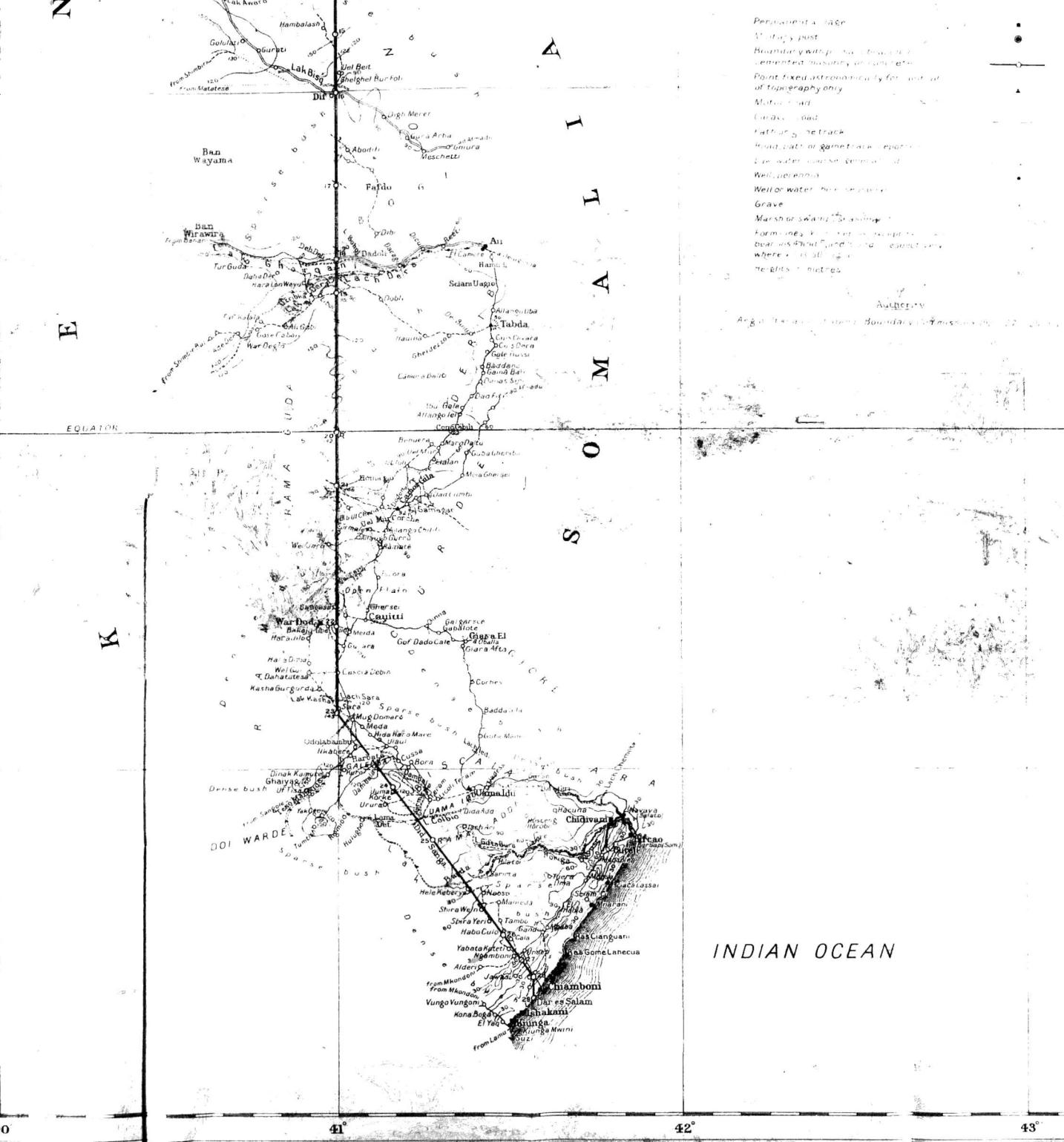
[Text in Italian of No. 1.]

By the present note I have the honour to inform your Excellency that the Italian Government agree to the proposals formulated by His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom in the note transcribed above.

The present note therefore and your Excellency's note of to-day's date (to which are attached the printed copy of the Agreement signed at Florence on the 17th December, 1927, and the signed original of the map mentioned in the said Agreement), to which the present note is a reply, constitute, with effect from to-day's date, a definitive Agreement between the two Governments as regards the demarcation and maintenance of the boundary between Italian Somaliland and the Colony and Protectorate of Kenya.

I have, &c.

GRANDI.



Permanent & false
 Valley post
 Boundary water, no stream
 Emented measure, an estimate
 Point fixed astronomically for initial
 of topography only
 Mutual road
 Grade road
 Father's track
 Mountain game track report
 Low water course, permanent
 Well, ammonia
 Well or water, permanent
 Grave
 Marsh or swamp, drainage
 Formless, flat, no slope, except
 where soil and sand is loose
 where it is all soft
 Heights & mounds

Anglo-Canadian Women: Boundary Crossings, 172–204

Digitized by srujanika@gmail.com

33

40

A

五

卷之三

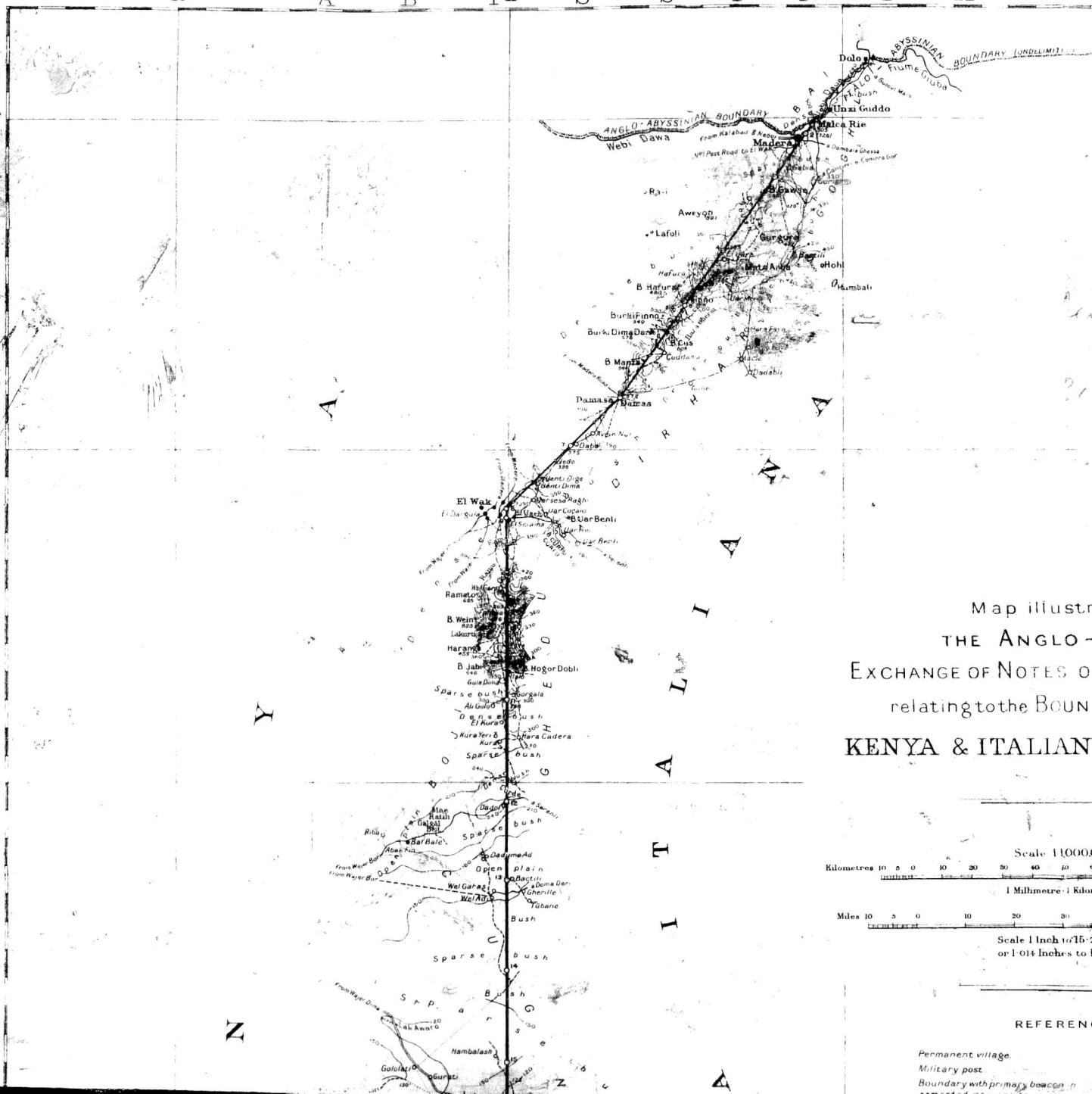
1

N

I

A

4



Map illustrating
THE ANGLO-ITALIAN
EXCHANGE OF NOTES OF 22ND NOV^R 1933,
relating to the BOUNDARY between
KENYA & ITALIAN SOMALILAND

Scale 1:1000,000

Kilometres 10 5 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 Kilometres

100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 5 0 Kilometres

1 Millimetre = 1 Kilometre

Miles 10 5 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 Miles

Scale 1 Inch to 15·78 Miles
or 1·014 Inches to 16 Miles

REFERENCE

Permanent village

MILITARY POST

Boundary with primary bases

In any further communication
on this subject, please quote

No. J 2754/560/66
and address—

not to any person by name,

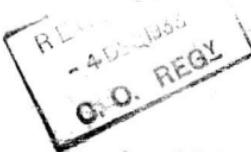
but to—

"The Under-Secretary of State,"
Foreign Office,
London, S.W.1

34/13
FOREIGN OFFICE.

S.W.1.

1st December, 1933.



Sir,

With reference to Foreign Office letter No. J 2007/560/66

No 12

of August 16th, relative to the demarcation of the boundary between Kenya and Italian Somaliland, I am directed by Secretary Sir John Simon to transmit herewith, copies of notes exchanged between Sir John Simon and the Italian Ambassador on November 22nd. It will be observed from the last paragraph of these notes that they together constitute, with effect from November 22nd, a definite Agreement between His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom and the Italian Government both for the demarcation and for the maintenance of the above boundary.

2. The Agreement will in due course be published in the Treaty Series and registered with the League of Nations.

3. A similar letter is being addressed to the War Office and India Office.

I am,

Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

W.B. Mack

The Under Secretary of State,

Colonial Office.

22nd November, 1933.

33

Your Excellency,

I have the honour to inform Your Excellency that His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland desire to proceed by means of an exchange of notes to the formal confirmation of the agreement signed at Florence on December 17th, 1927, recording the decisions of the Commission appointed under Article 12 of the Anglo-Italian Boundary Treaty signed at London on July 15th, 1924, for the demarcation of the boundary between the Colony and Protectorate of Kenya and Italian Somaliland.

2. Printed copies of the agreement as signed, together with the appendices and corrigenda and addenda thereto and the original signed map mentioned thereto, are enclosed herewith and I have the honour to request that you will inform me whether the Italian Government are willing to confirm the said agreement. In that event, I have the honour to propose that the date of this note shall be regarded as the date of confirmation of the agreement for the purpose of Article 8(c) thereof.

3. As regards the adoption of measures for the maintenance of a permanent line of boundary demarcation and the reconstruction of the beacons on the frontier between the Colony and Protectorate of Kenya and Italian Somaliland, I have the honour to inform you that His Majesty's Government

in

His Excellency

Monsieur Dino Grandi,

etc., etc., etc.

in the United Kingdom accept, in the following terms, the recommendations which were agreed upon by the representatives of the Kenya and Jubaland Governments at Isiolo and Mombasa on the 27th August, 1930:-

- (1) Such of the twenty-nine principal beacons placed by the Anglo-Italian Jubaland Boundary Commission and indicated on the coloured map attached to the agreement of December 17th, 1927, as are not in good condition shall be reconstructed on their existing sites in iron plated on a base of cement.
- (2) Between the principal beacons a straight track three metres in width shall be constructed and cleared of tree stumps and overhanging vegetation. This track will pass round the bases of the principal beacons so as to permit of the free passage of a lorry without it being driven over the beacon.
- (3) The above arrangements will be undertaken under the supervision of two topographical experts, one Italian and one British, who will trace out on the ground the alignment of the track on the basis of the delineation already fixed by the Fixed Anglo-Italian Commission.
- (4) The expenses incurred in connexion with the carrying out of the above arrangements will be shared equally by the two local Governments concerned.
- (5) After the boundary has been repaired in accordance with the above-mentioned arrangements the future maintenance

in the United Kingdom accept, in the following terms, the recommendations which were agreed upon by the representatives of the Kenya and Jubaland Governments at Isiolo and Miamayu on the 27th August, 1930:-

- (1) Each of the twenty-nine principal beacons placed by the Anglo-Italian Jubaland Boundary Commission and indicated on the coloured map attached to the agreement of December 17th, 1927, as are not in good condition shall be reconstructed on their existing sites in iron plated on a base of cement.
- (2) Between the principal beacons a straight track three metres in width shall be constructed and cleared of tree stumps and overhanging vegetation. This track will pass round the bases of the principal beacons so as to permit of the free passage of a lorry without it being driven over the beacon.
- (3) The above arrangements will be undertaken under the supervision of two topographical experts, one Italian and one British, who will trace out on the ground the alignment of the track on the basis of the delineation already fixed by the Mixed Anglo-Italian Commission.
- (4) The expenses incurred in connexion with the carrying out of the above arrangements will be shared equally by the two local Governments concerned.
- (5) After the boundary has been repaired in accordance with the above-mentioned arrangements the future maintenance

maintenance of the track and of the principal beacons will be undertaken as follows:-

The Government of Kenya will undertake at their expense the maintenance of the track and principal beacons from beacon No. 1 (Malca Pie) to beacon No. 15 (excluding the beacon).

The Government of Italian Somaliland will undertake at their expense the maintenance of the track and principal beacons from beacon No. 16 (inclusive) to beacon No. 29 (Dar-es-Salam).

- (6) Two years from the date of the completion of the repair of the boundary, and thereafter biennially the Government of Kenya and the Government of Italian Somaliland will each appoint a representative who will conduct a joint inspection of the boundary and submit a joint report on its condition to each of the above-mentioned Governments. Each Government will be responsible for the payment of the expenses incurred in this connexion by their own representatives.
- (7) All boundary beacons are under the joint protection of the British and Italian Governments.
- (8) Should it be subsequently necessary to mark the boundary more exactly by further beacons each Government shall send a representative for the construction of the intermediate beacons; the position of these intermediate beacons shall be regulated by the course of the boundary marked on the map annexed to the agreement.

4. If the Italian Government concur in the terms of

the

the foregoing clauses I have the honour to suggest that this note with the printed copy of the agreement and the original map hereunto annexed, together with Your Excellency's reply in similar terms, shall be regarded as constituting with effect from the date of this note, a definitive agreement between the two Governments in regard to the demarcation and maintenance of the boundary.

I have the honour to be, with the highest consideration,

Your Excellency's obedient Servant,

(S) John Simon

COPY

39

(J 2754/560/66)

(TRANSLATION)

No. 3970.

ITALIAN EMBASSY,

LONDON.

22nd November, 1933.

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of Your Excellency's note of today's date (J.2683/560/66) which translated into Italian is of the following tenor:-

(Text in Italian of Sir John Simon's note of November 22nd).

By the present note I have the honour to inform Your Excellency that the Italian Government agree to the proposals formulated by His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom in the note transcribed above.

The present note therefore and Your Excellency's note of today's date No.J 2683/560/66 (to which are attached the printed copy of the Agreement signed at Florence on December 17th, 1927, and the signed original of the map mentioned in the said Agreement) to which the present note is a reply, constitute, with effect from today's date, a definite agreement between the two Governments as regards the demarcation and maintenance of the boundary between Italian Somaliland and the Colony and Protectorate of Kenya.

I have, etc.,

(Sd.) GRANDI.

The Right Honourable

Sir John Simon, G.C.S.I., K.C.V.O., M.P.,
etc., etc., etc.

In any further communication on this subject, please quote

No. J2007/560/66

and address—not to any person by name, but to—

"The Under-Secretary of State," Foreign Office, London, S.W. 1.

40

12

THE Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs presents his compliments to the Under-Secretary of State for the Colonies and, by direction of the Secretary of State, transmits herewith copy of the under-mentioned paper.

Foreign Office,

16 August, 1933.

Reference to previous correspondence:

Colonial Office letter No 3095/33 of 7 August, 1933

Description of Enclosure.

N.D.O.

Name and Date.	Subject.
To: Italian Ambassador 15 August, 1933.	Kenya Italian Somaliland Boundary Agreements

Similar letter sent to W.O.

14-6130 8755 (2)

I.O.

15th August, 1936.

Your Excellency,

With reference to Your Excellency's note No. 8888/A.86 of July 5th, regarding the delimitation of the frontier between Kenya and Italian Somaliland, I have the honour to state that His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom have noted that the Italian Government have examined and approve in principle the draft note transmitted to you under cover of my note of April 29th last. They have however noted that the Italian Government consider that only the Florence Agreement should be ratified by the notes to be exchanged between Your Excellency and myself, and that these notes should be in such a form as to preclude the necessity of the inclusion of the actual texts of the Papacy-Glengary exchange of letters.

2. I have the honour to inform you that His Majesty's Government concur, subject to certain minor modifications, in the draft suggested by the Italian Government for the first part of paragraph 3 of the draft British note. The modifications which I have the honour to suggest in this passage are as follow:-

- (1) the omission of the word "certain" in the expression "the adoption of certain measures";
- (2) the elimination of the "s" from the word "reconstructions"; and
- (3) the substitution of the word "were" for the words "have been" in the expression "which have been agreed upon by the representatives, etc."

3.

His Excellency
Monsieur Max Grandi,
etc., etc., etc.

3. A further minor amendment would appear to be necessary in paragraph 4 of the draft note, in view of the omission of the text of the Papale-Glenavy letters, and I have the honour to suggest that the words "and recommendations" should be omitted.

4. I shall be glad to learn in due course whether the above modifications in the draft note to be addressed to you will be acceptable to the Italian Government and if, in that event, you will be good enough to furnish me with a draft of the note which you will address to me in reply.

I have the honour to be, with the highest consideration,

Your Excellency's obedient servant,
(In the absence of the Secretary of State)

(Sd) MAURICE F. LORKE

C. O.

Mr. Grossmith 2/8/33.

Mr. ~~Houston~~

2/8/33.

Mr. Parkinson.

Mr. Tomlinson.

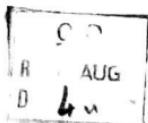
Sir C. Bottomley

Sir J. Shuckburgh.

Permit. U.S. of S.

Parly. U.S. of S.

Secretary of State.



7. August, 1933.

Sir,

I am etc. to ack. the receipt

DRAFT.

THE UNDER-SECRETARY OF STATE,
FOREIGN OFFICE.

(a) of your letter No.J.1746/560/66 of

the 24th of July, transmitting a copy
of a note from the Italian Ambassador
containing the views of the Italian
Government on the draft note regarding
the ratification of the agreement for
the demarcation of the boundary between
Kenya and Italian Somaliland, a copy of
which was enclosed in your letter

(7) No.J.918/560/66 of the 28th of April.

2. It is observed that the
Italian Government approve in principle
the draft note, but consider that only

the Florence Agreement should be
ratified by the notes exchanged, and
that these notes should be in such a
form as to preclude the necessity of

Copy corres. to O.A.G.
L.F. ref. No.8.

the

the inclusion of the actual texts of the

Paple-Glenday exchange of letters.

3. Sir Philip Cunliffe-Lister agrees
that no harm will be done by the omission
from the final document of the actual
texts of these letters and, subject to the
minor amendments suggested by the S. of S.
for Foreign Affairs, he agrees to the proposal
contained in para.3 of your letter.

I am, etc.,

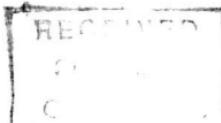
(Signed) J. E. W. FLOOD

In any further communication
on this subject, please quote

No. J 1746/560/66
and address—

not to any person by name,

"The Under-Secretary of State,"
Foreign Office,
London, S.W.1



FOREIGN OFFICE

S. W. 3.

24th July, 1933.

Sir,

With reference to Foreign Office letter No.J.918/560/66

No 4

of April 18th, regarding the ratification of the agreement for
the demarcation of the boundary between Kenya and Italian

Somaliland, I am directed by His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs to transmit to you, herewith, a copy of a note from the Italian Ambassador in London in which His Excellency states that the Italian Government approve in principle the draft note of which a copy was enclosed in the Foreign Office letter under reference.

2. The Italian Government consider, however, that only the Florence Agreement should be ratified by the notes exchanged, and that these notes should be in such a form as to preclude the necessity of the inclusion of the actual texts of the Papale-Glenday exchange of letters. The Italian Government have accordingly suggested a re-draft of the first part of paragraph 3 of the draft note.

3. While the inclusion of the Papale-Glenday letters would have made the final document a complete and self-contained record of all that had passed, it is also true that, in view of the modifications introduced, of which details are given in the draft notes to be exchanged, the actual texts of these letters are now of no effect and that no harm will be done by leaving them out. In the circumstances, and subject to the

minor

The Under-Secretary of State,
Colonial Office.

minor amendments suggested in the subsequent paragraph, the Secretary of State proposes, provided that Secretary Sir Philip Cunliffe-Lister agrees, to inform the Italian Ambassador that he concurs in the modifications suggested by the Italian Government.

4. As regards the actual text of the first part of paragraph 3 of ~~the draft note~~ proposed by the Italian Ambassador, the Secretary of State would suggest:-

- (1) the omission of the word "certain" in the expression "the adoption of certain measures";
- (2) the elimination of the "s" from the word "reconstructions", and
- (3) the substitution of the word "were" for the words "have been" in the expression "which have been agreed upon by the representatives, etc".

A further minor alteration would appear necessary in paragraph 4 of the draft note which will need to be amended by the omission of the words "and recommendations".

I am,

Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

W.B. Black

COPY

(J.1746/560/66)

(TRANSLATION)

No, 2855/A.53.

ITALIAN EMBASSY,

LONDON.

5th July, 1933.

Sir,

With reference to Your Excellency's note of April 27th last (J.916/560/66) relating to the delimitation of the frontier between Kenya and Italian Somaliland, I have the honour to inform you that the Italian Government have examined and approve in principle the draft note transmitted to me by you in the note mentioned above.

2. As this draft note contains - with some necessary modifications - all the decisions referred to in the preceding Papale-Glenday exchange of letters, the Italian Government consider that only the Florence agreement, meaning thereby the contents of the Papale-Glenday letters again included in the exchange of notes, should be ratified by the notes exchanged between His Majesty's Government and the Italian Government.

It would consequently be necessary to alter paragraph three of the British draft note.

3. The Italian Government consider that the first part of the said paragraph 3 might be altered in the following way:-

"As regards the adoption of certain measures for the maintenance of a permanent line of boundary demarcation and the reconstructions of the beacons on the frontier between the Colony and Protectorate of Kenya and Italian Somaliland, I have the honour to inform you that His Majesty's Government in the

United

The Right Honourable

Sir John Simon, G.C.S.I., K.C.V.O.,
etc., etc., etc.

"United Kingdom accept, in the following terms, the recommendations which have been agreed upon by the representatives of the Kenya and Jubaland Governments at Isiolo and Kisimayu on the 27th August, 1930".

I shall be grateful if Your Excellency will be so good as to inform me whether His Majesty's Government agree to the proposed alteration.

I have, etc.,

(Sd.) GRANDI.

C. O.

Mr. Priestman

Mr.

Mr.

Mr. Parkinson.

Mr. Tomlinson.

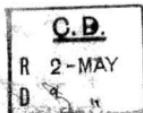
Sir C. Bottomley

Sir J. Shuckburgh

Permit. U.S. of S.

Parly. U.S. of S.

Secretary of State



4 May, 1933.

P. 8
48

Sir,

I have etc. to refer to your conf.

despatch No.138 of the 19th of

November, 1932, and previous corres-

pondence on the subject of the Kenya-
Italian Somaliland Boundary Agreement.DRAFT.

(47c)

16008/22

KENYAConfidentialGovernor

2. The text of the agreement was duly

laid before Parliament As will be

observed from the accompanying copy of

Cmd.4230,

3. I now enclose, for your information,

a copy of correspondence with the

Italian Ambassador relating to the

proposed exchange of notes between H.M.G.

and the Italian Government for the

ratification of the agreement.

I have etc.

(Sgd.) P. GUNLIFFE-LISTER.

In any further communication on this subject, please quote

No. 7918/560/66

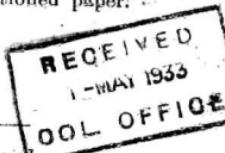
and address ~~not to any person by name, but to~~

"The Under-Secretary of State," Foreign Office, London, S.W. 1.

449

THE Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs presents his compliments to the Under-Secretary of State for the Colonies and, by direction of the Secretary of State, transmits herewith copies of the under-mentioned paper.

Office,
28th Apr. 1933.



Reference to previous correspondence:

C.O. letter 3095/33 of Mar 20th

NOTE

Description of Enclosure.

Name and Date.	Subject.
To Italian Ambassador Apr 27 th	Kenya Kenya-Italian Somaliland Boundary

Similar letter sent to
14-6130 8181 (2)

1.
W.O.

449

27th April, 1933.

50

Your Excellency,

In a letter addressed to Mr. Murray, the Counsellor of His Majesty's embassy at Rome, on June 9th, 1932 Monsieur Guariglia expressed the view that there would now be no objection to proceeding with the exchange of notes regarding the acceptance on the part of the two Governments of the decisions taken by the Mixed Commission for the demarcation of the boundary between Kenya and Italian Somaliland. Monsieur Guariglia was informed in reply that draft notes were then being prepared and that it was hoped that they would be ready for communication to the Italian Government as soon as the printing of the enclosures therein had been completed.

2. I have the honour to inform Your Excellency that this stage has now been reached and to transmit to you herewith a draft of the note which I would propose to address to you together with three copies of the relevant enclosures excluding the map. I shall be glad to learn in due course whether Your Excellency's Government will be prepared to give effect to the decisions reached for the settlement of the frontier by an exchange of notes as suggested in paragraph 4 of the enclosed draft, and if, in that event, you will be good enough to furnish me with a draft of the note which you will address to me in reply.

3. While the original signed map is not enclosed in this note I have the honour to transmit to you for convenience of reference, three copies of the map on a reduced scale of

1:1

His Excellency
Monsieur Dino Grandi,
etc., etc., etc.

1:1 million. It is proposed that the original maps be exchanged in the usual manner, at the same time as the notes.

I have the honour to be, with the highest consideration,

Your Excellency's obedient servant,

(For the Secretary of State)

(Sd.) W. H. B. MACK,

52

Draft note to Italian Ambassador
from the Secretary of State for
Foreign Affairs.

Your Excellency,

I have the honour to inform Your Excellency that His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland desire to proceed by means of an exchange of notes to the formal confirmation of the agreement signed at Florence on December 17th, 1927, recording the decisions of the Commission appointed under Article 12 of the Anglo-Italian Boundary Treaty signed at London on July 15th, 1924 for the demarcation of the boundary between the Colony and Protectorate of Kenya and Italian Somaliland.

2. Printed copies of the Agreement as signed, together with the appendices and corrigenda and addenda thereto and the original signed map mentioned therein, are enclosed herewith and I have the honour to request that you will inform me whether the Italian Government are willing to confirm the said Agreement. In that event, I have the honour to propose that the date of this note shall be regarded

3. As regards the adoption of [certain] measures for the maintenance of a permanent line of boundary demarcation and the reconstruction of the beacons on the frontier between the Colony and Protectorate of Kenya and Italian Somaliland, I have the honour to inform you that H.M.G. in the U.K. accept, in the following terms, the recommendations which [have been] agreed upon by the representatives of the Kenya and Jubaland Governments at Isiolo and Kismayu on the 27th of August, 1930.

J
70.
Sug. Com

[demarcation and the reconstruction of the beacons, and to inform you that His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom accept these recommendations subject to certain modifications and additions which have already been accepted in principle by the Italian Government. In order however that there may be a clear understanding as to the precise intentions of the two Governments in the matter, I have the honour to propose that the following clauses be formally adopted as representing the agreed interpretation of the said recommendations as so amended and supplemented:-

- (1) Such of the twenty nine principal beacons placed by the Anglo-Italian Jubaland Boundary Commission and indicated on the coloured map attached to the Agreement of December 17th 1927 as are not in good condition shall be reconstructed on their existing sites in iron planted on a base of cement.
- (2) Between the principal beacons a straight track three metres in width shall be constructed and cleared of tree stumps and overhanging vegetation. This track will pass round the bases of the principal beacons so as to permit of the free passage of a lorry without it being driven over the beacon.
- (3) The above arrangements will be undertaken under the supervision of two topographical experts, one Italian and one British, who will trace out on the ground the alignment of the track on the basis of the delineation already fixed by the mixed Anglo-Italian Commission.
- (4) The expenses incurred in connexion with the carrying out of the above arrangements will be shared equally by the two local Governments concerned.
- (5) After the boundary has been repaired in accordance with the

/above

above mentioned arrangement the future maintenance of the track and of the principal beacons will be undertaken as follows:-

The Government of Kenya will undertake at their expense the maintenance of the track and principal beacons from beacon No. 1 (M loa Pie) to beacon No. 15 (excluding the beacon).

The Government of Italian Somaliland will undertake at their expense the maintenance of the track and principal beacons from beacon No. 15 (inclusive) to beacon No. 29 (Dar-es-Salaam).

- (6) Two years from the date of the completion of the repair of the boundary, and thereafter biennially the Government of Kenya and the Government of Italian Somaliland will each appoint a representative who will conduct a joint inspection of the boundary and submit a joint report on its condition to each of the above mentioned Governments.

Each Government will be responsible for the payment of the expenses incurred in this connexion by their own representatives.

- (7) All boundary beacons are under the joint protection of the British and Italian Governments.

- (8) Should it be subsequently necessary to mark the boundary more exactly by further beacons each Government shall send a representative for the construction of the intermediate beacons; the position of these intermediate beacons shall be regulated by the course of the boundary marked on the map annexed to the agreement.

4. If the Italian Government concur in the terms of the foregoing clause I have the honour to suggest that this note

/with

with the printed copy of the agreement [and recommendations] and the original map hereunto annexed together with Your Excellency's reply in similar terms shall be regarded as constituting with effect from the date of this note, a definitive Agreement between the two Governments in regard to the demarcation and maintenance of the boundary.

C. O.

C.D.

5 APR

6

Mr. T. Parker 5/4

Mr. H. Ward 5/4

Mr.

Mr. Parkinson.

Mr. Tomlinson.

X Sir C. Bottomley 5/4 am

Sir J. Shuckburgh.

Permt. U.S. of S.

Parly. U.S. of S.

Secretary of State.

DRAFT.

Governe

Namibi

Tel. Section E

Send extra copy
to Mr. Cliffe.

3095/32

Kenya

S6 b

Revised
Recd. 2nd April 1964
1/5/64
33

Conf'

No 93 L you tel. 3rd April 64
Conf'. You are authorized to state
that the conversation in question
included no reference whatever to
Kenya.

Mr Fletcher

F.O. come in ~~as~~ ^{as} early
as at X.

As ~~desperately~~, I shall
~~not~~ send a copy of
the telegram to this
water.

For Cliffe

4/iv/73.

Mr. B. Donald
58
FOREIGN OFFICE, S.W. 1.

4th April, 1933.

Dear Cliffe,

Many thanks for your letter of the 4th of April: as I told you by telephone, we concur in the answer which you propose to telegraph to the Governor of Kenya regarding the Prime Minister's conversation with Signor Mussolini.

Yours sincerely,

N. B. Donald

C.A.L. Cliffe Esq.

R
4th April, 1933.

Dear Seymour,

I spoke to you this afternoon about the enclosed telegram from the Governor of Kenya. I had previously consulted Miss Watson at No. 10 but she could say no more than the Prime Minister said in reply to Lord Apsley's question No. 38 on the 29th of March, and referred me to you.

It is proposed to telegraph in reply to the Governor of Kenya as follows:-

X "You are authorised to state that the conversations in question included no reference whatever to Kenya".

I should be grateful if you would kindly let me know as soon as possible whether you concur in this reply.

Yours sincerely,

(Sd.) C.A.L.Cliffe.

H.J. Seymour, Esq., CMG.

60

R

4th April 1933.

Dear Miss Watson,

I enclose a copy of a telegram which has been received from the Governor of Kenya regarding the conversations at Rome. Would you kindly let me know as soon as possible what we can say in reply to this.

Yours sincerely,

(Sgd) Corage

Miss E. M. Watson, CBE.

61
13

RECEIVED
1 APRIL 1933
401

Telegram from the Governor Kenya to the Secretary of State for
the Colonies.

Dated 3rd April. Received at 3-15pm 3rd April 1933.

No 69 Confidential

Following question has been asked in the Legislative Council begins... Is the Government in a position to make any statement with regard to conversations between the Prime Minister and Signor Mussolini at Rome so far as such conversations affect Kenya.....and. Should be grateful for material for reply.

SEARCHED
INDEXED
SERIALIZED
FILED
APR 3 1933

Communications on this subject
should be addressed to:-

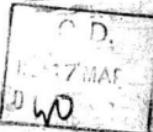
THE UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE,
COLONIAL OFFICE,
LONDON, S.W. 1.

and the following
Number quoted: 3095/33



Downing Street,

26 March , 1933.



Sir,

I am directed by Secretary Sir Philip
Cunliffe-Lister to acknowledge the receipt of your letter
No. J. 5250/282/66 of the 17th February, enclosing for
~~the concurrence of the Secretary of State for the Colonies~~
a copy of a draft note relating to the Kenya-Italian
~~and request you to~~
~~inform Secy Sir J. Simon that he agrees to approve~~
~~Cunliffe-Lister concurs in the terms of the draft note~~
subject to the following modifications which have been agreed
upon in semi-official correspondence:-

- (1) The word "Colbie" should be omitted from the third line of the third paragraph.
- (2) The spelling "Kismayu" should be substituted for the word "Kisimayo" wherever it appears in the note.

I am, Sir,

Your most obedient servant,
(Signed) J. E. W. FLOOD

THE UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE,
FOREIGN OFFICE.

C. O.

Mr. Priestman

Mr. ~~Dyson~~

Mr.

Mr. Parkinson.

Mr. Tomlinson.

Sir C. Bottomley.

Sir J. Shuckburgh.

Permit. U.S. of S.

Parly. U.S. of S.

Secretary of State.

DRAFT.

G. WALLINGER, ESQ.

3095/33 Kenya. R

-1

D

1

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

"

with mine of the 6th December, 1932,

to you that a verbal understanding
only was reached at Colbio, but that
no recommendations were signed at that
place. The reference to Colbio
should presumably therefore either be
omitted or expanded to indicate the
exact position.

The other point is that the
word "Kisimayo" in the Draft Note
agrees neither with the version "Kiamayu"
in the English text of the recommendations
nor with "Chimimaiò" in the Italian text,
and we suggest that one or other of
these should be adopted.

Yours sincerely,

(Sgd.) H.C. Pinson

64
IA



Italy No. 1 (1933)

AGREEMENT

REGARDING THE

DECISIONS OF THE COMMISSION

APPOINTED UNDER THE TREATY BETWEEN THE UNITED KINGDOM
AND ITALY OF JULY 15, 1924

REGARDING THE

BOUNDARY BETWEEN KENYA AND ITALIAN SOMALILAND

Florence, December 17, 1927

[This Agreement has not yet been approved by His Majesty's Government in the
United Kingdom]

*Presented by the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs
to Parliament by Command of His Majesty.*

LONDON

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY HIS MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE
To be purchased directly from H.M. STATIONERY OFFICE at the following addresses
Adastral House, Kingsway, London, W.C.2; 120, George Street, Edinburgh 2;
York Street, Manchester; 1, St. Andrew's Crescent, Cardiff
15, Donegall Square West, Belfast
or through any Bookseller.

1933

Price 9d. Net

Cmd. 4230

Agreement in which are recorded the decisions of the Commission appointed under Article 12 of the Treaty between His Britannic Majesty and His Majesty the King of Italy, signed at London on July 15, 1924, (*) regulating certain questions concerning the boundaries of their respective territories in East Africa.

1. The Commission found that immediately up-stream from Malca Rie the Uebi Daua runs due East, and therefore does not form a small southerly bend as mentioned in Article 1 of the Treaty.

A point about 450 metres upstream from Malca Rie was agreed upon as the northern terminal of the boundary.

2. The pivotal point of the boundary at the pool of Damasa was so chosen by the Commission that equal watering facilities should be afforded to both parties in the deepest portion of the depression without transgression of the boundary by either party.

3. In accordance with the power conferred by Article 1 of the Treaty, the Commission decided that, as there were elements of doubt as to the sufficiency of water for the maintenance of an Italian frontier post at El Berù Hagia in a very dry season and as to the security of the said well against collapse, the well of El Sciamà should be included in Italian territory.

To allow access to El Sciamà on all sides, the Commission also decided to adopt for the boundary the meridian passing about

Accordo nel quale sono riportate le decisioni della Commissione di cui all'Art. 12 della Convenzione fra Sua Maestà il Re d'Italia e Sua Maestà Britannica, firmata a Londra il 15 Luglio 1924 e regolante alcune questioni relative al confine fra i loro rispettivi territori nell'Africa Orientale.

1. La Commissione constatò che, immediatamente a monte di Malca Rie, l'Uebi Daua scorre diretto verso est, e non forma perciò la piccola curva meridionalmente menzionata nell'Art. 1 della Convenzione.

Venne concordato come limite settentrionale del confine in accordo con l'Art. 1 della Convenzione.

2. La Commissione fissò il vertice del confine alle soglie di Damas in modo che ugual disponibilità d'acqua fosse accordata ad ambo le parti nella zona più profonda della depressione, senza peraltro che ciò potesse implicare violazione della frontiera né da una parte né dall'altra.

3. La Commissione, in conformità dei poteri conferitole dall'Art. 1 della Convenzione, decise che, essendovi elementi di dubbio circa la sufficienza dell'acqua per il mantenimento di un posto di frontiera a El Berù Hagia durante una stagione molto asciutta, e circa la sicurezza del detto pozzo in caso di frane, il pozzo di El Sciamà debba essere incluso nel territorio Italiano.

Allo scopo di permettere l'accesso ad El Sciamà da ogni lato, la Commissione decise di adottare come confine il meri-

8
diane che passa a circa 800 metri ad ovest del pozzo suddetto.

4. The Commission took note of the communications of the 16th and 26th June, 1925, between His Britannic Majesty's Ambassador at Rome and the Head of the Government and Minister of Foreign Affairs of His Majesty the King of Italy, in which the following formula was substituted for the definition given in the Treaty of the southernmost point:

"Having regard to the fact that Ras Kiambone (Dick's Head) and the four small islands, which are in its immediate vicinity, form part of the territory to be transferred to Italy, it is understood that, upon reaching the meridian east of Greenwich which leaves in Italian territory the well of El Berù (or such other meridian east of Greenwich as may be recommended by the Commissioners in accordance with paragraph 3 of Article 1 of the Treaty), the boundary shall follow such meridian southwards to the point of intersection of such meridian with the parallel of South Latitude 0°50'; thence proceeding in a south-easterly direction to a point situated about six kilometres north of the point on the coast due west of the southernmost of the four islets in the immediate vicinity of Ras Kiambone (Dick's Head); thence due southwards to such point on the coast. The coast shall be defined as the line of mean sea level ordinary spring tides."

The Commission declares that the general terms of this formula, since amended in accordance with

the note of the 16th and 26th June 1925 exchanged between His Britannic Majesty's Ambassador at Rome and the Head of the Government and Minister of Foreign Affairs of His Majesty the King of Italy, in which the following formula was substituted for the definition given in the Treaty of the southernmost point:

"In consideration of the fact that Ras Chiambone (Capo Dik) and the four small islands which are in its immediate vicinity, form part of the territory to be transferred to Italy, it is understood that, upon reaching the meridian east of Greenwich which leaves in Italian territory the well of El Berù (or such other meridian east of Greenwich as may be recommended by the Commissioners in accordance with paragraph 3 of Article 1 of the Treaty), the boundary shall follow such meridian southwards to the point of intersection of such meridian with the parallel of South Latitude 0°50'; thence proceeding in a south-easterly direction to a point situated about six kilometres north of the point on the coast due west of the southernmost of the four islets in the immediate vicinity of Ras Chiambone (Capo Dik) and quindi direttamente verso sud fino a tal punto sulla costa. La costa sarà definita secondo la linea del medio livello del mare nelle ordinarie maree primaverili."

La Commissione dichiara che i termini generali di questa formula, migliorati per effetto

(*) "Treaty Series No. 20 (1925)," Cmd. 2427.

the decisions recorded in paragraphs 5, 6 and 7 of this Agreement, have been embodied in Appendix I, Description of the Boundary.

5. Ras Chiamboni is a headland about 200 metres in breadth and about 800 metres in length, with its length parallel to the coast. It consists of a series of small coral eminences. The highest of these is approximately central.

Having been empowered to do so by the two Governments, the Commission decided that the summit of this highest eminence should be accepted as the terminal point of the directional line for the boundary towards the interior.

6. Article 1 of the Treaty states that there are 4 islets in the immediate vicinity of Ras Chiamboni.

The Commission found that there are actually 6 islets.

One of these is a prolongation of Ras Chiamboni to the north.

The other 5 form a group about 2 kilometres south-west from the control point of Ras Chiamboni, and are known collectively as Dua Damasciaca.

The most southerly islet of this group is little more than an almost circular coral rock about 50 metres in diameter.

The Commission, having been empowered to do so by the two Governments, decided that the parallel of latitude tangential to the southern extremity of this

delle decisioni citate nei paragrafi 5, 6 e 7 di questo Accordo, sono stati inclusi nell'Appendice I, Descrizione del Confine.

5. Ras Chiamboni è un promontorio di circa 200 metri di larghezza e 800 metri di lunghezza, parallelo alla costa nel senso della sua lunghezza. Esso consta di una serie di piccole elevazioni coralline, delle quali la più alta è approssimativamente centrale.

La Commissione, avendone ricevuto i poteri dai due Governi, decise che la sommità di questa maggiore elevazione debba essere riconosciuta come punto estremo della linea di direzione del confine verso l'interno.

6. L'Art. 1 della Convenzione dice che nella immediata vicinanza di Ras Chiamboni vi sono quattro isolotti.

La Commissione ha invece constatato l'esistenza di 6 isolotti.

Una di queste è il prolungamento di Ras Chiamboni verso nord.

Le altre cinque formano un gruppo a circa due chilometri a sud-ovest dal punto di controllo di Ras Chiamboni e sono conosciute tutte sotto l'unico nome di Dua Damasciaca.

L'isola più meridionale di questo gruppo è poco più grande di uno scoglio corallino di forma pressoché circolare con un diametro di circa 50 metri.

La Commissione, avendone ricevuto i poteri dai due Governi, decise che il parallelo tangenziale alla estremità meridionale di quest'ultima isolaetta debba

atter islet should define the position of the point at which the boundary reaches the coast.

7. Having been empowered to do so by the two Governments, the Commission decided that the short portion of the boundary defined in the Treaty by a meridian of longitude in the region of Ras Chiamboni should be moved parallel to itself in a westerly direction so that its southern terminal point should be 15 metres inland from the high water mark and on the parallel of latitude mentioned in paragraph 6; the coastal waters being very shallow and high water mark being defined by the crumbling edge of a sand terrace.

This locality is known as Dar es Salam.

8. As regards the 8th paragraph of Article 6 of the Treaty (4th paragraph of the Italian text), the Commission decided that:

(a) in genuine cases of Somalis separated from their families, the right of option should be recognized for not more than 500 (five hundred) persons, exclusive of children under 10 years of age, with or without stock;

(b) the exercise of this right should be under the administrative control of the Italian authorities, who will authorize the transfer, after evidence has been collected from the British authorities, and after registration of the individuals by the said British and Italian authorities;

(c) this right should be exercised within one year from the

definire la posizione del punto in cui il confine arriva alla costa.

7. La Commissione, avendo ricevuto i poteri dai due Governi, decise che il piccolo tratto del confine nella regione di Ras Chiamboni, che è definito nella Convenzione da un meridiano di longitudine, dovessé essere spostato parallelamente a sé stesso, in direzione occidentale e in modo che il suo punto estremo meridionale venisse a trovarsi a 15 metri verso l'interno dal punto di livello dell'alta marea e sul parallelo di latitudine menzionato nel paragrafo 6; e ciò perché le acque sulla costa sono poco profonde ed il livello dell'alta marea è definito dall'orlo frangibile di un terrazzo di sabbia.

La località è conosciuta col nome di Dar es Salam.

8. In rapporto al 4^o comma dell'Art. 6 della Convenzione (3^o comma del testo Britannico), la Commissione decise:

(a) che, nei casi effettivi di Somali separati dalle loro famiglie con o senza bestiame, viene riconosciuto il diritto di opzione per 500 (cinquecento) persone al massimo, esclusi i fanciulli di età inferiore a dieci anni;

(b) che l'esercizio di questo diritto sarà sotto il controllo amministrativo delle Autorità Italiane, le quali autorizzeranno il trasferimento, previe informazioni assunte anche presso le Autorità Britanniche, ed in seguito alla registrazione degli individui da parte delle dette Autorità Italiane e Britanniche;

(c) che il diritto stesso sarà esercitato entro un anno dalla

date of the confirmation of this Agreement by His Britannic Majesty's Government in Great Britain and the Government of His Majesty the King of Italy.

9. As regards the 2nd paragraph of Article 9 of the Treaty, the Commission decided that, since the evidence produced in discussion had not proved the existence of all the conditions required by the said Article in connection with the right of trans-frontier grazing by Italian subjects, there was no case for the concession referred to in that Article.

10. Under the second part of paragraph 1 of Article 10 of the Treaty, the Commission fixed the sale price, to the Italian Government, of the Government buildings existing in the transferred territory, including the apparatus and masts of the wireless telegraph station at Kismayn, at £10,755 16s. Od. (ten thousand seven hundred and thirty-five Pounds Sterling and sixteen shillings).

11. In connection with the 2nd paragraph of Article 10 of the Treaty, the Commission decided that the ground occupied by the Sudanese pensioners at Yonte is to be considered by the Italian Government as conceded to them for 99 years from the date of the cession of Jubaland to Italy, with the right of transmission to heirs, but without the right of sale or demise.

12. Having been empowered to do so by the two Governments, the Commission decided that the water of the pools of Dif should

data di ratifica del presente Accordo da parte del Governo di Sua Maestà il Re d'Italia e del Governo in Gran Bretagna di Sua Maestà Britannica.

9. In rapporto al 2º comma dell'Art. 9 della Convenzione, la Commissione decise che, non essendo risultate provate, attraverso gli elementi portati nella discussione, l'esistenza di tutte le condizioni volute dal detto Articolo perché si addivinasse che, concessione a favore dei sudditi italiani del diritto di pascolo oltre la frontiera, non sia il caso di far luogo alla concessione di cui all'Articolo stesso.

10. In rapporto alla seconda parte del 1º comma dell'Art. 10 della Convenzione, la Commissione stabilì in lire sterline 16.735 o 16 scellini (lire sterline diecimila settecento trentacinque e sedici scellini) l'importo della cessione al Governo Italiano degli edifici governativi esistenti nel territorio trasferito e degli apparati e delle antenne della Stazione Radio Telegrafica di Chisamey.

11. In rapporto al 2º comma dell'Art. 10 della Convenzione, la Commissione decise che i terreni occupati dai pensionati sudanesi residenti a Yonte siano considerati dal Governo Italiano come dati ad essi in concessione per 99 anni dalla data di cessione dell'Oltre Giuba all'Italia, con facoltà di trasmetterli ad eredi, ma senza diritto di cederli né darli in affitto.

12. La Commissione, avendone ricevuto i poteri dai due Governi, decise che l'acqua dagli stagni di Dif resti normalmente

ordinarily be available to the adjacent Italian police post and to Italian subjects and their baggage animals (but no other stock) travelling along the frontier; and that a state of abnormality should be considered to exist when the water in the said pools is proved to the satisfaction of both parties to suffice only for the reasonable requirements of a frontier police post.

13. By virtue of the powers conferred on them by the Treaty and by the two Governments, the Commission decided that the boundary shall be as described in the First Part, "General Description," of Appendix I to this Agreement.

The Commission, having taken into consideration the possible errors inherent in the methods of survey imposed upon themselves by the terrain, involving errors of position and of direction, decided that the boundary, as actually demarcated by themselves by means of a line cut through the vegetation and supplemented by cement or masonry beacons or by cairns, shall be observed provisionally as an accurate interpretation of the true boundary without prejudice to subsequent correction by mutual agreement of both parties concerned. A detailed description of this demarcated boundary is given in the Second Part of Appendix I to this Agreement.

14. The Italian Government, at the request of the Commission, have undertaken to replace by cement or masonry beacons or by cairns, at the earliest possible

disponibile per l'adiacente posto di polizia Italiano e per i sudditi Italiani e i loro animali da trasporto (esclusi qualsiasi altro bestiame) viaggianti lungo la frontiera; considerandosi esistente uno stato di anomalità quando sia provato, con soddisfazione di entrambe le parti, che l'acqua nei suddetti stagni sia sufficiente solamente per le ragionevoli esigenze di un posto di polizia Britannico.

13. La Commissione, in virtù dei poteri conferiti dalla Convenzione a dai due Governi, decise che il confine debba essere riconosciuto quello descritto nella Parte Prima intitolata "Descrizione Generale" dell'Appendice I di questo Accordo.

La Commissione, avendo preso in considerazione i possibili errori inerenti ai metodi di lavoro adottati e resi inevitabili dal terreno, trasdossi in "errori di posizione e di direzione, decise che il confine, quale era stato effettivamente da essa delimitato per mezzo di un corridoio attraverso la vegetazione e completato da cippi in cemento, muratura o mucchi di sassi, debba essere riconosciuto provvisorioramente come un'esatta interpretazione del vero confine, senza pregiudizio delle successive correzioni cui addivenissero per mutuo accordo ambo le parti interessate. Una descrizione particolareggiata del confine delimitato è data nella Parte Seconda dell'Appendice I di questo Accordo.

14. Il Governo Italiano, a richiesta della Commissione, ha accettato di sostituire il più presto possibile tutti i cippi di ramaglia e terra, indicati nell'Appendice I

moment, all the earth gabions mentioned in Appendix I to this Agreement.

15. The Commission found that, in the Treaty and in the map attached thereto, the spelling of names appeared to follow no definite system and that in many cases the names were even incorrectly represented.

The representation and spelling of the names quoted in this Agreement and its Appendices are contained in Appendix IV.

The following list gives the names quoted in the Treaty in the order in which they appear therein, together with the spelling now adopted.

Treaty spelling	Spelling now adopted	Ortografia risultante dalla Convenzione	Ortografia ora adottata
River Gande	F. Giuba	Fiume Ganele	F. Giuba
River Daua	Uebi Daus	Fiume Daus	Uebi Daus
Malca Re	Malca Rie	Malca Re	Malca Rio
Dumas	{ Dumas (Br.) Damas (It.)	Dumas	{ Damas (Br.) Damas (It.)
Ella Kalla	El Ghala	Ella Kalla	El Ghala
El Beru	El Berd Hagia	El Berg	El Berd Hagia
Ras Kiambone	Ras Chiamboni (Dick's Head)	Ras Kiambone (Dick's Head)	Ras Chiamboni
El Shama	El Sciana	El Shama	El Sciana
Goochi	Guji	Goochi	Guji
Ribba	Riba	Ribba	Riba
Toor Guda	Tur Guda	Toor Gude	Tur Guda
Ramaguda	Rama Guda	Rama Guda	Rama Guda
Kismayu	{ Chisimao (It.) Kismayu (Br.)	Kismajo	{ Chisimao (It.) Kismayu (Br.)

16. The following appendices are attached to this Agreement and form an integral part thereof:—

Appendix I.—Description of the Boundary.

Appendix II.—Table of Geographical Co-ordinates.

del presente Accordo, con altri in cemento, murature o mucchi di sassi.

15. La Commissione ha constatato che, nella Convenzione e nella Carta che vi è allegata, la ortografia dei nomi sembra non risultante da un sistema definito, e che in molti casi essi sono anche non correttamente riportati.

La rappresentazione e l'ortografia dei nomi citati in questo Accordo e nelle sue Appendici sono contenute nell'Appendice IV.

Nella seguente lista sono riportati i nomi successivamente citati nella Convenzione, insieme alla ortografia ora adottata.

Ortografia risultante dalla Convenzione	Ortografia ora adottata
Fiume Ganele	F. Giuba
Fiume Daus	Uebi Daus
Malca Re	Malca Rio
Dumas	{ Damas (Br.) Damas (It.)
Ella Kalla	El Ghala
El Berg	El Berd Hagia
Ras Kiambone (Dick's Head)	Ras Chiamboni
El Shama	El Sciana
Goochi	Guji
Ribba	Riba
Toor Guda	Tur Guda
Ramaguda	Rama Guda
Kismayu	{ Chisimao (It.) Kismayu (Br.)

16. Le Appendici seguenti sono annessse al presente Accordo e ne formano parte integrante:

Appendice I: Descrizione del Confine.

Appendice II: Elenco delle Coordinate Geografiche.

Appendix III.—Map of the Boundary Demarcated.

Appendice IV: Repertorio dei nomi riportati nella Carta, con le ortografi equivalenti Britanniche e Italiane dei nomi di località.

17. La Commissione ha stabilito, per risolvere le operazioni più rapidamente, che due copie della Carta di confine—Appendice III del presente Accordo—saranno stampate in nero e firmate provvisoriamente; ma che, quando la detta carta sarà stata riprodotta in colori, due copie della carta in colori saranno firmate e sostituiranno quelle in nero.

Signed in duplicate at Florence this 17th day of December, 1927.

Senior British Commissioner,
L. N. KING, Lt.-Col., R.E.

Appendice III: Carta del Confine delimitato.

Appendice IV: Repertorio dei nomi riportati nella Carta, con le ortografi equivalenti Britanniche e Italiane dei nomi di località.

17. La Commissione ha stabilito, per risolvere le operazioni più rapidamente, che due copie della Carta di confine—Appendice III del presente Accordo—saranno stampate in nero e firmate provvisoriamente; ma che, quando la detta carta sarà stata riprodotta in colori, due copie della carta in colori saranno firmate e sostituiranno quelle in nero.

Firmato a Firenze in duplice esemplare, il 17 Dicembre 1927 (VI).

Il Capo della Delegazione Italiana,
DOTT. TULLIO COLESCCI.

(*) Not reproduced.

APPENDIX I.

DESCRIPTION OF THE BOUNDARY
BETWEEN THE COLONY AND PRO-
TECTORATE OF KENYA AND
ITALIAN SOMALILAND.

First Part.—General Description.

Starting in the north from the Abyssinian frontier at a point in the "thalweg" of the Uebi Daus about 450 metres upstream from Malca Rie, the boundary passes, in a south-westerly direction, in a straight line through the point where the south bank of the Uebi Daus is intersected by the meridian of longitude $41^{\circ}54'36".43$ East of Greenwich to a point in the pool of Damasa so chosen as to afford equal watering facilities to both parties in the deepest portion of the pool without transgression of the frontier;

thence in a straight line and still in a south-westerly direction towards the centre of the well of El Ghad (of the El Wak group), which remains British, until this line is intersected by the meridian of longitude $40^{\circ}59'44".34$ East of Greenwich;

thence due south along this meridian, leaving the well of El Sciana in Italian territory, to its intersection with the parallel of South latitude $0^{\circ}50'00".00$;

thence in a straight line, in a south-easterly direction, towards the highest point of Ras Chiamboni until this line is intersected by the meridian of longitude which passes through a point at Dar Es Salam 15 metres inland from High Water Mark and due

APPENDICE I.

DESCRIZIONE DEL CONFINE TRA LA
SOMALIA ITALIANA E LA COLONIA
E PROTETTORATO DEL CHENIA.

Parte Prima.—Descrizione
generale.

Partendo da nord, dal punto nel "thalweg" dell'Uebi Daus sulla frontiera abissina, a circa 450 metri a monte di Malca Rie, il confine passa, con direzione sud-ovest, in linea retta per il punto dove la riva meridionale dell'Uebi Daus è intersecata dal meridiano di longitudine $41^{\circ}54'36".43$ est di Greenwich, fino ad un punto nello stagno di Damasa scelto in modo da permettere ad ambo le parti uguale disponibilità d'acqua nella parte più profonda dello stagno, senza violazione delle frontiere;

di qui, in linea retta ed ancora con direzione sud-ovest verso il centro del pozzo di El Ghad (del gruppo di El Usach), che rimane Inglese, fino a che detta linea è intersecata dal meridiano di longitudine $40^{\circ}59'44".34$ est di Greenwich;

di qui esattamente in direzione sud lungo detto meridiano, lasciando in territorio italiano il pozzo di El Sciana, fino alla sua intersezione col parallelo di latitudine austral $0^{\circ}50'00".00$;

di qui, in linea retta, in direzione sud-est verso il punto più alto di Ras Chiamboni finché tale linea è intersecata dal meridiano che passa per un punto a Dar Es Salam a 15 metri verso l'interno della linea di livello delle alte maree, esattamente ad ovest

west of the southern extremity of the southernmost of the group of 5 islets known as Diua Damasciaca;

thence due south along this meridian as far as the point at Dar Es Salam defined above;

thence, in a south-easterly direction, to the limit of territorial waters in a straight line at right angles to the general trend of the coastline at Dar Es Salam, leaving the islets of Diua Damasciaca in Italian territory.

Second Part.—Detailed Description.

The boundary throughout its length is traced on the ground by a line approximately 4 metres wide cut through the vegetation, and indicated in a more permanent manner by primary and secondary beacons at intervals, each of which will be described hereinafter. The primary beacons have been numbered consecutively from the north, and these numbers are marked in ordinary arabic figures on the side of the beacon facing Italian Somaliland and in original arabic figures on the side facing Kenya.

At each angle of the boundary line there is a masonry or cement primary beacon together with a supplementary beacon on each side to indicate the directions of the two boundary lines converging on that point.

For convenience of description the boundary is divided into sections, each section corresponding

dell'estremità meridionale della più meridionale del gruppo delle 5 isolette conosciute col nome Diua Damasciaca;

di qui esattamente in direzione sud, lungo detto meridiano fino al punto di Dar Es Salam, avanti definito;

di qui, in direzione sud-est, al limite delle acque territoriali, in linea retta perpendicolare al generale andamento della costa a Dar Es Salam, lasciando in territorio italiano le isolette di Diua Damasciaca.

Parte Seconda.—Descrizione particolareggiata.

Il confine, per tutta la sua lunghezza, è stato demarcato sul terreno con un "corridoio" approssimativamente della larghezza di metri 4, tagliato nella boscaglia e, in modo più permanente, individuato ad intervalli da cippi principali e secondari, ciascuno dei quali sarà descritto in appresso. I Cippi Principali sono stati numerati cominciando dal nord ed i numeri d'ordine sono marcati in cifra araba ordinaria sulla parte del cippo rivolta verso la Somalia Italiana ed in cifra araba originale sulla parte rivolta verso il Chenia.

A ciascun vertice della linea di confine trovasi un cippo principale in muratura o cemento assieme ad altri due sussidiari disposti da una parte e dall'altra e che servono ad indicare la direzione delle due linee di confine convergenti nel vertice di esso.

Si ritiene conveniente, per la descrizione del confine, suddividerlo in sezioni, ciascuna delle

with one of the straight portions of the boundary line already defined in the "General Description."

In each section, the lane is cut as nearly as possible in a straight line between its terminals, but owing to the errors inherent in the methods of survey adopted, very slight deviations from the straight line have inevitably resulted in certain localities.

All distances quoted hereinafter are reckoned from the northern terminal of the section concerned, and are correct to 100 metres.

The geographical positions of the points in the frontier zone given in Appendix II are those actually determined by astronomical and trigonometrical observations.

Normally the position of a control point, where a beacon was subsequently built, was fixed before the cut lane reached that point; but the positions of Primary Beacons Nos. 12, 24, 25, 26, 27 were dependent on astronomical observations made after the lane had been cut, and they are thus slightly displaced from the positions they should occupy.

For two small lengths of a few metres, the boundary is indicated by alignment only. These are :-

a length in the north between Primary Beacon No. 1 and the Abyssinian frontier,

and a length in the south from Primary Beacon No. 29 to the sea.

quali corrispondente ad un tratto rettilineo della linea di confine, secondo quanto è stato detto nella "Descrizione Generale."

In ciascuna sezione il corridoio è stato tagliato in linea quanto più possibile retta fra i due punti estremi, ma, dati gli errori inherenti ai metodi geodetici adottati, si è avuta necessariamente qualche piccola deviazione dalla linea retta in alcune località.

Tutte le distanze che saranno in appresso citate sono contate dal punto nord del tratto in esame e saranno approssimate al centinaio di metri.

Le posizioni geografiche dei punti della zona della frontiera, indicati nell'Appendice II, sono state esattamente determinate con operazioni astronomiche e geodetiche.

Normalmente la posizione di un posto di controllo, dove poi è stato posto un cippo, è stata fissata prima che il corridoio arrivasse a quel punto, ma le posizioni dei Cippi Principali n. 12, 24, 25, 26 e 27 sono dipendenti dalle osservazioni astronomiche eseguite dopo che il corridoio era già stato tagliato e quindi risultano di poco spostate rispetto al punto che avrebbero dovuto occupare.

Per due piccoli tratti di pochi metri il confine risulta indicato soltanto da allineamenti. Essi sono :

un tratto a nord fra il Cippo Principale No. 1 e la frontiera dell'Abissinia,

ed un tratto a sud, dal Cippo Principale No. 29 al mare.

Section 1.

From Primary Beacon No. 1 (*Melca Rie*) to Primary Beacon No. 6 (*Damasa*)

Sezione 1.

Dal Cippo Principale No. 1 (*Melca Rie*) al Cippo Principale No. 6 (*Damas*).

Distances
Km.

Leaving the cemented masonry Primary Beacon No. 1 on the south bank of the Uebi Dawa at its intersection with the meridian of longitude $41^{\circ}54'36''$ 42 East of Greenwich, the boundary passes in a south-westerly direction

Partendo dal Cippo Principale No. 1, in muratura, sulla riva meridionale dell'Uebi Dawa, dove essa interseca il meridiano $41^{\circ}54'36''$ 42 est Greenwich, la linea di confine va in direzione sud-ovest et a :

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading southwards from Malka Got in Kenya;

through a secondary cairn and the adjacent cemented masonry Primary Beacon No. 2 located astride the road leading from Madera in Kenya to Melca Rie in Italian Somaliland;

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Malka Madera Yeri in Kenya to Coriamu in Italian Somaliland;

through two secondary cairns astride the road leading from the British military post of Madera, which lies km. 1.2 from the boundary, to Dambala Ghessa in Italian Somaliland;

through the area known as Funa Guba;

through a secondary cairn;

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Hunduda in Kenya through the pool of Gebia which lies km. 2.2 in Italian Somaliland to Gal Gal, which is about 12 kilometres from the boundary;

[7964]

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che con direzione sud viene da Malka Got nel Chenia;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi, eppoi il Cippo Principale No. 2 in muratura, entrambi disposti a cavallo della strada che dà Madera nel Chenia, va a Melca Rie nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Malka Madera Yeri nel Chenia, va a Coriamu nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della strada che va dal campo militare Britannico di Madera, che si trova a km. 1.2 dal confine, a Dambala Ghessa nella Somalia Italiana;

attraversa la zona conosciuta col nome di Funa Guba;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Hunduda nel Chenia, passando per lo stagno di Gebia, che resta per km. 2.2 nella Somalia Italiana, va a Gal Gal che si trova a circa 12 chilometri dal confine;

b 6

1.4

4.0

5.9

6.5

7.5-8.5

11.5

13.6

Distances

Distanze

Km.

19.9

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Koromi, which hill lies about 6 kilometres in Kenya, to Gurgura in Italian Somaliland;

21.5

through the cemented masonry Primary Beacon No. 3;

24.1

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading southwards from Hundude in Kenya;

26.8

through two secondary cairns astride a branch of the last-mentioned track north of Bur Gawse, which hill is in Kenya;

29.1

through two secondary cairns astride another branch of the same track, immediately south of Bur Gawse;

30.9

through two secondary cairns astride the same track where it turns away from the boundary towards Mata Arba in Italian Somaliland;

37.6

through a secondary cairn;

35.6

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Bella Machessa in Kenya to Mata Arba in Italian Somaliland;

36.0-39.0

through the area known as Hareri Hawseli;

41.6

through a secondary cairn;

44.0-48.0

through the area known as Hara Gulgule;

50.0

through a grave;

51.5

through the cemented masonry Primary Beacon No. 4, leaving the hill of Mata Arba about 9 kilometres in Italian Somaliland;

55.8

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Hafura past Ber Hawamadi in

14

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Koromi, collina che si trova a circa 6 chilometri nel Chenia, va a Gurgura, nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra il Cippo Principale No. 3 in muratura;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Hundude nel Chenia, va verso sud;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo di un ramo della predetta pista, a nord di Bur Gawse, collina che resta nel Chenia;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo di un altro ramo della predetta pista, immediatamente a sud di Bur Gawse;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della predetta pista, dove essa volge del confine verso Mata Arba nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchi di sassi;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Bella Marchessa nel Chenia, va a Mata Arba nella Somalia Italiana;

attraversa la zona conosciuta col nome di Hareri Hawseli;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchi di sassi;

attraversa la zona conosciuta col nome di Hara Gulgula;

incontra una tomba;

incontra il Cippo Principale No. 4, in muratura, lasciando la collina di Mata Arba nella Somalia Italiana a circa 9 chilometri;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Hafura, passando

15

Kenya to El Uara, which well lies in Italian Somaliland km. 2.1 from the boundary;

through a secondary cairn;

through two secondary cairns astride the track passing between Finno and Hegai, in a south-easterly direction;

through a large Primary cairn erected on the south-easterly spur of the hill of Finno, the summit of which lies in Kenya;

through the cemented masonry Primary Beacon No. 5 and the adjacent secondary cairn, located astride the track leading from Hafura in Kenya to Iacle in Italian Somaliland;

through a secondary cairn,

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Berti Finno in Kenya to Gubbet Uassasa in Italian Somaliland;

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Berti Finno, which shambas lie in Kenya, to Iacle in Italian Somaliland;

through four secondary cairns, two astride each of the two tracks leading from Berti Finno in Kenya to Cuddama, which lies km. 3.0 in Italian Somaliland, leaving Bur Cus about 2 kilometres in Italian Somaliland;

through a secondary cairn;

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Manza in Kenya to Cuddama in Italian Somaliland;

per Ber Hawamadi nel Chenia, va ad El Uara, pozzo che reste nella Somalia Italiana a km. 2,1 dal confine;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che va con direzione sud-est fra Finno ed Hegai;

incontra sul versante sud-est della collina di Finno un cippo principale costituito da un grande ammasso di sassi (la sommità della collina di Finno rimane nel Chenia);

incontra il Cippo Principale No. 5, in muratura, eppoi un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi, disposti a cavallo della pista che da Hafura nel Chenia, va a Iacle nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Berti Finno nel Chenia, va a Gubbet Uassasa nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Berti Finno, sciame che rimangono nel Chenia, va a Iacle nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra 4 cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, accoppiati a cavallo delle due piste che da Berti Finno, nel Chenia, vanno a Cuddama che rimane a km. 3,0 nella Somalia Italiana, lasciando Bur Cus a circa 2 chilometri nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Manza, nel Chenia, va a Cuddama, nella Somalia Italiana;

Distances
Distanze
Km.

61.5

70.4

72.0

74.6

81.6

83.8

86.0

88.3

90.4

91.4

94.1

Distances
Distanze
Km.
15.0
21.0
22.7
26.1
32.7
37.6
40.0
42.7
46.4
49.3
52.7

Distances
Distanze
Km.
12.7

17

through a secondary cairn;

incontra un cippo secondario,
mucchio di sassi;

lascia lo stagno di Avein Nur a
km. 2,0 nella Somalia Italiana;

leaving the pool of Dabea
km. 0,8 in Italian Somaliland;

through the cemented masonry
Primary Beacon No. 7;

through a secondary cairn on
the side of the road from Damasa
to El Wak at a point where this
road touches, but does not cross,
the boundary on the Italian
Somaliland side;

through a secondary cairn;

incontra un cippo secondario,
mucchio di sassi;

incontra due cippi secondari,
mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della
pista che da Hawal Garba Hogi,
nel Chenia, va a Damas;

incontra il cippo ausiliario in
muratura sulla riva nord-est della
depressione dello stagno di
Damasa, eppoi il Cippo Principale
No. 6 in muratura che si trova nel
punto più profondo dello stagno.

16

touching the east side of a small
pool unnamed which remains in
Kenya;

along the eastern slope of Bur
Manza, which remains in Kenya;

through two secondary cairns
astride the track leading from
Hawal Garba Hogi, which lies
km. 1,7 in Kenya, to Cuddama in
Italian Somaliland;

through a secondary cairn;

incontra due cippi secondari,
mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della
pista che da Hawal Garba Hogi,
nel Chenia, va a Damas;

incontra il cippo ausiliario in
muratura sulla riva nord-est della
depressione dello stagno di
Damasa, eppoi il Cippo Principale
No. 6 in muratura che si trova nel
punto più profondo dello stagno.

incontra un piccolo stagno
senza nome che viene sfiorato ad
est e rimane nel Chenia;

taglia il versante orientale di
Bur Manza che rimane nel
Chenia;

incontra due cippi secondari,
mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della
pista che da Hawal Garba Hogi,
a km. 1,7 nel Chenia, va a
Cuddama nella Somalia Italiana.

incontra un cippo secondario,
mucchio di sassi;

incontra due cippi secondari,
mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della
pista che da Hawal Garba Hogi,
nel Chenia, va a Damas;

incontra il cippo ausiliario in
muratura sulla riva nord-est della
depressione dello stagno di
Damasa, eppoi il Cippo Principale
No. 6 in muratura che si trova nel
punto più profondo dello stagno.

Section 2.

From Primary Beacon No. 6
(Damasa) to Primary Beacon
No. 8 (angle at El Wak).

Leaving Primary Beacon No. 6,
the boundary passes in a south-
westerly direction, the alignment
being indicated by a cemented
masonry pointer beacon on the
south-west edge of the
depression:—

1.8 through two secondary cairns
astride the road from Damasa to
El Wak;

2.7 through a secondary cairn;

5.9 through two secondary cairns
astride the road from Damasa to
El Wak;

Sezione 2.

Dal Cippo Principale No. 6
(Damasa) al Cippo Principale
No. 8 (vertice di El Uach).

Partendo dal Cippo Principale
No. 6, la linea di confine va in
direzione sud-ovest, seguendo
l'allineamento indicato da successivo
cippo ausiliario, in muratura,
che si trova sul margine sud-
ovest della depressione, ed a:

incontra due cippi secondari,
mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della
strada che da Damas va ad
El Uach;

incontra un cippo secondario,
mucchi di sassi;

incontra due cippi secondari,
mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della
strada che da Damas va ad
El Uach;

incontra un cippo secondario,
mucchio di sassi;

lascia lo stagno di Avein Nur a
km. 2,0 nella Somalia Italiana;

leaving the pool of Dabea
km. 0,8 nella Somalia Italiana;

through the cemented masonry
Primary Beacon No. 7;

through a secondary cairn on
the side of the road from Damasa
to El Wak at a point where this
road touches, but does not cross,
the boundary on the Italian
Somaliland side;

through a secondary cairn;

through two secondary cairns
astride the track leading from
Jalanto Lango in Kenya to Uenti
Dima km. 1,0 in Italian Somaliland,
leaving the pool of Uenti
Dima km. 1,9 in Italian Somaliland;

through two secondary cairns
astride the track leading from
Arda Dadaja km. 1,0 in Kenya to
Uenti Dima, in Italian Somaliland;

through a secondary cairn;

through two secondary cairns
astride the track leading from
Jaba Kurmama km. 0,8 in Kenya
to Uarsesa Raggi km. 3,6 in
Italian Somaliland;

through two secondary cairns
astride the track leading north-
wards from Golati, which lies
km. 3,0 in Italian Somaliland;

through a cemented masonry
pointer beacon to the cemented
masonry Primary Beacon No. 8,
leaving El Golija and El Saqo in
Kenya km. 2,4 and km. 4,1
respectively from this beacon.

incontra un cippo secondario,
mucchio di sassi;

lascia lo stagno di Avein Nur a
km. 2,0 nella Somalia Italiana;

lascia lo stagno di Dabea a
km. 0,8 nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra il Cippo Principale

No. 7 in muratura;

incontra un cippo secondario,
mucchio di sassi, disposto lateralmente
alla strada che da Damas
va a El Uach, nel punto ove la
ditta strada tocca il confine senza
però attraversarlo e rimanendo
dalla parte della Somalia Italiana;

incontra un cippo secondario,
mucchio di sassi;

incontra due cippi secondari,
mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della
pista che da Jalanto Lango, nel
Chenia, va a Uenti Dima a
km. 1,0 nella Somalia Italiana;
lasciando lo stagno di Uenti Digo
a km. 1,9 nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra due cippi secondari,
mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della
pista che da Arda Dadaja, a
km. 1,0 nel Chenia, va a Uenti
Dima, nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra un cippo secondario,
mucchio di sassi;

incontra due cippi secondari,
mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della
pista che da Jaba Kurmama, a
km. 0,8 nel Chenia, va a Uarsesa
Raggi, a km. 3,6 nella Somalia
Italiana;

incontra due cippi secondari,
mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della
pista che da Golati, a km. 3,0
nella Somalia Italiana, va in
direzione nord;

incontra un cippo ausiliario,
mucchio di sassi, eppoi il successivo
Cippo Principale No. 8, in muratura,
lasciando El Golija ed El Saqo
nel Chenia, rispettivamente a
km. 2,4 e km. 4,1 da questo
cippo.

Distances
Distanze
Km.

Section 8.

18

Sezione 8.

From Primary Beacon No. 8 (angle at El Wak) to Primary Beacon No. 28 (Latitude 0°50'00".00 South, Longitude 40°59'44".34 East of Greenwich).

Leaving Primary Beacon No. 8, the boundary passes due south, the alignment being indicated by a cemented masonry pointer beacon:—

1.6

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from El Ghala, which lies km. 2.0 in Kenya to Golati in Italian Somaliland;

3.2

through the cemented masonry Primary Beacon No. 9, on the south side of the road leading from El Ghala in Kenya to El Sciamma and El Berù Haga, which wells lie km. 0.9 and km. 2.4 respectively in Italian Somaliland:—

4.1

through two secondary cairns astride the junction of the two tracks leading from El Bisò and El Dargula, respectively km. 1.0 and km. 7.0 in Kenya, to Gof in Italian Somaliland;

4.6

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from El Sciamma in Italian Somaliland in a direction south-south-west;

9.0-12.0

through the area known as Rama Gedoli;

13.2

through a secondary cairn;

13.5

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from El Ghala through Megag, in Kenya and Rama Gedoli to Meri in Italian Somaliland;

Dai Cippo Principale No. 8 (vertice di El Wak) al Cippo Principale No. 28 (latitudine australe 0°50'00".00, longitudine Greenwich 40°59'44".34).

Partendo dal Cippo Principale No. 8, la linea di confine volge esattamente in direzione sud, secondo l'allineamento indicato da un cippo sussidiario in muratura, ed a:

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da El Ghala, che si trova a km. 2,0 nel Chenia, va a Golati, nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra il Cippo Principale No. 9, in muratura, sul lato sud della strada che da El Ghala, nel Chenia, va ad El Sciamma ed El Berù Haga, pozzi che rimangono rispettivamente a km. 0,9 e km. 2,4 nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della congiunzione delle due piste che da El Bisò ed El Dargula, rispettivamente a km. 1,0 e km. 7,0 nel Chenia, vanno a Gof nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da El Sciamma, nella Somalia Italiana, va in direzione sud-est;

attraversa la zona conosciuta col nome di Rama Gedoli;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da El Ghala, passando per Megag, nel Chenia e Rama Gedoli, va a Meri nella Somalia Italiana;

through the area known as Gol Kio;

through a secondary cairn;

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading in a direction north-north-east from Wel Gersi, which lies km. 3,3 in Kenye;

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Wel Gersi in Kenya to Meri in Italian Somaliland;

through the cemented masonry Primary Beacon No. 10;

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Falama in Kenya to Bilaca in Italian Somaliland;

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Daka Lafu in Kenya round the north of the area known as Bute to Bilaca in Italian Somaliland;

through the area known as Bute;

through a secondary cairn;

leaving the hill of Ghedo Samà in Italian Somaliland;

through a secondary cairn;

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Ramu in Kenya through Ilalo to Bilaca in Italian Somaliland, leaving the group of wells of Ilalo about a third of a kilometre in Italian Somaliland;

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Ali Golo in Kenya to Gorgala, which is km. 2,0 in Italian Somaliland, leaving a small pool unnamed km. 0,2 in Kenya;

19

attraversa la zona conosciuta col nome di Gol Kio;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Wel Gersi va in direzione nord-nord-est, lasciando Wel Gersi a km. 1,8 nel Chenia;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Wel Gersi, nel Chenia, va a Meri nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra il Cippo Principale No. 10 in muratura;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Falama nel Chenia va a Bilaca nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Daka Lafu nel Chenia, passando a nord della zona di Bute, va a Bilaca, nella Somalia Italiana;

attraversa la zona conosciuta col nome di Bute;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi;

lascia la collina di Ghedo Samà nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Ramu nel Chenia e passando per Ilalo va a Bilaca nella Somalia Italiana, lasciando a circa un terzo di chilometro il gruppo dei pozzi di Ilalo nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Ali Golo nel Chenia, va a Gorgala, che si trova a km. 2,0 nella Somalia Italiana, lasciando un piccolo stagno senza nome a km. 0,2 nel Chenia;

Distances
Distanze
Km.

20.2-25.0
km.
23.1

24.9

28.2

33.3

35.4

37.1

37.7-42.0

43.3

50.0

53.3

54.1

62.0

Distances
Distanze
Km.
63.4

73.4

76.1

82.4

83.4

90.1

97.0

103.3

104.0

113.1

113.3

121.4

123.2

127.6

20

through the cemented masonry Primary Beacon No. 11;
through a secondary cairn on the north side of the track leading from El Kura, which is km. 1.8 in Kenya to Hara Cadera in Italian Somaliland;

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Kura Yeri in Kenya to Hara Cadera in Italian Somaliland;

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Kura in Kenya in a direction south-south-east;

through a secondary cairn;

through two secondary cairns astride the track leading from Konton in Kenya to Serenli in Italian Somaliland;

through a secondary cairn and the adjacent cemented masonry Primary Beacon No. 12 located astride the road from Wajer Bor in Kenya to Serenli in Italian Somaliland, leaving the pool of Dadol km. 0.2 in Kenya;

through a secondary cairn;

leaving two small pools unnamed km. 0.2 in Kenya;

through a small pool unnamed;

through a secondary cairn;

leaving the pools of Bactili about $1\frac{1}{2}$ kilometres in Italian Somaliland;

through the cemented masonry Primary Beacon No. 13;

through two secondary cairns astride the road leading from Wel Garas, which is km. 4.4 in Kenya, to Gherille, which is km. 4.9 in Italian Somaliland;

incontra il Cippo Principale No. 11 in muratura;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi, al lato nord della pista che, da El Kura che si trova a km. 1.8 nel Chemia, va ad Hara Cadera nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Kura Yeri, nel Chemia, va ad Hara Cadera nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Kura nel Chemia, va in direzione sud-sud-est;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della pista che da Konton nel Chemia a Serenli nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi, eppoi il Cippo Principale No. 12 in muratura disposta a cavallo della strada che da Wajer Bor nel Chemia va a Serenli nella Somalia Italiana, lasciando lo stagni di Dadol a km. 0.2 nel Chemia;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi;

lascia due stagni senza nome a km. 0.2 nel Chemia;

incontra un piccolo stagno senza nome;

incontra un cippo secondario, mucchio di sassi;

lascia gli stagni di Bactili a circa $1\frac{1}{2}$ chilometri nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra il Cippo Principale No. 18 in muratura;

incontra due cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi, a cavallo della strada che da Wel Garas che si trova a km. 4.4 nel Chemia, va a Gherille che si trova a km. 4.9 nella Somalia Italiana;

21

through a secondary cairn;

through a secondary cairn;

through the cement Primary Beacon No. 14;

crossing the track leading from Wel Adi in Kenya to the Gololati-Escudutka track;

crossing the track leading from Gololati in Kenya to Escudutka in Italian Somaliland;

through a secondary cairn;

through a secondary cairn;

through the cement Primary Beacon No. 15;

crossing the track leading from Hambalash to Dif, both of which places are in Kenya;

through a secondary cairn;

crossing Lak Bisq;

crossing the track leading from Hambalash to Dif, both of which places are in Kenya;

through the cement Primary Beacon No. 16 and the adjacent secondary cairn, located astride the motor road from Wajer Dima in Kenya to Afmadu in Italian Somaliland, leaving the group of pools of Dif about 1 kilometre in Kenya;

(*through a secondary earth gabion;

crossing the track running in a north-westerly direction from Abodili in Italian Somaliland;

(*through a secondary earth gabion;

through the cement Primary Beacon No. 17;

(*the secondary earth gabions on the boundary will be replaced by cemented secondary boulders or by cairns under the terms of paragraph 14 of the Agreement.

Distances
Distanze
Km.
132.7

142.7

152.7

155.9

169.3

162.7

172.9

182.9

187.5

199.6

199.8

201.8

211.8

216.8

221.8

232.0

Distanze
Distances

Km.
242.0

(*) through a secondary earth gabion;
(*) through a secondary earth gabion;

266.0 (*) through the cement Primary Beacon No. 18 and the adjacent secondary earth gabion located astride the road from Benani in Kenya to Au in Italian Somaliland;

266.2-266.4 crossing Lak Ghorqani, in which the "bisq" scrub is particularly dense;

267.0 crossing Lak Dera;

267.0 (*) through a secondary earth gabion and the adjacent cement Primary Beacon No. 19, located astride the track leading from Liboi in Kenya to Dobbi in Italian Somaliland;

279.2 through a small pool unnamed,

282.0 (*) through a secondary earth gabion;

292.0 (*) through a secondary earth gabion;

302.0 (*) through a secondary earth gabion;

312.2 through the cement Primary Beacon No. 20, approximately on the Equator;

322.0 (*) through a secondary earth gabion;

329.7 (*) through a secondary earth gabion and the adjacent cement Primary Beacon No. 21, located astride the track leading in a north-westerly direction from Dib Ul Chena in Italian Somaliland;

341.8 (*) through a secondary earth gabion;

crossing the road leading from Jara Jila, which lies km. 2.6 in Kenya, to Cormale in Italian Somaliland;

22

(*) See footnote on page 21.

(*) Vedi nota a pag. 21.

23

(*) through a secondary earth gabion; (*) incontra un cippo secondario, in ramaglia e terra;
through the area known as Uarrach; (*) incontra un cippo secondario, in ramaglia e terra;
(*) incontra il Cippo Principale No. 18 in cemento, eppoi un cippo secondario, in ramaglia e terra, disposti entrambi a cavallo della strada che da Benani, nel Chenia, va ad Au, nella Somalia Italiana; attraversa il Lak Ghorqani con fittissima vegetazione di "bisqeca" nel letto di esso;
attraversa il Lak Dera;

(*) incontra un cippo secondario in ramaglia e terra, eppoi il Cippo Principale No. 19 in cemento, disposti a cavallo della pista che da Liboi, nel Chenia, va a Dobbi, nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra un piccolo stagno senza nome;

(*) incontra un cippo secondario, in ramaglia e terra;

(*) incontra un cippo secondario, in ramaglia e terra;

(*) incontra un cippo secondario, in ramaglia e terra;

(*) incontra un cippo secondario, in ramaglia e terra;

(*) incontra un cippo secondario, in ramaglia e terra;

(*) incontra un cippo secondario, in ramaglia e terra;

(*) incontra un cippo secondario, in ramaglia e terra;

(*) incontra un cippo secondario, in ramaglia e terra;

(*) incontra un cippo secondario, in ramaglia e terra;

Distanze
Distances

Km.
351.7

351.7

361.7

369.6

371.8

375.8

381.2

381.8

387.4

390.7

392.1

400.0-400.4

402.4

404.2

(*) incontra un cippo secondario, in ramaglia e terra;

attraversa la regione conosciuta col nom di Uarrach;

(*) incontra un cippo secondario, in ramaglia e terra;

(*) incontra lo stagno di Gangesa sulla sponda est in modo da lasciarlo completamente nel Chenia;

(*) incontra un cippo secondario, in ramaglia e terra, lasciando lo stagno di Dubra a km. 2,9 nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra il Cippo Principale No. 22 in cemento, al lato sud

of the road leading from War Dod in Kenya, to Cauiti in Italian Somaliland, leaving the pool of Bakaja Obe km. 2.7 in Kenya and that of Corio Cauiti km. 2.8 in Italian Somaliland;

crossing the track leading from Bakaja Obe in Kenya, to Gurara, which pool is km. 2.1 in Italian Somaliland;

(*) through a secondary earth gabion;

crossing the track leading from Bakaja Obe in Kenya, to Gurara, which pool is km. 2.1 in Italian Somaliland;

(*) incontra un cippo secondario, in ramaglia e terra;

(*) passa fra i due stagni di Mata Arba lasciando il più grande nel Chenia ed il più piccolo nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra, sfiorandolo ad est, lo stagno di Cascia Debin, che rimane completamente nella Somalia Italiana;

(*) incontra un cippo secondario, in ramaglia e terra;

a grave which lies immediately on the east of the boundary;

crossing Lach Sara;

crossing the track leading from Kasha Gurgurda in Kenya to Mug Domaro in Italian Somaliland, leaving the pool of Sara km. 0.5 in Italian Somaliland;

through a cement pointer beacon to the cement Primary Beacon No. 28.

(*) See footnote on page 21.

(*) Vedi nota a pag. 21.

Sezione 4.

From Primary Beacon No. 28 (Latitude 0°50'00".00 South, Longitude 40°59'44".34 East of Greenwich to Primary Beacon No. 28 (angle near Chiamboni).

Leaving Primary Beacon No. 28, the boundary passes in a south-easterly direction, the alignment being indicated by a cement pointer beacon:—

4.3-4.8 crossing a "lak" unnamed;

7.6 through two cement secondary beacons astride the road leading from Ikkabere in Kenya to Mu, Domaro in Italian Somaliland:

10.0 through a cement secondary beacon;

14.6 crossing the road leading from Odolabambu in Kenya to Uaul in Italian Somaliland;

20.3 crossing the track leading from the group of pools of Dambala in Kenya to Uaul in Italian Somaliland;

21.5 through two cement secondary beacons astride the road leading from Dambala in Kenya to Cussa in Italian Somaliland;

24.1 through two cement secondary beacons astride the track leading from Konogbori in Kenya to Dola in Italian Somaliland;

30.0 through the cement Primary Beacon No. 24;

31.1 through a cement secondary beacon opposite the pool of Juma Korko which lies in Kenya;

34.4-34.9 through a series of three cement secondary beacons spaced across the scattered tracks leading from Rama Jebia in Kenya to Hola Dugium in Italian Somaliland;

Dal Cippo Principale No. 28 (latitudine australe 0°50'00".00, longitudine est Greenwich 40°59'44".34) al Cippo Principale No. 28 (vertice di Chiamboni).

Partendo dal Cippo Principale No. 28, il confine volge in direzione sud-est seguendo l'allineamento indicato da un cippo sussidiario in cemento ed a:—

attraversa un "lak" senza nome;

incontra due cippi secondari, in cemento, a cavallo della strada che da Ikkabere nel Chenia va a Mug Domaro nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra un cippo secondario, in cemento;

incontra una pista che da Odolabambu nel Chenia va a Uaul nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra la pista che dal gruppo di stagni di Dambala nel Chenia va ad Uaul nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra due cippi secondari, in cemento, a cavallo della strada che da Dambala nel Chenia va a Cussa nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra due cippi secondari, in cemento, a cavallo della pista che da Konogbori, nel Chenia, va a Dola, nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra il Cippo Principale No. 24, in cemento;

incontra un cippo secondario, in cemento, di fronte allo stagno di Juma Korko che rimane nel Chenia;

incontra una serie di tre cippi secondari in cemento disposti ad intervalli sul fascio di piste che da Rama Jebia, nel Chenia, vanno ad Hola Dugium nella Somalia Italiana;

through a series of five cement secondary beacons accentuating the partition of the pools of Kolbio;

through a series of three cement secondary beacons spaced across the scattered tracks leading from Rama Det in Kenya to Usma Idu in Italian Somaliland;

through the cement Primary Beacon No. 25, in the area of Idu Sanga;

passing a small pool unnamed which falls in Kenya;

through a cement secondary beacon;

through a belt of forest with dense undergrowth, known as the "bada";

crossing the Lak at Gibitilaua which remains in Italian Somaliland;

through a cement secondary beacon;

through another belt of the "bada";

leaving the group of pools of Hole Kebery km. 0.4 in Kenya;

through two cement secondary beacons on the edge of the depression of a pool unnamed half-way between the groups of Kon Tuwari in Kenya and Nuidi in Italian Somaliland, the pool lying in Italian Somaliland;

through a cement secondary beacon, leaving the pool of Doria in Kenya and that of Burrada Ier in Italian Somaliland;

through a cement secondary beacon and the adjacent cement Primary Beacon No. 26, which accentuate the division of a pool unnamed lying astride the boundary;

incontra una serie di cinque cippi secondari, in cemento, in modo da rendere più evidente la suddivisione degli stagni di Kolbio;

incontra una serie di tre cippi secondari, in cemento, disposti ad intervalli sul fascio di piste sulla strada che da Lania Det, nel Chenia, va a Usma Idu nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra il Cippo Principale No. 25, in cemento, nella zona di Idu Sanga;

lascia un piccolo stagno senza nome nel Chenia;

incontra un cippo secondario in cemento;

attraversa una zona di foresta con fitta boscaglia, conosciuta col nome di "bada";

attraversa il Lak a Gibitilaua che rimane nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra un cippo secondario in cemento;

attraversa un'altra zona di "bada";

lascia il gruppo di stagni di Hole Kebery a km. 0.4 nel Chenia;

incontra due cippi secondari in cemento, sul margine della depressione dello stagno senza nome, che è a mezza strada fra Kon Tuwari nel Chenia e Nuidi nella Somalia Italiana, e che resta nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra un cippo secondario in cemento, lasciando lo stagno di Doria nel Chenia e quello di Burrada Ier nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra un cippo secondario in cemento e subito dopo il Cippo Principale No. 26 in cemento, che rendono più evidente la divisione dello stagno senza nome che si trova a cavallo del confine;

Distances
Distanze

Km.
90.7

through a cement secondary beacon on the south-east side of the track leading from Mbogo in Kenya to the group of pools of Labchelli which lies about $\frac{1}{2}$ kilometre in Italian Somaliland;

95.7: through two cement secondary beacons astride the track leading from Wanyeka in Kenya to Baracca in Italian Somaliland, leaving Kon Malabi in Kenya;

97.0 through two cement secondary beacons astride the track leading from Pepechono km. 0.4 in Kenya to Billada km. 2.3 in Italian Somaliland;

99.3 through the cemented masonry Primary Beacon No. 27 on top of the most inland ridge of the coastal hills;

100.1-101.3 through a series of five cemented masonry secondary beacons spaced across a clearing, the last of the series being on the north side of the track leading from Jawasi in Kenya to Comauka which lies km. 1.1 in Italian Somaliland;

101.9 through a cemented masonry secondary beacon on the north side of the track leading from Mwangati in Kenya to Meri in Italian Somaliland;

103.5-104.1 through a series of four cemented masonry secondary beacons spaced across the shambas;

105.9 through a cemented masonry pointer beacon to the cemented masonry Primary Beacon No. 28.

26

incontra un cippo secondari cemento a sud est della pista che da Mbogo nel Chenia va al gruppo di stagni di Labchelli che rimane a circa mezzo chilometro nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra due cippi secondari, in cemento, a cavallo della pista che da Wanyeka nel Chenia va a Baracca nella Somalia Italiana, lasciando Kon Malabi nel Chenia;

incontra due cippi secondari, in cemento, a cavallo della pista che da Pepechono a km. 0.4 nel Chenia va a Billada a km. 2.9 nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra il Cippo Principale No. 27 in muratura disposto proprio sulla sommità della più interna collina dalla costa;

incontra una serie di cinque cippi secondari in muratura, disposti ad intervalli in una pianura o l'ultimo dei quali trovava a nord della pista che da Jawasi nel Chenia va a Comauka nella Somalia Italiana, stagno che resta a km. 1.1;

incontra un cippo secondario in muratura a nord della pista che da Mwangati nel Chenia va a Meri nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra una serie di quattro cippi secondari in muratura disposti ad intervalli nelle sciambe;

incontra un cippo sussidiario in muratura eppoi il Cippo Principale No. 28 in muratura.

Sezione 5.

From Primary Beacon No. 28 (angle near Chiamboni) to Primary Beacon No. 29 (Dar Es Salam).

Leaving Primary Beacon No. 28, the boundary passes due

27

out, the alignment being indicated by a cemented masonry pointer beacon:-

leaving the pool of Medo km. 0.1 in Kenya;

leaving the pool of Con Sagardada km. 0.1 in Italian Somaliland;

through a series of five secondary cairns of coral spaced across open ground to the coastal road;

through a cemented masonry pointer beacon to the large cemented masonry Primary Beacon No. 29 at Dar Es Salam.

L. N. KING, Lt.-Col., R.E.

Distances
Distanze

Km.

mente in direzione sud, secondo l'allineamento indicato da un cippo sussidiario in muratura ed a:

lascia lo stagno di Medo a km. 0.1 nel Chenia;

lascia lo stagno di Con Sagardada a km. 0.1 nella Somalia Italiana;

incontra una serie di cinque cippi secondari, mucchi di sassi di misteriale corallino, disposti ad intervalli nella pianura presso la strada lungo la costa;

incontra un cippo sussidiario in muratura, eppoi il grande Cippo Principale No. 29 pure in muratura a Dar Es Salam.

DOTT. TULLIO COLUCCI*

1.5

4.1

5.3-6.5

7.0

APPENDIX II.

TABLE OF GEOGRAPHICAL CO-
ORDINATES OF POINTS FIXED ON
OR NEAR THE BOUNDARY
BETWEEN THE COLONY AND PRO-
TCTORATE OF KENYA AND
ITALIAN SOMALIAND BY THE
ANGLO-ITALIAN (JUBA LAND)
BOUNDARY COMMISSION.

Abbreviations employed:-

- B. A. S.—British Astronomical Station.
 I. A. S.—Italian Astronomical Station.
 (B)—Value supplied by the British Mission.
 (I)—Value supplied by the Italian Mission.

Primary Beacons are indicated by their numbers.

British Values Valori Britannici	Italian Values Valori Italiani
-------------------------------------	-----------------------------------

MAIKA RIE B. A. S.	N. 3 58 53.31 E. 41 54 43.61
----------------------------	---------------------------------

I. A. S.	N. 3 58 59.70 E. 41 54 45.05
---------------	---------------------------------

No. 1	N. 3 58 56.47 E. 41 54 35.97
------------	---------------------------------

No. 2	N. 3 58 52.93 E. 41 54 32.89
------------	---------------------------------

No. 3	N. 3 57 10.97 E. 41 53 21.71
------------	---------------------------------

No. 4	N. 3 49 23.68 E. 41 47 55.25
------------	---------------------------------

No. 5	N. 3 36 05.33 E. 41 38 37.50
------------	---------------------------------

FINNO B. A. S.	N. 3 26 19.95 E. 41 32 01.62
------------------------	---------------------------------

Cairn (Ammasso di sassi)	(B) N. 3 26 59.28 E. 41 32 16.01
-----------------------------	-------------------------------------

No. 6	(B) N. 3 26 05.92 E. 41 31 38.76
------------	-------------------------------------

DAMASA DAMAS B. A. S.	N. 3 09 28.43 E. 41 20 01.11
----------------------------------	---------------------------------

I. A. S.	N. 3 06 24.40 E. 41 19 03.45
---------------	---------------------------------

No. 7	N. 3 09 25.00 E. 41 19 59.55
------------	---------------------------------

No. 8	N. 3 09 23.75 E. 41 19 59.60
------------	---------------------------------

(B) N. 3 09 24.37 E. 41 19 59.58	N. 3 09 24.37 E. 41 19 59.58
-------------------------------------	---------------------------------

No. 9	N. 3 00 44.80 E. 41 11 15.67
------------	---------------------------------

No. 10	N. 2 49 19.20 E. 40 59 44.34
-------------	---------------------------------

No. 11	N. 2 47 28.90 E. 40 59 42.80
-------------	---------------------------------

No. 12	N. 2 47 11.00 E. 40 58 37.18
-------------	---------------------------------

No. 13	N. 2 47 34.63 E. 40 59 44.41
-------------	---------------------------------

No. 14	N. 1 53 16.23 E. 40 59 37.14
-------------	---------------------------------

No. 15	N. 0 59 25.79 E. 40 59 08.13
-------------	---------------------------------

No. 16	N. 0 59 47.95 E. 40 59 49.39
-------------	---------------------------------

No. 17	N. 0 59 55.52 E. 40 59 49.36
-------------	---------------------------------

No. 18	N. 0 49 44.34 E. 40 59 44.34
-------------	---------------------------------

LIBOI B. A. S.	N. 0 24 22.96 E. 40 58 28.13
------------------------	---------------------------------

No. 19	(B) N. 0 24 26.84 E. 40 59 44.34
-------------	-------------------------------------

No. 20	(I) S. 0 00 04.73 E. 40 59 44.34
-------------	-------------------------------------

RAMA GUDA B. A. S.	S. 0 00 59.47 E. 40 59 24.26
----------------------------	---------------------------------

I. A. S.	S. 0 00 53.28 E. 40 59 30.66
---------------	---------------------------------

No. 21	S. 0 00 52.38 E. 40 59 30.93
-------------	---------------------------------

No. 22	S. 0 09 33.90 E. 40 59 44.34
-------------	---------------------------------

"Zero Cin- quanta" B. A. S.	S. 0 34 35.09 E. 40 59 44.34
---	---------------------------------

I. A. S.	S. 0 49 10.47 E. 40 59 57.21
---------------	---------------------------------

No. 23	S. 0 49 54.32 E. 41 00 10.92
-------------	---------------------------------

DAMBALA B. A. S.	S. 0 49 51.03 E. 41 00 10.81
--------------------------	---------------------------------

No. 24	S. 0 50 00.00 E. 40 59 44.34
-------------	---------------------------------

(B) S. 1 03 03.21 E. 41 09 22.37

APPENDICE II.

ELenco delle Coordinate Geografiche dei Punti fissati sul Confine (è nei pressi di ESSO) fra la Somalia Italiana e la Colonia e Protettorato del Cernia dalla Commissione Anglo-Italiana del Confine dell'Oltrre Giuba.

Abbreviazioni impiegate:

B. A. S.—Stazione Astronomica Britannica.

I. A. S.—Stazione Astronomica Italiana.

(B)—Valore fornito dalla Missione Britannica.
 (I)—Valore fornito dalla Missione Italiana.

I Cippi Principali sono indicati dal loro numero.

	British Values Valori Britannici	Italian Values Valori Italiani	Values adopted Valori adottati
--	-------------------------------------	-----------------------------------	-----------------------------------

EL SCHAMA B. A. S.	N. 2 47 30.90 E. 40 59 48.76	N. 2 47 28.90 E. 40 59 52.80	
----------------------------	---------------------------------	---------------------------------	--

I. A. S.	N. 2 47 10.01 (B) N. 2 47 36.98	N. 2 47 11.00 E. 40 58 37.18	N. 2 47 11.61 E. 40 58 36.13
---------------	------------------------------------	---------------------------------	---------------------------------

EL GHALA well ...	N. 2 47 35.98 E. 40 59 43.29	N. 2 47 34.63 E. 40 59 44.41	N. 2 47 35.98 E. 40 59 44.34
----------------------	---------------------------------	---------------------------------	---------------------------------

No. 9	N. 2 47 34.29 E. 40 59 43.29	N. 2 31 16.07 (B) E. 40 59 44.34	N. 2 31 16.07 (B) E. 40 59 44.34
------------	---------------------------------	-------------------------------------	-------------------------------------

No. 10	N. 1 53 16.23 E. 40 59 37.14	N. 1 53 16.23 E. 40 59 37.14	N. 1 53 16.23 E. 40 59 37.14
-------------	---------------------------------	---------------------------------	---------------------------------

No. 11	N. 0 59 47.95 E. 40 59 49.39	N. 0 59 47.95 E. 40 59 49.39	N. 0 59 47.95 E. 40 59 49.39
-------------	---------------------------------	---------------------------------	---------------------------------

No. 12	N. 0 59 49.39 E. 40 59 49.39	N. 0 49 44.34 E. 40 59 44.34	N. 0 49 44.34 E. 40 59 44.34
-------------	---------------------------------	---------------------------------	---------------------------------

No. 13	N. 0 59 49.39 E. 40 59 49.39	N. 0 49 44.34 E. 40 59 44.34	N. 0 49 44.34 E. 40 59 44.34
-------------	---------------------------------	---------------------------------	---------------------------------

No. 14	N. 0 59 49.39 E. 40 59 49.39	N. 0 49 44.34 E. 40 59 44.34	N. 0 49 44.34 E. 40 59 44.34
-------------	---------------------------------	---------------------------------	---------------------------------

No. 15	N. 0 59 49.39 E. 40 59 49.39	N. 0 30 23.94 E. 40 59 44.34	N. 0 30 23.94 E. 40 59 44.34
-------------	---------------------------------	---------------------------------	---------------------------------

DIF B. A. S.	N. 0 59 25.79 E. 40 59 08.13		
----------------------	---------------------------------	--	--

I. A. S.	N. 0 59 47.95 E. 40 59 49.39	N. 0 59 55.52 E. 40 59 49.39	N. 0 59 51.53 E. 40 59 49.39
---------------	---------------------------------	---------------------------------	---------------------------------

No. 16	N. 0 59 49.39 E. 40 59 49.39	N. 0 59 49.39 E. 40 59 49.39	N. 0 59 49.39 E. 40 59 49.39
-------------	---------------------------------	---------------------------------	---------------------------------

No. 17	N. 0 24 22.96 E. 40 58 28.13	N. 0 43 25.26 E. 40 59 44.34
-------------	---------------------------------	---------------------------------

No. 18	N. 0 24 22.96 E. 40 58 28.13	N. 0 43 25.26 E. 40 59 44.34
-------------	---------------------------------	---------------------------------

LIBOI B. A. S.	N. 0 24 22.96 E. 40 58 28.13	(B) N. 0 24 26.84 E. 40 59 44.34
------------------------	---------------------------------	-------------------------------------

No. 19	N. 0 24 22.96 E. 40 58 28.13	(B) N. 0 00 04.73 E. 40 59 44.34
-------------	---------------------------------	-------------------------------------

No. 20	N. 0 00 04.73 E. 40 59 44.34	(I) S. 0 34 35.09 E. 40 59 44.34
-------------	---------------------------------	-------------------------------------

RAMA GUDA B. A. S.	S. 0 00 59.47 E. 40 59 24.26		
----------------------------	---------------------------------	--	--

I. A. S.	S. 0 00 53.28 E. 40 59 30.66	S. 0 00 52.38 E. 40 59 30.93	S. 0 00 53.83 E. 40 59 30.80
---------------	---------------------------------	---------------------------------	---------------------------------

No. 21	S. 0 00 52.38 E. 40 59 30.93	S. 0 09 33.90 E. 40 59 44.34
-------------	---------------------------------	---------------------------------

No. 22	S. 0 09 33.90 E. 40 59 44.34	S. 0 34 35.09 E. 40 59 44.34
-------------	---------------------------------	---------------------------------

"Zero Cin- quanta" B. A. S.	S. 0 49 10.47 E. 40 59 57.21		
---	---------------------------------	--	--

I. A. S.	S. 0 49 54.32 E. 41 00 10.92	S. 0 49 51.03 E. 41 00 10.70	S. 0 49 52.68 E. 41 00 10.81
---------------	---------------------------------	---------------------------------	---------------------------------

No. 23	S. 0 49 51.03 E. 41 00 10.70	S. 0 50 00.00 E. 40 59 44.34
-------------	---------------------------------	---------------------------------

DAMBALA B. A. S.	S. 0 57 41.47 E. 41 06 58.58	
--------------------------	---------------------------------	--

No. 24	S. 0 57 41.47 E. 41 06 58.58	(B) S. 1 03 03.21 E. 41 09 22.37
-------------	---------------------------------	-------------------------------------

	British Values Valori Britannici	Italian Values Valori Italiani	Values adopted Valori adottati
DID SANGA B. A. S.	S. 1 12 18.03 E. 41 16 10.65		
No. 25		(B) S. 3 12 19.90 E. 41 16 13.27	
No. 26		(B) S. 1 28 55.61 E. 41 29 33.09	
No. 27		(B) S. 1 33 11.10 E. 41 31 42.94	
CHIAMBONI B. A. S.	S. 1 38 24.48 E. 41 35 31.89	S. 1 38 27.86 E. 41 35 34.13	
RAS CHIAM- BONI highest point (sommità del capo)	S. 1 38 37.61 E. 41 35 45.87	S. 1 38 39.44 E. 41 35 45.92	S. 1 38 38.62 E. 41 35 45.90
No. 28			S. 1 38 05.03 E. 41 39 02.48
DAR ES SA- LAM			S. 1 39 51.95 E. 41 33 52.18
No. 29			S. 1 39 51.95 E. 41 34 54.12
DIUÁ DAMAS- (CIACA) southern islet (isola del sud)			
DOLO I. A. S. (on right bank of Giuba) (alla sponda destra del Giuba)	N. 4 10 37.27 E. 42 05 00.15		
R. Residenza (on left bank of Giuba) (alla sinistra del Giuba)			
Flag-staff (asta bandiera del campo)		(I) N. 4 10 44.46 E. 42 05 06.98	
Junction of Daua and Giuba			N. 4 10 43.71 E. 42 04 59.21
(Confluenza del Daua col Giuba)			
TABDA B. A. S. on S.W. edge of pool (margini sud W. dello stagni)	N. 0 18 16.60 E. 41 28 45.45	N. 0 18 16.60 E. 41 28 45.45	
1. A. S. on S. edge of pool (margini S. dello stagni)		N. 0 18 17.43 E. 41 27 06.09	

	British Values Valori Britannici	Italian Values Valori Italiani	Values adopted Valori adottati
DADO HARRE I. A. S.		S. 0 14 06.55 E. 41 16 22.88	S. 0 14 06.55 E. 41 16 22.88
WAR DOD B. A. S.	S. 0 34 21.60 E. 40 58 53.84		S. 0 34 21.60 E. 40 58 53.84
UMAMA IDU Flag-staff of au- karai camp (Asti bandiera del campo Ascarai)	S. 1 23 30.30 E. 42 23 05.19	S. 1 23 30.29 E. 41 22 59.96	S. 1 23 30.29 E. 41 23 02.58

L. N. KING, Lt.-Col., DOTT. TULLIO COLUCCI.

APPENDIX III.

MAP. (*)

APPENDIX IV.

GAZETTEER TO THE MAP OF THE
BOUNDARY DEMARQUED BE-
TWEEN THE COLONIES AND PRO-
TCTORATES OF KENYA AND
ITALIAN SOMALILAND, GIVING
THE EQUIVALENT BRITISH AND
ITALIAN SPELLINGS OF PLACE-
NAMES.

1. Place-names are shown on
the map of the frontier in the
following forms:-

if on the Kenya side of the
boundary, as spelt according to
the R.G.S. II system of trans-
scription;

if on the Italian Somaliland
side of the boundary, in Italian
spelling;

certain localities which fall
actually on the boundary are
shown spelt in both methods.

2. In most cases, transcrip-
tion under the R.G.S. II system

REPORTORIO DEI NOMI REPORTATI
NELLA CARTA DEL CONFINE
DELIMITATO FRA LA SOMALIA
ITALIANA E LA COLONIA E PRO-
TETTORATO DEL CHENIA CON LE
ORTOGRAFIE EQUIVALENTE IN
INGLESE ED IN ITALIANO.

1. I nomi delle località sono
indicati sulla carta del Confine
nel modo seguente:

se sono dalla parte del Chenia,
secondo il sistema R.G.S. II
(2° sistema della Reale Società
Geografica Britannica);

se sono dalla parte della
Somalia Italiana, in ortografia
Italiana;

se sono a cavallo del confine in
tutti due i modi.

2. Nella maggior parte dei
caso i nomi sono stati scritti,

(*) Not reproduced.

or according to Italian spelling has been effected by a careful interrogation of natives, involving the twin problems of the language and meaning of the name.

In cases where a name has been collected by one of the two Missions but has not been verified by the other, the letter B or I in brackets indicates the Mission responsible for it (British or Italian).

3. A place-name written against a road or track to indicate the origin or destination of the road or track, is catalogued in this Appendix merely by a sheet number followed by the letter K or S, according as the place lies in Kenya or Italian Somaliland.

3. I nomi di località scritti a spartano di strada o pista, per indicarne la provenienza o l'indirizzo, sono stati elencati in questa Appendice col numero del foglio seguito dalle lettere K o S, secondo che le località stesse si trovino nel Chenni o nella Somalia Italiana.

Name as shown on the map	System of spelling (R.G.S. II or Italian)	Name as written in alternative system	Map reference	Foglio e quadrato
Name come a indicato sulla carta	Sistema d'ortografia Italiana o R.G.S. II	Nome come a scritto nell'altra scrittura		
(B) Abalo Karhan	R.G.S. II	Abalo Fashin	4. h. 4	
(B) Abak Fiu	R.G.S. II	Abach Fiu	2. f. 1	
(B) Abaudani	R.G.S. II	Abaudani	4. h. 7	
(B) Abdobili	Ital.	Abdibili	3. c. 4	
(B) Abu Gala	Ital.	Abu Gala	3. f. 5	
(B) Ade Der	R.G.S. II	Ade Der	3. f. 2	
(B) Afmadu	Ital.	Afmadu	3. g. 5	
(B) Aich	Ital.	Aich	1. b. 8	
(B) Alderi	R.G.S. II	Alderi	4. h. 6	
(B) Ali Gabi	R.G.S. II	Ali Gabi	3. f. 3	
(B) Ali Golo	R.G.S. II	Ali Golo	2. c. 3	
(B) Alisirlong	Ital.	Alisirlong	4. f. 7	
(I) Allango Chilhi	Ital.	Allango Chilhi	3. i. 4	
(I) Allango Gurru	Ital.	Allango Guru	3. i. 4	
(I) Allango Iei	Ital.	Allango Ieyi	3. g. 6	
(I) Allango Uba	Ital.	Allango Uba	3. e. 6	
(B) Ara	Ital.	Ara	4. e. 8-9	
(B) Arba Arura	Ital.	Arba Arura	4. f. 7	
(B) Arda Dadaja	R.G.S. II	Arda Dadages	1. b. 3	
(B) Au	Ital.	Au	3. d. 6	
(B) Aven Nur	Ital.	Aven Nur	1. g. 4	
(B) Aual Hoco	R.G.S. II	Aual Colcole	4. d. 3	
(B) Aweyon	R.G.S. II	Aueyon	1. c. 6	
(B) Ba Nongo	Ital.	Ba Nongo	4. g. 6	
(B) Babio	R.G.S. II	Babio	4. h. 7	
(B) Bactili	Ital.	Baghili	1. d. 6	
(B) Bactili	Ital.	Baghili	2. b. 6	
(B) Bada	R.G.S. II	Bada	4. L. 6; g. 6	

Name as shown on the map	System of spelling (R.G.S. II or Italian)	Name as written in alternative system	Map reference	Foglio e quadrato
Name come a indicato sulla carta	Sistema d'ortografia Italiana o R.G.S. II	Nome come a scritto nell'altra scrittura		
(I) Baddi Gilä	Ital.	Bada Jila	4. c. 6	
(I) Badiana	Ital.	Badiana	3. f. 7	
(I) Baghel Urghet	Ital.	Bagel Urget	1. g. 5	
(B) Bakareni	R.G.S. II	Bakareni	1. b. 8	
(B) Baki	R.G.S. II	Baki	1. b. 8	
(B) Bakaja Obe	R.G.S. II	Bakajig Obbe	4. b. 3	
(B) Balaga	Ital.	Balaga	4. g. 6	
(B) Bal Bale	R.G.S. II	Bal Bale	2. f. 2	
(I) Bambä Giovani	Ital.	Bambä Javani	1. e. 7	
(B) Bandari la Mbusi	Ital.	Bandari Ya Mbusi	4. g. 6	
(B) Bandir	Ital.	Bandir	4. f. 7	
(B) Ban	Ital.	Ban	1. b. 7	
(B) Ban Wayama	R.G.S. II	Ban Usiama	3. c. 1	
(B) Ban Wairawa	R.G.S. II	Ban Uiraurie	3. d. 1	
(B) Barca	Ital.	Baraka	4. h. 7	
(B) Baraca Haliki	Ital.	Baraka Haliki Kituri	4. g. 8	
(B) Chifuri	Ital.	Chifuri		
(B) Bessa Halò	R.G.S. II	Besima Halò	4. e. 7	
(B) Boile Machesa	R.G.S. II	Beila Macea	1. K.	
(B) Benanzi	R.G.S. II	Benanzi	3. K.	
(B) Benderi Baniani	Ital.	Benderi Banyani	4. f. 8	
(B) Bentii	Ital.	Bentii	1. e. 7	
(B) Benvera	Ital.	Benvera	3. h. 5	
(B) Ber Hawamadi	R.G.S. II	Ber Hawamadi	1. d. 8	
(B) Berti Finno	R.G.S. II	Berti Finno	1. e. 5	
(B) Bila	Ital.	Bila	1. f. 4	
(B) Bilaca	Ital.	Bilaca	2. S.	
(B) Billada	Ital.	Billada	4. b. 7	
(B) Bia Gudud	Ital.	Bia Gudud	4. e. 8	
(B) Bio Gudud	Ital.	Bio Gudud	4. h. 7	
(B) Bio Madò	Ital.	Bio Madò	4. f. 9	
(B) Burao (Som.-Dan. Gap)	Ital.	Burao (Som.-Dan. Gap)		
(B) Burao Andani	Ital.	Burka Andani	4. g. 8	
(B) Biskai	Ital.	Biskaya	4. e. 5-6	
(B) Bisan Addi	Ital.	Bisan Adi	3. i. 4	
(B) Bisan Dima	Ital.	Bisan Dima	4. e. 5	
(B) Biseca Tuma	Ital.	Bisec Tuma	4. f. 4	
(B) Bogi	Ital.	Bogi	3. d. 6	
(B) Bodi Bachadli	Ital.	Bodi Bachadli	4. c. 5	
(B) Boji	R.G.S. II	Boji	2. d. 2-3	
(B) Bora	R.G.S. II	Bora	4. d. 5	
(B) Bo-Sa	R.G.S. II	Bo-Sa	1. d. 6	
(B) Buba	Ital.	Buba	4. g. 6	
(B) Bubius	Ital.	Bubius	1. K.	
(B) Bubusce	Ital.	Bubusce	4. f. 8	
(B) Butta Hari	Ital.	Butta Hari	4. e. 8	
(B) Burai	Ital.	Burai	4. f. 8	
(I) Bur Kurfu Kurfu	Ital.	Bur Kurfu Kurfu	1. i. 3	
(B) Bur Gus	Ital.	Bur Gus	1. f. 5	
(B) Bur Dera	Ital.	Bur Dera	4. f. 9	
(B) Bur Gardida	R.G.S. II	Bur Gardida	2. c. 3	
(B) Bur Gasse	R.G.S. II	Bur Gasse	1. f. 7	
(B) Bur Gorille	Ital.	Bur Gorille	1. f. 6	
(B) Bur Hogor Dobli	R.G.S. II	Bur Hogor Dobli	2. b. 4	
(B) Bur Jabi	R.G.S. II	Bur Jabi	2. b. 3	
(B) Bur Manza	R.G.S. II	Bur Manza	1. f. 5	
(I) Bur Samarole	Ital.	Bur Samarole	1. i. 4	
(B) Bur Urs Benli	Ital.	Bur Urs Benli	1. i. 4	
(B) Bur Uaro	Ital.	Bur Uaro	1. d. 6	

Name as shown on the map	System of spelling (R.G.S. II or Italian)	Name as written in alternative system (Italian or R.G.S. II)	Map reference Foglio e quadrato
Nome come è indicato sulla carta			
(B) Bur Wein	R.G.S. II	Bur Wein	2. b. 4
(B) Buri Haula	Ital.	Buri Haula	4. f. 9
(B) Buri Manga	Ital.	Buri Manga	4. f. 8
(B) Burchit Anna Dar	R.G.S. II	Burchit Anna Dar	1. c. 6
(B) Burki Fumio	R.G.S. II	Burki Fumio	1. c. 6
(B) Burrada Ior	Ital.	Burrada Ior	4. g. 6
(B) Burrada Uein	Ital.	Burrada Uein	4. g. 6
(B) Buta	Ital.	Buta	2. b. 4
(I) Cabanà	Ital.	Kabana	4. e. 6
(I) Cabo Chincero	Ital.	Kabo Chincero	4. e. 6
(B) Cala	Ital.	Kala	4. e. 6
(B) Camora	Ital.	Kamora	1. c. 5
Camora Bali	Ital.	Kamora Bali	3. c. 5
Camora Gof	Ital.	Kamora Gof	1. c. 5
Camor Gila	Ital.	Kamor Gila	3. c. 5
(I) Camudi	Ital.	Camudi	1. c. 3
(I) Cancurri	Ital.	Kancurri	1. S. 3
(I) Canta	Ital.	Kanta	4. e. 5
Cascia Debina	Ital.	Kasca Debina	4. e. 5
Cauitti	Ital.	Kauitti	4. b. 4
(I) Chaliga	Ital.	Chaliga	1. a. 6
(I) Cherni	Ital.	Cherni	1. d. 7
Chiamboni	Ital.	Chiamboni	4. f. 7
Chiamponi	Ital.	Chiamponi	4. f. 9
(B) Chigang	Ital.	Chigang	4. f. 8
(B) Chidicani	Ital.	Chidicani	4. f. 8
(B) Chigone Giava- duca	Ital.	Chigone Giava- duca	4. f. 8
Chimaiac	Ital.	Kizmayu	3. S.
(B) Chiside	Ital.	Kisida	4. e. 6
(B) Chisile	Ital.	Kisile	4. f. 8
(B) Chitunghen	Ital.	Kitungnen	4. f. 8
(B) Chitunghen	Ital.	Kitungnen	4. f. 8
(B) Chitunghen	Ital.	Kitungnen	4. f. 8
(D) Chode	Ital.	Chode	4. f. 6
(B) Coiti	Ital.	Kohiti	3. i. 4
Colama	Ital.	Kolame	4. f. 6
(B) Concasia	Ital.	Konawale	4. h. 7
(B) Conor	Ital.	Konor	4. f. 6
(B) Cono Gula	Ital.	Kono Gula	4. f. 6
(B) Cono Saghrada	Ital.	Kono Saghrada	4. f. 6
Cono Ghili	Ital.	Khop Ghili	3. h. 6
Cono Roha	Ital.	Kino Roha	3. f. 6
(I) Cora Igab	Ital.	Kora Igab	1. f. 6
Corbes	Ital.	Korbes	4. c. 6
Coriamu	Ital.	Qoriamu	1. c. 8
Corio Cauitti	Ital.	Gori Kawiti	4. b. 4
Corole	Ital.	Korole	3. i. 4
Cuddina	Ital.	Kudina	1. c. 6
Cugno	Ital.	Kunyo	2. f. 3-3. b. 8
(I) Cuia Cavara	Ital.	Kuwiis Kavara	3. f. 6
Cuia Dera	Ital.	Kuwiis Dera	3. f. 6
Cumbi Licoli	Ital.	Qunbi Likoli	4. e. 5
Cuncosa	Ital.	Kunawaka	4. e. 5
(B) Curdo	Ital.	Kurdo	2. f. 3
(B) Curde	Ital.	Kurdo	4. b. 4-3. h. 9
(B) Curdo	Ital.	Kurdo	4. d. 5
Cussa	Ital.	Kusa	
Daba	Ital.	Daba	1. g. 4
Daba Der	R.G.S. II	Daba Der	3. e. 3

Name as shown on the map	System of spelling (R.G.S. II or Italian)	Name as written in alternative system (Italian or R.G.S. II)	Map reference Foglio e quadrato
Nome come è indicato sulla carta			
(B) Dabi	Ital.	Dabi	1. S.
Daci	Ital.	Dak	3. e. 5
Dadi Cumbi	Ital.	Dadi Cumbi	3. e. 5
Dadi Jidi	Ital.	Dadi Jidi	3. f. 6
Dadi Jidi	Ital.	Dadi Jidi	1. f. 7
(B) Dadaji Bula	R.G.S. II	Dadaji Bula	3. d. 3
(I) Dadol Harre	Ital.	Dado Harre	3. i. 5
(B) Dadol	R.G.S. II	Dadot	3. e. 8
Dadi	Ital.	Dadi	3. d. 4
Daduma Ad	R.G.S. II	Daduma Ad	3. f. 6
(I) Daduma Addi	Ital.	Daduma Addi	3. b. 4
(B) Dacea Lettu	R.G.S. II	Dacea Lettu	3. b. 3
Dacea	Ital.	Dacea	1. g. 4
Damasa	R.G.S. II	Damas	4. d. 4
Dambala	R.G.S. II	Dambala	1. b. 6
Dambala Gessa	Ital.	Dambala Gessa	3. b. 6
Dangs	Ital.	Dangs	3. S. 5
Dangi Boji	Ital.	Dangi Boji	3. S. 6
Danis Sipi	Ital.	Danis Sipi	3. c. 6
Dar Es Salam	R.G.S. II	Dar Es Salam	4. f. 7
Datca Eribca	R.G.S. II	Datca Eribca	3. e. 3
Dauwa	Ital.	Dauwa	4. f. 9
Dek dek Kora Aleher	Ital.	Dek dek Kora Aleher	1. e. 7
Alcher			
Del Buui	Ital.	Del Buui	5. f. 6
Deliganna	Ital.	Deliganna	3. S. 8
(B) Deli Deli	R.G.S. II	Deleita	3. d. 3
Deli	Ital.	Deli	1. S.
Derib	Ital.	Derib	3. e. 6
(I) Dermi	Ital.	Dermi	1. d. 7
(B) Dighomis Dhiwili	R.G.S. II	Dighomi Dihili	3. d. 7
Dib Ul Chena	Ital.	Dib Ul Chena	3. d. 6
Diki	Ital.	Diki	3. d. 6
Didi	Ital.	Didi	3. d. 5
Didi Giri	Ital.	Didi Giri	4. e. 7
Didi Sanga	R.G.S. II	Didi Sanga	4. f. 5
Dida Addi	Ital.	Dida Addi	4. e. 6
(B) Didi	R.G.S. II	Didi	4. g. 6
Diff			
Dighi Merer		Merer	3. b. 4
Dinali Ghatali	R.G.S. II	Dinech Holati	4. d. 4
Dinak Kamore	R.G.S. II	Dinech Camore	4. o. 3
Dindir Muso	Ital.	Dindir Muso	4. g. 7
Dirhara	Ital.	Dirhara	1. h. 4-e. 7
Dina Damasciaca	Ital.	Dhawa Dhamashaka	4. h. 7
Do Dero	Ital.	Do Dero	4. g. 6
Do Dero	Ital.	Do Dero	3. d. 4
Dobli	Ital.	Dobli	4. f. 2
(B) Doi Warde	R.G.S. II	Doi Wardi	4. e. 4
Dola	Ital.	Dola	1. a. 9
Doma Deri	Ital.	Doma Deri	2. S.
(B) Domi	R.G.S. II	Domni	4. e. 4
(B) Doris	R.G.S. II	Doris	4. e. 5
Duboli	Ital.	Duboli	4. b. 4
Dubri	Ital.	Dubri	3. S.
(I) Dumanduma	Ital.	Dumanduma	1. a. 9
Dumfa	Ital.	Dumfa	4. e. 6
(B) Dunkal	R.G.S. II	Duncal	1. b. 8

Name as shown on the map	System of spelling (R.G.S. II or Italian) Sistema d'ortografia (Italiano o R.G.S. nella coda)	Name as written in the Italiano E.O.S. (Italiano E.O.S.)	Name come è scritto nello stesso sistema	Map reference Poggio e quadretto	Name as shown on the map	System of spelling (R.G.S. II o Italiano) Sistema d'ortografia (Italiano o R.G.S. nella coda)	Name as written in the alternative system (Italiano o R.G.S. nella coda)	Map reference Poggio e quadretto
(B) El Berù Hugis	Ital.	El Berù Haja	1. i. 3		(1) Chogay	Ital.	Gars	4. b. 4
El Bisq	R.G.S. II	El Bissaca	1. i. 2		(1) Giara Afra	Ital.	Jara Afra	4. b. 4
(B) El Camore	Ital.	El Kamore	3. d. 6		(1) Giara Alba	Ital.	Jara El	4. b. 6
El Dargula	R.G.S. II	El Dargula	1. i. 2		(B) Gibichuk	Ital.	Bibichukowa	4. f. 6
El Gawayasi	R.G.S. II	El Gossato	1. i. 2		(1) Giapponi	Ital.	Jigilli	1. a. 9
El Ghais	R.G.S. II	El Ghais	1. i. 2		(B) Gitta Bura	Ital.	Jitta Bura	4. f. 6
El Ghala	R.G.S. II	El Ghala	1. i. 2		(B) Gitta Corvumi	Ital.	Jitta Kortumi	4. f. 6
El Golja	R.G.S. II	El Gedja	1. i. 2		(B) Gitta Lele	Ital.	Jitta Lele	6. d. 4
El Guyu Buja	R.G.S. II	El Guju Buja	1. i. 2		(B) Giore	Ital.	Jore	4. f. 6
(B) El Habla	Ital.	El Habla	4. g. 7		(I) Girma	Ital.	Jesma	4. a. 6
El Hagarwu	R.G.S. II	El Hagarwu	1. i. 2		(B) Giuba	Ital.	Juba	1. a. 9
El Haji Sera	R.G.S. II	El Haki Sera	1. i. 2		(B) Giunira	Ital.	Junira	3. c. 5
(B) El Iafra	Ital.	El Iafra	4. g. 7		(B) Goba	Ital.	Goba	4. b. 6
El Jatelo Baroda	R.G.S. II	El Jateli Baroda	1. i. 2		(B) Gof Dado Cale	Ital.	Gawf Dado Kale	1. c. 8-a. 9
El Korma	R.G.S. II	El Corma	1. i. 2		(B) Gogh	Ital.	Gogal	2. a. 4
(B) El Kura	R.G.S. II	El Cura	2. o. 3		(B) Gol Rio	R.G.S. II	Gol'chio	1. c. 8-a. 9
El Roba	R.G.S. II	El Roba	1. i. 2		(I) Golò Giacarò	Ital.	Golo Giacaro	4. a. 4
El Safara	R.G.S. II	El Safara	1. i. 2		(B) Golobato	R.G.S. II	Golobato	3. a. 3
El Saqo	R.G.S. II	El Saco	1. i. 2		(B) Gorjala	Ital.	Gorgala	2. c. 4
(B) El Sciamia	Ital.	El Shama	1. i. 2		(B) Gose Gabeli	R.G.S. II	Gose Gabali	3. f. 2
(B) El Usach	Ital.	El Usach	1. d. 6		(I) Guba Cheriba	Ital.	Guba Cheriba	4. f. 3
El Wak	R.G.S. II	El Wak	1. i. 2, 3		(I) Guba Maro	Ital.	Guba Maro	4. f. 6
(B) El Yaq	R.G.S. II	El Iach	4. i. 6		(I) Gubet Maro	Ital.	Gubet Maro	1. a. 9
(B) Elsalan	Ital.	Elsalan	3. h. 5		(I) Gubet Uasasa	Ital.	Gubet Uasasa	1. e. 6
(I) Erabò	Ital.	Erabò	4. s.		(I) Gubei	Ital.	Gubei	1. e. 6
(I) Escudete	Ital.	Eskudutka	2. S.		(B) Guduru	Ital.	Gudury	3. i. 5
(B) Faf Kalala	R.G.S. II	Faf Kalala	3. f. 2		(B) Guji	R.G.S. II	Gugi	2. K.
(B) Fafdo	Ital.	Fafdo	3. c. 4		(B) Gula Dima	R.G.S. II	Gula Dima	2. c. 3
(B) Falama	R.G.S. II	Falamà	2. a. 3		(B) Guloli	Ital.	Guloli	3. c. 5
(B) Famau Uali	Ital.	Famau Wali	4. h. 7		(B) Gura Arba	Ital.	Gura Arba	3. b. 5
(B) Fila	Ital.	Fila	4. f. 5		(B) Gurara	Ital.	Gurara	4. b. 4
(B) Finne	R.G.S. II	Fiamo	1. z. 6		(B) Gurarsi	R.G.S. II	Gurarsi	3. a. 2
(B) Fjala	Ital.	Fjala	4. a. 9		(B) Gurgura	Ital.	Gurgura	1. d. 3
(B) Fulalile	Ital.	Fulalile	1. a. 9					
(B) Funu Cuba	R.G.S. II	Funu Cuba	1. b. 8					
(B) Furene Mbogo	R.G.S. II	Furene Mbogo	4. b. 6					
Gal Gali	Ital.	Qai Qali	1. c. 8		(B) Habali	Ital.	Habali	4. g. 8
Gal Gali	Ital.	Galo Busi	3. f. 6		(B) Habo Culo	Ital.	Habo Kulo	4. g. 6
(B) Galieno	R.G.S. II	Galiens	4. d. 4		(B) Habra	Ital.	Habra	4. e. 7
(B) Ghelghel Beit	R.G.S. II	Ghelghel Beit	2. e. 2		(B) Hadadda	Ital.	Hadadda	4. e. 8
(I) Galgarco Gabalote	Ital.	Galgarche Gabalote	4. e. 5		(B) Hadidika	Ital.	Ghadidika	3. d. 4
(I) Gama Bali	Ital.	Gama Bali	3. g. 6		(B) Hadio	Ital.	Hadio	4. d. 5
Gamgar	Ital.	Gamgar	3. i. 5		(B) Hafura	R.G.S. II	Hafura	1. d. 6
Gangosa	R.G.S. II	Gangheess	4. b. 3		(B) Haghiafo Chedeliti	Ital.	Haghiafo Kedeliti	4. S.
(B) Garse	Ital.	Garse	4. e. 7		(B) Hahait	Ital.	Hahait	4. f. 7
(B) Gebia	Ital.	Jebia	1. b. 8		(B) Hahl	Ital.	Ghali	3. d. 6
(B) Gerba Gula	R.G.S. II	Gerba Gula	1. b. 7		(I) Hambalash	R.G.S. II	Hambalasc	2. i. 3
(B) Gerba	R.G.S. II	Gherbi	4. e. 5		(B) Hamudi	Ital.	Qamudi	3. e. 6
(B) Ghayraq	R.G.S. II	Hai-lagh	4. e. 3		(B) Hanundi	R.G.S. II	Hamundi	4. h. 6
(B) Ghedo Samà	Ital.	Gedo Sama	2. b. 4		(I) Hanuna	R.G.S. II	Hanuna	4. K.
(B) Gheda	Ital.	Gedu	2. a-d. 4		(B) Hara Buio	Ital.	Hara Buio	1. f. 7
Ghedeza	Ital.	Geldezo	3. f. 5		(B) Hara Buti	Ital.	Hara Buti	2. d. 4
(I) Ghelghel Beit	Ital.	Gelghel Beit	3. a. 4		(B) Hara Cadera	Ital.	Hara Cadera	1. a. 9
(I) Ghelghel Bur Foli	Ital.	Galgal Bur Foli	3. a. 3-4		(I) Hara Dodi	Ital.	Hara Dodi	1. a. 9
(B) Ghelghel Gherbi	Ital.	Gherghi	1. f. 6		(B) Hara Dima	R.G.S. II	Hara Dima	4. c. 3
(B) Gherba Abdi	Ital.	Gerba Abdi	1. d. 7		(B) Hara Farra	Ital.	Hara Farra	1. e. 7
(B) Gherba Garbud	Ital.	Gerba Garbud	1. f. 6		(B) Hara Gherai	Ital.	Hara Gherai	1. e. 6
(B) Gherba Gof	Ital.	Gerba Gafw	1. d. 7		(B) Hara Jilo	R.G.S. II	Hara Jilo	4. b. 3
Gherille	Ital.	Gerille	2. f. 4		(B) Hara Lou Weyu	R.G.S. II	Hara Lou Weyu	3. e. 3
					(B) Harange	R.G.S. II	Haranghe	2. b. 3

Name as shown on the map	System of spelling (E.G.S. II or Italian)	Name as written in the alternative system (Italian or E.G.S.)	Map reference	Page e quadri
Nome come è indicato sulla carta	Sistema di ortografia (Italiano o E.G.S.)	Nome come è scritto nell'altro sistema	Pag. e	e quadri
(B) Harbate	R.G.S. II	Harbate	4. d. 4	
(B) Hardime	R.G.S. II	Hardime	4. d. 4	
(B) Hareshi	R.G.S. II	Arori	4. K.	
(B) Hareri Hawseli	R.G.S. II	Hareri Hoselli	1. c. 7	
(B) Hauina	Ital.	Hawina	3. f. 8	
(B) Haura	Ital.	Haura	4. g. 6	
(B) Hawal	Garba R.G.S. II	Haus Garbe Hoghi	1. f. 6	
(B) Hegali	Ital.	Hegali	1. a. 6	
(I) Hale Auroble	Ital.	Hale Auroble	1. a. 9	
(B) Hale Keburye	R.G.S. II	Hale Chebarie	4. g. 6	
(I) Hele Said	Ital.	Hele Shid	1. a. 9	
(B) Hida Haro Marc	Ital.	Hida Haro Marc	4. d. 4	
(B) Hila Loli	Ital.	Hila Loli	4. g. 6	
(B) Hilo Dohli	Ital.	Hilo Dohli	2. B.	
(B) Holi	Ital.	Ghawi	1. d. 8	
(B) Hola Dalder	Ital.	Hola Dalder	4. a. 5	
(B) Hola Darchen	Ital.	Hola Darken	4. e. 5	
(B) Hola Dugium	Ital.	Hola Dujum	4. e. 5	
(B) Hola Gubal	Ital.	Hola Gubal	4. e. 5	
(B) Hola Uarabessa	Ital.	Hola Uarabessa	4. e. 5	
(B) Homagio	Ital.	Homesjo	3. h. 9	
(B) Horoma	Ital.	Onesata	1. a. 8	
(B) Hor Diga	R.G.S. II	Hor Diga	4. e. 4	
(B) Horiga Bubusac	Ital.	Horiga Bubush	4. f. 7	
(B) Horicing Horobo	Ital.	Horiseng Horobo	4. e. 7	
(B) Huluhu	R.G.S. II	Hulisho	4. e. 4	
(B) Hunduda	R.G.S. II	Hundula	1. b. 8	
(B) Hurup	Ital.	Hurup	4. e. 7	
(B) Iach Ari	Ital.	Yaq Ari	4. f. 6	
(B) Iach Baraca	Ital.	Yaq Baraka	4. b. 7	
(B) Iach Fur	Ital.	Yaq Fur	1. S.	
(B) Iach Hagi	Ital.	Yaq Haji	4. f. 6	
(B) Iache	Ital.	Yacali	1. f. 6	
(B) Iambori	Ital.	Iambori	4. g. 9	
(B) Idiva Lakinu	R.G.S. II	Idiva Lachinu	4. i. 6	
(I) Ifedi	Ital.	Jedi	4. d. 6	
(B) Ifedo	Ital.	Jedo	1. h. 3	
(B) If	Ital.	If	4. g. 6	
(B) If Gandu	Ital.	If Gandu	4. g. 7	
(B) Ilalo	Ital.	Ilalo	2. b. 3	
(B) Ilakberg	R.G.S. II	Ilakberg	4. f. 4	
(B) Isicase Lassai	Ital.	Isicaka Lassai	4. f. 8	
(B) Isocra	Ital.	Isocra	4. a. 4	
(B) Ishantani	R.G.S. II	Ishicasani	4. i. 7	
(B) Iasi Wnaminius	Ital.	Isi Wanaminya	4. o. 8	
(B) Itangomi	R.G.S. II	Itangomi	4. i. 7	
Jaba Dimtu	R.G.S. II	Giaba Dintu	1. h. 6	
(I) Jaha Kurmama	R.G.S. II	Giaba Curmama	1. h. 3	
Jalanto Lango	R.G.S. II	Gialdo Lango	1. K.	
(B) Jala	R.G.S. II	Giara /	4. e. 3	
Jara Jils	R.G.S. II	Giara Gila	4. K.	
(B) Jawad	R.G.S. II	Gianassi	4. h. 7	
(B) Junu Korko	R.G.S. II	Giunna Corche	4. e. 4	
(B) Kalabhad	R.G.S. II	Calabhd	1. K.	
Kasha Gurgurda	R.G.S. II	Cascia Gurgurda	4. c. 3	
(B) Kawf Awedi	R.G.S. II	Cof Auedi	4. h. 6	

Name as shown on the map	System of spelling (E.G.S. II or Italian)	Name as written in the alternative system (Italiano o E.G.S.)	Map reference	Page e quadri
Nome come è indicato sulla carta	Sistema di ortografia (Italiano o E.G.S.)	Nome come è scritto nell'altro sistema	Pag. e	e quadri
(B) Kisanji	R.G.S. II	Chisani	4. g. 6	
(B) Kim Shishi	R.G.S. II	Chissi Scisci	4. g. 6	
(B) Kanga	R.G.S. II	Chunga	4. g. 6	
(B) Kanga Mwini	R.G.S. II	Chunga Muini	4. a. 5	
(B) Kibio	R.G.S. II	Chibio	4. h. 7	
(B) Kimalabi	R.G.S. II	Com Malabi	4. h. 7	
(B) Kien Mayoi	R.G.S. II	Com Maiisi	4. g. 6	
(B) Koa Sebedi	R.G.S. II	Coa Turiari	4. g. 6	
(B) Koa Tuwari	R.G.S. II	Coa Tuwari	4. g. 6	
(B) Kono Boge	R.G.S. II	Cono Boga	4. a. 4	
(B) Kono Hameea	R.G.S. II	Cono Hameesa	4. a. 4	
(B) Kaoqgori	R.G.S. II	Conoqgori	2. K.	
(B) Koton	R.G.S. II	Conot	1. b. 7	
(B) Koromi	R.G.S. II	Conomi	2. d. 3	
(B) Kora	R.G.S. II	Cuba	2. d. 3	
(B) Kura Yeri	R.G.S. II	Cura Ieri	4. e. 4	
(B) Kuro	R.G.S. II	Curo	4. d. 4	
(B) Kuro Sanga Marc	R.G.S. II	Curo Sanga Maro	4. d. 4	
(B) Labchelli	Ital.	Lakhkhir	4. g. 6	
(B) Laek	Ital.	Lak	4. f. 4-6	
(B) Laek Bohol	Ital.	Lak Bohol	3. d. 4	
(B) Laek Chomoti	Ital.	Lak Kemoti	4. o. 8	
(I) Laek Coblio	Ital.	Lak Kolbio	4. o. 5	
(S) Laek Dambala	Ital.	Lak Dambala	3. o. 5	
(B) Laek Dera	Ital.	Lak Dera	3. o. 3-3. 5	
(B) Laek Gifta Bura	Ital.	Lak Jifta Bura	4. f. 5	
(B) Laek Girma	Ital.	Lak Igma	4. d. 6	
(B) Laek Iedi	Ital.	Lak Yedi	4. d. 4	
(B) Laek Kara	Ital.	Lak Kara	4. g. 6	
(B) Laek Lafat	Ital.	Lafat	1. d. 5	
(B) Laekoli	R.G.S. II	Lafoli	4. f. 4-6	
(B) Lak	R.G.S. II	Laek	2. b. 2	
(B) Lak Awaro	R.G.S. II	Laek Awaro	3. d. 5	
(B) Lak Bisq	R.G.S. II	Laek Bisca	3. d. 3-3. 5	
(B) Lak Defa	R.G.S. II	Laek Dera	3. d. 3-3. 5	
(B) Lak Ghorani	R.G.S. II	Laek Gorani	4. c. 8	
(B) Lak Gasha	R.G.S. II	Laek Gasha	2. b. 3	
(B) Lak Kasti	R.G.S. II	Lakarti	4. o. 5	
(B) Lakati	R.G.S. II	Lakatu	4. o. 5	
(B) Lamai Det	R.G.S. II	Lama Det	4. e. 4	
(B) Lamu	R.G.S. II	Lamu	4. K.	
(B) Liboi	R.G.S. II	Liboi	3. e. 3	
(B) Licolo Teram	Ital.	Likeli Teram	4. f. 5	
(B) Lo Kiberiti	R.G.S. II	Lo Chiberiti	4. h. 7	
(B) Loda	Ital.	Loda	2. S.	
(B) Lola busi	Ital.	Lolabusu	2. a. 4	
(B) Lugena Jelabtu	R.G.S. II	Lughena Gialabdu	4. K.	
Lugh	Ital.	Lugh	1. S.	
(I) Macalli	Ital.	Makali	1. S.	
(M) Mada Marodi	Ital.	Mada Marodi	1. e. 7	
(B) Madera	Ital.	Madera	1. K.	
(B) Madera road	R.G.S. II	Madera di Madera	1. K.	
(B) Madero	Ital.	Madero	4. g. 7	
(B) Madi	R.G.S. II	Madi	4. h. 7	
(B) Mado	R.G.S. II	Mado	4. h. 7	
(B) Mado Ali	Ital.	Mado Ali	1. d. 8	
(B) Madulu	R.G.S. II	Madulu	1. K.	
(B) Mae Ratili	R.G.S. II	Mae Ratili	2. e. 2	
(B) Mahara	Ital.	Mahara	4. f. 9	

	Name as shown on the map None other is indicated	System of spelling (R.G.S. II or Italian) Sistema d'ortografia (Italiano o R.G.S.)	Name as written in alternative system Nome scritto nel sistema usato altrove	Map reference Punto di riferimento Carte et point de repère
(B)	Mainia Gab	Ital.	Mainya Gab	4. f. 6.
	Makica	Ital.	Makika	1. a. 8.
	Malca Oda	Ital.	Malka Oda	1. b. 5.
	Malca Rio	Ital.	Malka Rio	1. b. 2.
(B)	Malka Got	R.G.S. II	Malca Got	1. b. 8.
(B)	Malka Madera	R.G.S. II	Malca Madera Uan	1. b. 8.
(B)	Malca Yen	R.G.S. II	Malca Madera Ieri	1. b. 8.
(B)	Manieda	Ital.	Manyeda	4. g. 6
	Manesa	R.G.S. II	Manesa	1. K.
(B)	Mara Hor	R.G.S. II	Mara Hor	4. e. 6.
(I)	Maro Daltu	Ital.	Maro Daltu	3. h. 5.
(B)	Marodi Galo	Ital.	Marodi Galo	1. a. 8.
(B)	Masachaku	Ital.	Masahabuli	4. f. 9.
	Mashabuli	Ital.	Mata Arba	1. d. 7.
(I)	Mata Arba	R.G.S. II	Mata Arba	4. c. 3.
(B)	Mattatose	R.G.S. II	Mattatose	2. K.
(B)	Mbaba	Ital.	Mbaba	4. g. 6.
(B)	Mbogo	R.G.S. II	Mbogo	4. g. 6.
(B)	Mbusa Mwicheu	Ital.	Mbusa Mwicheu	4. g. 8.
(B)	Mococani	Ital.	Mokosani	1. b. 7.
(B)	Mococoles	Ital.	Mkokoles	4. f. 8.
	Moda	Ital.	Moda	4. d. 6.
(B)	Moess	Ital.	Moena	4. f. 8.
(B)	Mogag	R.G.S. II	Mogag	1. i. 2.
	Monda	Ital.	Moda	4. b. 6.
(B)	Mori	Ital.	Mori	1. 2. 8.
(B)	Mori	Ital.	Mori	4. f. 7.
	Moschetti	Ital.	Moschetti	3. c. 6.
(B)	Mgombanzi	R.G.S. II	Mgombanzi	4. h. 6.
(B)	Micondoni	Ital.	Mkondoni	4. f. 8.
(B)	Micondoni (rus- cella)	Ital.	Mkondoni (greek)	4. f. 8.
	Micomani	Ital.	Mkomani	4. a. 8.
(B)	Mireli	R.G.S. II	Mireli	2. K.
(B)	Mitambi	R.G.S. II	Mitambi	4. K.
	Mikondoni	R.G.S. II	Micondoni	4. K.
(B)	Milango Wabomani	R.G.S. II	Milango Ubomani	4. i. 7.
	Misarani	Ital.	Misarani	4. g. 8.
(B)	Mocoel	Ital.	Mokokol	4. f. 8.
(I)	Mola Ghersei	Ital.	Mola Gerse	3. h. 6.
	Musashini	Ital.	Mawakini	4. o. 6.
(B)	Mawaki	R.G.S. II	Mawachi	4. o. 6.
	Muccociuatu	Ital.	Muchochatu	4. o. 6.
(B)	Mug Domaro	R.G.S. II	Muffa	4. e. 8.
	Mug Domaro	Ital.	Mug Domaro	4. d. 4.
(B)	Muru Myuli	Ital.	Muru Myuli	4. f. 8.
(B)	Mwangati	R.G.S. II	Muangati	4. h. 7.
(B)	Navava (salato)	Ital.	Navava (salt)	4. n. 8.
(B)	Neboi	R.G.S. II	Neboi	1. K.
(B)	Neboi	Ital.	Neboi	4. g. 6.
	Ngamboni	R.G.S. II	Ngamboni	4. b. 7.
(B)	Norda	R.G.S. II	Norda	4. b. 7.
(B)	Niarua	Ital.	Nyarua	4. f. 8.
(B)	No. 1 Post Road to El Wak	R.G.S. II	No. 1 Strada Postale da El Uach	1. K.
(B)	Nuidi	Ital.	Nuidi	4. f. 6.
(B)	Nuidi	Ital.	Nuidi	4. g. 6.
(I)	Oballa	Ital.	Oballa	4. S.

	Name as shown on the map None other is indicated	System of spelling (R.G.S. II or Italian) Sistema d'ortografia (Italiano o R.G.S.)	Name as written in alternative system Nome scritto nel sistema usato altrove	Map reference Punto di riferimento Carte et point de repère
(B)	Odoibambu	R.G.S. II	Odoibambu	4. d. 4.
(I)	Oina	Ital.	Oina	4. d. 5.
(I)	Ona	Ital.	Oona	1. a. 9.
(B)	Pepechono	R.G.S. II	Pepechono	4. h. 7.
(B)	Re-i	R.G.S. II	Re-i	4. d. 6.
	Rama	Ital.	Rama	4. d. 2.
(B)	Rama Addi	R.G.S. II	Rama Addi	1. a. 2.
(I)	Rama Gedoli	R.G.S. II	Rama Gedoli	1. i. 3.
(I)	Rama Guda	R.G.S. II	Rama Guda	4. e. 3.
(B)	Rama Gubie	R.G.S. II	Rama Gubie	4. e. 4.
(B)	Rama Jabin	R.G.S. II	Rama Jabin	2. a. 3.
(B)	Ramaato	R.G.S. II	Ramaato	2. a. 3.
(B)	Ramao	R.G.S. II	Ramao	2. K.
(B)	Ras Alouey	Ital.	Ras Alouey	4. f. 8.
(B)	Ras Cauí	Ital.	Ras Cauí	4. f. 7.
(B)	Ras Chimboni	Ital.	Ras Chimboni	4. f. 7.
(B)	Ras Chivanda	Ital.	Ras Chivanda	4. g. 8.
(B)	Ras Changwani	Ital.	Ras Changwani	4. g. 8.
(B)	Ras Chonduwi	Ital.	Ras Chonduwi	4. g. 7.
(B)	Ras Cuqued	Ital.	Ras Cuqued	4. g. 7.
(B)	Ras Gaialan	Ital.	Ras Gaialan	4. f. 7.
(B)	Ras Game Lahequa	Ital.	Ras Game Lahequa	4. h. 7.
(B)	Ras Inia Omari	Ital.	Ras Inia Omari	3. h. 7.
(B)	Ras Isinca Lassei	Ital.	Ras Isinca Lassei	4. f. 7.
(B)	Ras Maifufu	Ital.	Ras Maifufu	4. f. 7.
(B)	Ras Mai Kachi	Ital.	Ras Mai Kachi	4. g. 7.
(B)	Ras Mbwa Mwicheu	Ital.	Ras Mbwa Mwicheu	4. g. 8.
(B)	Ras Mbura Bala	Ital.	Ras Mbura Bala	4. g. 8.
(B)	Ras Mbura Girano	Ital.	Ras Mbura Girano	4. g. 8.
(B)	Ras Moeno Ndovo	Ital.	Ras Moeno Ndovo	4. g. 7.
(B)	Ras Mianidi	Ital.	Ras Mianidi	4. g. 7.
(B)	Ras Mianzai	Ital.	Ras Mianzai	4. g. 7.
(B)	Ras Sakho	Ital.	Ras Sakho	4. g. 8.
(B)	Ras Waravole	Ital.	Ras Waravole	3. g. 5.
(B)	Ribet	Ital.	Ribet	2. a. 1.
(B)	Riba	R.G.S. II	Riba	2. a. 1.
(B)	Rignao	R.G.S. II	Rignao	4. e. 4.
(B)	Roch	Ital.	Roch	1. g. 8.
(B)	Rughe	Ital.	Rughe	4. g. 8.
(B)	Ruka Adale	R.G.S. II	Ruka Adale	4. g. 8.
(B)	Run Hawacho	R.G.S. II	Run Hawacho	4. a. 8.
(I)	Samarole	Ital.	Samarole	1. S.
(B)	Sangole	R.G.S. II	Sangole	4. K.
(I)	Santaro	Ital.	Santaro	4. S.
(I)	Sara	Ital.	Sara	4. e. 4.
(B)	Sartita	R.G.S. II	Sartita	1. b. 9.
(B)	Satuu Wara	R.G.S. II	Satuu Wara	1. b. 9.
(B)	Scobelli	Ital.	Scobelli	4. f. 7.
(B)	Scoesaini	Ital.	Scoesaini	4. f. 7.
(B)	Siam Cu	Ital.	Siam Cu	Sham Ku
(B)	Sicim Uaggio	Ital.	Sicim Uaggio	Sham Wujo
(B)	Sicimo Vuongo	Ital.	Sicimo Vuongo	Shimo Wuogo
(B)	Sicub Dad Gumbi	Ital.	Sicub Dad Gumbi	Shub Dad Qumbi
(B)	Sicub Elalan	Ital.	Sicub Elalan	Shub Elalan
(B)	Sicub Guloli	Ital.	Sicub Guloli	Shub Guloli
(B)	Sore Buco	Ital.	Sore Buco	Sore Buco

Name as shown on Nota come è indicato sulla carta	System of spelling (I.M.O.S. II or Italian) Sistema d'ortografia (Internazionale dell'Alfa e R.M.S. ID)	Name as written in the alternative system: Nome come è scritto nell'altro sistema	Map reference Poglio e quadrato
Sereni	Ital.	Serani	1. b. 8
Shimbiri Bul	R.G.S. II	Scumbiri Bul	3. K.
(B) Shimbiri	R.G.S. II	Scumbiri	3. K.
(B) Shimbiri	R.G.S. II	Scumbiri	3. K.
(B) Shira Wein	R.G.S. II	Siora Usia	4. a. 6
(B) Siria Yeri	R.G.S. II	Siora Yori	4. a. 6
Sirba	Ital.	Simba	4. d. 4
(B) Sirba	Ital.	Sirba	4. d. 4
(I) Sur Godat	Ital.	Sur Gedud	1. a. 9
(B) Suzi	R.G.S. II	Susi	4. i. 6
Takiki	Ital.	Takida	3. f. 6
(B) Takiki	Ital.	Takiki	4. f. 6
(B) Tambo	R.G.S. II	Tambo	4. g. 9
Tarananga	Ital.	Taranuga	4. f. 9
Teran	Ital.	Teran	4. e. 5
(B) Tessa Mangudo	R.G.S. II	Tesso Mangudo	4. e. 5
(B) Tita	Ital.	Tita	4. d. 4
Tobi	Ital.	Tobii	4. d. 4
(B) Tuartschuka	R.G.S. II	Tuartschuka	1. f. 6
(B) Tihane	Ital.	Tuhase	2. z. 2
(B) Tuera Dma	Ital.	Tuvera Dama	4. f. 7
(B) Tulic Nagheesariga	Ital.	Tulich Nagheesariga	4. e. 5
(I) Tultiti	Ital.	Tultiti	4. g. 5
(B) Tumtida	R.G.S. II	Tumtida	4. f. 8
(B) Tur Gude	R.G.S. II	Tur Gude	4. f. 2
(B) Ubhi	Ital.	Wabbi	3. h. 4
Udanza	Ital.	Wgadama	1. g. 4
(B) Uedes	Ital.	Wades	4. e. 6
(B) Uioire	Ital.	Wayore	4. f. 6
Ujessna Giabessa	Ital.	Wah Jacobs	4. e. 6
(B) Uama Idu	Ital.	Wama Idu	4. e. 6
(B) Uama Idu	Ital.	Wama Idu	4. e. 6
(I) Uangchedo	Ital.	Wangeole	4. S.
(B) Uamo Luggugnaseca	Ital.	Wanoso Luggugnaseda	4. f. 7
(I) Uar Ansai	Ital.	War Ansai	4. b. 5
(I) Uar Benli	Ital.	War Benli	1. l. 6
(I) Uar Cocco	Ital.	War Kokao	1. l. 6
(I) Uar Damer	Ital.	War Damer	1. l. 6
(I) Uar Rei	Ital.	War Re	1. l. 3
(B) Uar Tinghet	Ital.	War Tinget	4. g. 5
(I) Uar Uai	Ital.	War Wai	1. a. 9
(I) Uare Diocote	Ital.	Ware Dikote	1. f. 6
Uarrach	Ital.	Warak	4. a. 4
Uarsess Raggi	Ital.	Warossa Raggi	1. l. 3
Uarts Galotica	Ital.	Warts Galotika	2. S.
Uats Dima	Ital.	Webi Dama	1. a. 8
(I) Uel Beit	Ital.	Wei Beit	3. a. 4
Uel Mar	Ital.	Wei Mur	3. h. 5
(B) Uer Mur Corche	Ital.	Wel Mur Korke	3. i. 4
(B) Uendi	Ital.	Wendi	4. h. 7
Uenti Digo	Ital.	Wante Digho	1. h. 3
Uenti Dima	Ital.	Wante Dima	1. h. 3
(B) Uf Tisa	R.G.S. II	Ui Tisa	4. a. 3
(B) Uhl	Ital.	Uauli	4. d. 4
(B) Undet	Ital.	Undet	4. h. 7
Unsi Digo	Ital.	Unsi Digho	1. a. 8
Unsi Gundo	Ital.	Unsi Gudu	1. a. 8
(B) Urena	R.G.S. II	Urena	4. K

Name as shown on Nota come è indicato sulla carta	System of spelling (I.M.O.S. II or Italian) Sistema d'ortografia (Internazionale dell'Alfa e R.M.S. ID)	Name as written in the alternative system: Nome come è scritto nell'altro sistema	Map reference Poglio e quadrato
(B) Urura	R.G.S. II	Urura	4. a. 6
(B) Urura	R.G.S. II	Urura	4. f. 6
(B) Ururaha	R.G.S. II	Ururaha	3. K.
(B) Vungo Vungoni	R.G.S. II	Vungo Vungoni	4. l. 8
(B) Wai Al Bohar	R.G.S. II	Wai Al Bohar	4. h. 7
Wajer	Ital.	Wajer	3. K.
Wajer Dima	R.G.S. II	Wajer Dima	2. K.
(B) Wanay	R.G.S. II	Wanay	4. f. 7
Wai Doglo	R.G.S. II	Wai Doglo	3. f. 2
War Dod	R.G.S. II	War Dod	4. b. 3
War Kanakoti	R.G.S. II	War Kanakoti	1. K.
War Omari	R.G.S. II	War Omari	4. g. 6
Waregifto	R.G.S. II	Uaregh-Gifto	4. h. 7
Wal Adi	R.G.S. II	Wal Adi	2. f. 3
Wal Gara	R.G.S. II	Wal Gara	2. a. 3
Wal Garri	R.G.S. II	Wal Garri	2. a. 3
(B) Wal Gur Dahatasta	R.G.S. II	Wal Gur Dahatasta	4. c. 8
(I) Wal Jura	R.G.S. II	Uel-Jiara	4. a. 3
(B) Yang Ogoni	R.G.S. II	Jack Ogoni	4. e. 8
(B) Yubata Kateti	R.G.S. II	Iubata Cateti	4. h. 6

L. N. KING, Lt.-Col., R.E.
Dott. TULLIO COLOCCI.

CORRIGENDA AND ADDENDA^(*)

ERRATA CORRIGE.

*Corrigenda**Correzioni.*

APPENDIX IV.

Appendice IV.

p. 33	Baghel Urghet	for	1. g. 5	read scrivere	1. S.
pag. 33		invece di	4. h. 7	read scrivere	4. g. 7
	Bio Gudud	for	3. h. 6	read scrivere	3. g. 6
p. 34	Oono Gibili	for	Dech dach Cora	read	Dech Dech Corsa
pag. 34		invece di	Alleher	scrivere	Allehor
p. 35	for	Dech dach Cora	read	Dech Dech Corsa	
pag. 35	invece di	Alleher	scrivere		
p. 36	Gamà Bali	for	3. g. 6	read	3. f. 6
pag. 36		invece di	scrivere		
	Ghelghel Bur Foli	for	3. g. 3-4	read	3. e. 4
		invece di	scrivere		
	Gherasci	for	1. f. 6	read	1. S.
		invece di	scrivere		
p. 37	Gubbet Maro	for	1. s. 9	read	1. S.
pag. 37		invece di	scrivere		
p. 40	Matatose	for	2. K.	read	3. K.
pag. 40		invece di	scrivere		
p. 41	Satau Wara	for	1. h. 2	read	1. K.
pag. 41		invece di	scrivere		
p. 42	for	User Mur Corche	read	User Mur Corche	
pag. 42	invece di	scrivere			

*Addenda.**Aggiunte.*

APPENDIX IV.

Appendice IV.

p. 34	(B) Cororo	Ital.	Kororo	4. g. 6
pag. 34	(B) Categhi	Ital.	Kutegi	4. g. 6
p. 36	(B) Ghemo	Ital.	Gemo	4. g. 6
pag. 37	(B) Gof	Ital.	Gawf	1. S.

(*) After signature.

In any further communication
on this subject, please quote

No. J 3250/282/66

and address—

not to any person by name.

but to—

"The Under-Secretary of State,"
Foreign Office,
London, S.W.1.

86 /
FOREIGN OFFICE.

S.W.1.

17th February, 1933.

Sir,

With reference to Colonial Office letter No. 18008/32

No. 30 of July 7th 1932, relative to the Kenya-Italian Somaliland
Boundary Agreement, I am directed by Secretary Sir John
Simon to state, for the information of the Secretary of
State for the Colonies, that the period of twenty one days
during which the text of this agreement must be laid before
Parliament, prior to ratification, is due to expire on 7th
March next. It will therefore be possible after that date
to proceed with the final exchange of notes with the Italian
Ambassador.

(4)
Ans
2. The Colonial Office letter under reference conveyed
the approval of Secretary Sir Philip Cunliffe-Lister to a
draft note to the Italian Ambassador drawn up in this
Department. It has since proved necessary to make a number
of minor amendments in that text and I am to express the
hope that Sir P. Cunliffe Lister will be able to concur
in the final draft a copy of which is enclosed in this
letter.

I am,

Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

Ramsey Pearson

The Under Secretary of State,
Colonial Office.

Your Excellency.

Draft note to
Italian Ambassador from
the Secretary of State
for Foreign Affairs.

I have the honour to inform Your
Excellency that His Majesty's Government in
the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern
Ireland desire to proceed by means of an
exchange of notes to the formal confirmation
of the agreement signed at Florence on December
17, 1927, regarding the decisions of the
Commission appointed under Article 12 of the
Anglo-Italian Boundary Treaty signed at London
on July 18th, 1924 for the demarcation of the
boundary between the Colony and Protectorate of
Kenya and Italian Somaliland.

E. Printed copies of the Agreement as
signed, together with the appendices and
corrigenda and addenda thereto and the original
signed map mentioned therein, are enclosed

herewith

herewith and I have the honour to request
that you will inform me whether the Italian
Government are willing to confirm the said
Agreement. In that event, I have the honour
to propose that the date of this note shall
be regarded as the date of confirmation of the
Agreement for the purpose of Article 8 (c)
thereof.

5. At the same time, I beg leave to
enclose a printed copy of the recommendations
signed at Colbie Isiolo and Kisimayo on 27th
August 1950, by the representatives of the
Kenya and Jubaland Governments regarding the
adoption of certain measures for the
maintenance of a permanent line of boundary
demarcation and the reconstruction of the
beacons, and to inform you that His Majesty's
Government in the United Kingdom accept these
recommendations subject to certain
modifications and additions which have already

been

been accepted in principle by the Italian Government. In order however that there may be a clear understanding as to the precise intentions of the two Governments in the matter, I have the honour to propose that the following clauses be formally adopted as representing the agreed interpretation of the said recommendations as so amended and supplemented:-

(1) Such of the twenty nine principal beacons placed by the Anglo-Italian Jubaland Boundary Commission and indicated on the coloured map attached to the Agreement of December 17th 1887 as are not in good condition shall be reconstructed on their existing sites in iron planted on a base of cement.

(2) Between the principal beacons a straight track three metres in width shall be constructed and cleared of tree stumps and overhanging vegetation. This track will

pass round the bases of the principal beacons
so as to permit of the free passage of a lorry
without it being driven over the beacon.

(3) The above arrangements will be undertaken
under the supervision of two topographical
experts, one Italian and one British, who will
trace out on the ground the alignment of the
track on the basis of the delineation already
fixed by the mixed Anglo-Italian Commission.

(4) The expenses incurred in connexion with
the carrying out of the above arrangements
will be shared equally by the two local
Governments concerned.

(5) After the boundary has been repaired in
accordance with the above mentioned
arrangements the future maintenance of the
track and of the principal beacons will be
undertaken as follows:-

The Government of Kenya will undertake at
their expense the maintenance of the track
and

and principal beacons from beacon No. 1 (Malcorie) to beacon No. 15 (excluding the beacon).

The Government of Italian Somaliland will undertake at their expense the maintenance of the track and principal beacons from beacon No. 15 (inclusive) to beacon No. 29 (Dar es Salaam).

(6) Two years from the date of the completion of the repair of the boundary, and thereafter biennially the Government of Kenya and the Government of Italian Somaliland will each appoint a representative who will conduct a joint inspection of the boundary and submit a joint report on its condition to each of the above mentioned Governments. Each Government will be responsible for the payment of the expenses incurred in this connexion by their own representatives.

(7) All boundary beacons are under the joint

protection

protection of the British and Italian
Governments.

(8) Should it be subsequently necessary to
mark the boundary more exactly by further
beacons each Government shall send a
representative for the construction of the
intermediate beacons; the position of these
intermediate beacons shall be regulated by
the course of the boundary marked on the
map annexed to the agreement.

4. If the Italian Government concur in the
terms of the foregoing clauses I have the
honour to suggest that this note with the
printed copy of the agreement and recommendations
and maps hereunto annexed together with Your
Excellency's reply in similar terms shall
be regarded as constituting with effect from
the date of this note, a definitive Agreement
between the two Governments in regard to the
demarcation and maintenance of the boundary.

92

protection of the British and Italian
Governments.

(8) Should it be subsequently necessary to
mark the boundary more exactly by further
beacons each Government shall send a
representative for the construction of the
intermediate beacons; the position of these
intermediate beacons shall be regulated by
the course of the boundary marked on the
map annexed to the agreement.

4. If the Italian Government concur in the
terms of the foregoing clauses I have the
honour to suggest that this note with the
printed copy of the agreement and recommendations
and maps hereunto annexed together with Your
Excellency's reply in similar terms shall
be regarded as constituting with effect from
the date of this note, a definitive Agreement
between the two Governments in regard to the
demarcation and maintenance of the boundary.

PUBLIC RECORD OFFICE

END

TOTAL EXPOSURES ➔

PUBLIC RECORD OFFICE

CO533/434

ORDER NO. ↗ FN/E474

CAMERA NO. ↗ 19

OPERATOR. ↗ MT

REDUCTION. ↗ 12

EMULSION NO. ↗ 321061

DATE. ↗ 30/5/72

CROWN COPYRIGHT

THESE COPIES ARE SUPPLIED FOR INFORMATION
AND RESEARCH ONLY-NO REPRODUCTION MAY BE
MADE FOR PUBLICATION WITHOUT THE ASSENT OF
THE PUBLIC RECORD OFFICE