

1925

Adde

KENYA
TANGANYIKA

C.O.
40499
5 SEP 25

DATE

4th September 1925.

FOREIGN OFFICE.

CIRCULATION —

Mr. *Accepting*
Mr. *Green*
Mr.

KENYA - T.T. BOUNDARY.

Encloses typed copies of the English text of draft agreement of 1914 defining the Anglo-German boundary. Seeks concurrence in proposal to explain circumstances to League of Nations - although no formal notification is strictly necessary.

() Two additional copies now attached*

U.S. of S.

U.S. of S.

U.S. of S.

Secretary of State.

Previous Paper

MINUTES

this pp

The FO do not express concurrence in the draft dep to Kenya, but it may be assumed from this that they have no objection.

Back say that the FO has

no objection to the proposed comm

J.F. Drummond L & add that a

copy of this comes to

included in the proposed dispatch

which is now being sent to the

of Kenya

(ii) add copy of his letter 1744

Minister

add

Minister

40499

to the draft dep prepared in 1914

add that copy of this is being sent to the FO

A.C. 29481
to Gov Kenya (Conf) 23 SEP 1925
copy encl & reply to Gov (Conf) (3)

Subsequent Paper

(C.O. 43547)

Send it off.

And shows not Ganganika to
inform of sending the Gov a copy of the
Comes 4. 2991 (with map) & the
that Kenya (with enclosure?) 4-50
to Kenya should be so 4/2

if submission made
by me name of
advised for P.T. J
per copy of 2991. a
noticed copy for
info
Evan

C
21 SEP
0 23

~~_____~~

to the note at hand. I have
 asked Dr. Botton by whom he agreed
 there is nothing for it but to have
 a second copy of each of the
 sent in 9064/4 (English text only)
 we have definitely asked for it &
 youka will have it also. If a
 of copies can conveniently be made
 immediately. The best course will be
 to have 2 copies each to attach
 to the current file. (i.e. 6 copies
 in all)

Em 2/9/5

Page 3

40499

5 SEP 25

FOREIGN OFFICE.
S.W.I.

4th September, 1925.

any further communication
Subject, please quote.

W 7527/7527/50.

address—

by any person by name.

Under-Secretary of State,
Foreign Office,
London, S.W.1.

Sir,

I am directed by Mr. Secretary Chamberlain to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 29981/25 of the 5th ultimo on the subject of the boundary between Kenya Colony and the Tanganyika Territory, and to express regret that no spare copy in print of the draft agreement of 1914 defining the Anglo-German boundary in East Africa is available. I am to enclose typed copies of the English text of the agreement and to suggest that one of these should be forwarded to the Acting Governor of Kenya Colony.

2. In view of the fact that the Tanganyika Territory is administered under mandate by His Majesty's Government, consideration has been given to the question whether formal notification of the proposed definition of the boundary between that territory and Kenya Colony should be made to the Secretary-General of the League of Nations. It is clear that any modification of the boundary of mandated territory would require the sanction of the League, since such modification would of necessity imply cessions or accessions of territory. In the present case, however, there appears to be no question of modifying the boundary of the Tanganyika Territory, since the proposed Order in Council will merely define that boundary as the one agreed between His Majesty's Government and the German Government in 1914, which, it may safely be assumed, was the boundary envisaged by the mandate.

S.

Under Secretary of State,
Colonial Office.

3. Although there is therefore, strictly speaking, no need for any formal notification to the Secretariat of the League in the present instance, Mr. Chamberlain nevertheless considers that it would be as well to explain the circumstances to them, in case the question should be raised at some future date. He proposes, with Mr. Amery's concurrence, to address Sir E. Drummond accordingly.

I am,

Sir,

Your obedient Servant

C. W. Amery

6/1/1900

(44)

AGREEMENT RESPECTING THE BOUNDARY BETWEEN THE BRITISH AND
GERMAN TERRITORIES IN EAST AFRICA, FROM MOUNT SABINIO TO
LAKE JIPE.

His Britannic Majesty's Government and the Imperial German Government, being desirous of concluding an Agreement fixing a definite boundary between their Possessions in East Africa from the volcano district north-east of Lake Kivu to Lake Jipe (Djipe) south-east of Kilimanjaro, the Undersigned, after having communicated to each other their respective full powers, found in good and due form, have, in accordance with article 1 (c) of the Anglo-German Agreement of the 1st July, 1890, agreed upon the following articles:-

ARTICLE 1.

The boundary between the Uganda Protectorate and the German East African Protectorate begins at the highest point of Mount Sabinio and follows, as far as the source of the Kisinga stream, the lines marked out with pillars by a Mixed Commission in 1911, as described below and indicated on Map No. 1 annexed to this Agreement:-

1. The watershed which runs from the highest point of Sabinio over the highest point of Mshinga to the highest point of Muhavura, the point of intersection of which with the path leading from north to south between Sabinio and Mshinga is marked by boundary pillar 1;
2. The crest of the spur running from Muhavura in a north-easterly direction, as shown on the map, over the

summit,

summit of the hill Nyarubesh, marked by direction pillar 1A, to boundary pillar 2; thence a straight line to the summit of Mussongo, marked by direction pillar 3A; thence the crest of the ridge running north-east to boundary pillar 3;

3. A curved line, as shown on the map, connecting boundary pillar 3 to direction pillars 3A, 4, 5, 5A, 6, 7, 8, 9; thence three straight lines through direction pillar 9A to the top of the hill marked by boundary pillar 10 and to the southernmost summit of the Wugamba (Wugamba) range, marked by boundary pillar 11.

4. The crest of this range through boundary pillar 12 on the hill Kanyemanyemba, through direction pillars 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 to boundary pillar 18 on the most easterly point of the range; thence the crest of a range running south-east through direction pillars 19A to boundary pillar 24 on the hill Mutarevere; thence the crest of a range through direction pillar 24A to boundary pillar 25; thence the crest of a range, of the confluence of the stream Mutarevere (or Kira) and the stream (or Karagwa); thence a straight line, marked by direction pillar 26, to the summit of the hill Mutarevere, marked by direction pillar 27;

5. The crest of a range through direction pillar 28, to the summit of the hill Mutarevere, marked by direction pillar 29; thence a straight line to boundary pillar 30, on the summit of the hill Mutarevere; thence a straight line to the summit of the hill Gwasa;

6. The crest of a range through direction pillar 18A on the summit of the hill Mutarevere, through direction pillar 19A to boundary pillar 20 on the summit of the hill Sanga;

7. A straight line to boundary pillar 20 in the valley to the east of the hill Sanga, on a path leading from south-east to north-west, thence a straight line to boundary pillar 21 on the summit of the hill Kisivo;

8. The crest of a range of the hill Kisivo running north-east, marked by direction pillars 21A, 21B, 21C to boundary pillar 22;

pillar/

pillar 22 on a conspicuous knoll at the foot of the hill; thence in a straight line to direction pillar 22A on the edge of a swamp; thence the centre line of this swamp to boundary pillar 23 at the foot of a prominent spur;

9. The crest of this spur through direction pillar 23A to its summit, marked by boundary pillar 24; thence the crest of a spur of the hill Kevintan in a south-easterly direction through direction pillars 24A and 24B to boundary pillar 25 on the summit of this hill;

10. The crest of the ridge of this hill which runs northward to boundary pillar 26; thence in a straight line through direction pillar 26A in the valley to direction pillar 26B on the summit of the hill Kevora; thence in a straight line to direction pillar 26C on the summit of the hill Kevanga; thence to the crest of the ridge of this hill which runs north and east to direction pillar 27 on a conspicuous knoll in the valley; thence in a straight line through direction pillar 27A on a spur of the Hill Kevanga to the crest of this spur marked by boundary pillar 28;

11. The crest of the ridge of this hill which runs northward to boundary pillar 29; thence in a straight line through direction pillar 29A in the valley to direction pillar 29B on the summit of the hill Kevanga; thence to the crest of the ridge of this hill which runs north and east to direction pillar 30 on a conspicuous knoll in the valley; thence in a straight line through direction pillar 30A on a spur of the Hill Kevanga to the crest of this spur marked by boundary pillar 31; thence in a straight line through direction pillar 31A in the valley to boundary pillar 32 on the southern summit of the hill Kevanga; thence in a straight line through direction pillar 32A on the crest of the ridge of this hill which runs north and east to direction pillar 32B on the summit of another conspicuous small knoll, marked by boundary pillar 31;

12. A series of straight lines - as marked on the map - following the eastern slopes of the Mashuri range and marked at each change of direction by boundary and direction pillars 31A, 31B, 32, 32A, 33. Boundary pillars 32 and 33 stand on conspicuous spurs;

13. A further series of straight lines following round the slopes of a narrow valley between the Mashuri range and the spur ending in the hill Kitoff (Kitofu), and marked at each change of direction by boundary and direction pillars 33A, 33B, 34, 34A, 34B, 34C, 35. Boundary pillars 34 and 35 stand on conspicuous spurs;

14. A further series of straight lines round the slopes of Mount Kitoff (Kitofu), marked by direction pillars 35A, 35B, and boundary pillar 36; the latter stands on a conspicuous spur on the south side of the mountain.

15. Several straight lines through direction pillars 36A on a spur south-east of the summit of Kitoff (Kitofu), 36B on a spur east of the same hill, 36C on a hill at the foot of the latter spur to boundary pillar 37 on the saddle between Kitoff (Kitofu) and Navari;

16. A depression running north-east and marked by direction pillar 37A to the source of the south-western branch of the Chizinga (Kisinga) stream, marked by boundary pillar 38.

17. The thalweg of this stream to its junction with the Kakitumba (or Kachwamba).

From the junction of the Chizinga (Kisinga) with the Kakitumba (or Kachwamba) the boundary, as shown on Map 2 annexed to the Agreement, follows the thalweg of the last-named river to its junction with the Kagera, thence the thalweg of the Kagera down-stream to its second point of intersection with latitude south 1° , which point is marked by boundary pillars 26 and 27, placed by a Mixed Commission in 1904.

Thence/

Thence the boundary follows the straight line along latitude south 1° , marked by the above-mentioned Commission with boundary pillars 28-41, until it cuts the western shore of Lake Victoria.

ARTICLE 2.

Across Lake Victoria the boundary continues to follow latitude south 1° , as shown in Maps 2 and 3 annexed to this Agreement, to a point $1\frac{1}{2}$ kilom. west of the coast of the Rubabu (Rubawa) Peninsula, whence it runs parallel to and at a distance of $1\frac{1}{2}$ kilom. from the coast line round the northern extremity of the peninsula until it again meets latitude south 1° . Thence along that parallel of latitude until it reaches a point $1\frac{1}{2}$ kilom. west of the Mohuru Peninsula. Thence round the southern extremity of the Mohuru Peninsula, at a distance of $1\frac{1}{2}$ kilom. from the coast, until about the middle of Mohuru (Idito) Bay it meets a line drawn from the western extremity of the peninsula south-east to boundary pillar 43 (Kitenden), the position of which is described in article 3.

ARTICLE 3.

From Mohuru (Idito) Bay the boundary between the British East African Protectorate and the German East African Protectorate shall follow the lines marked out with pillars by a Mixed Commission in 1904-1905, as indicated on Maps 3, 4, and 5 annexed to this Agreement, and as described below:-

1. A straight line starting from the point of intersection in Mohuru (Idito) Bay, described in article 2, and passing through boundary pillars 4-47 to boundary pillar 48 (Kitenden);
2. Thence a straight line through boundary pillars 49-53 to boundary pillar 54 (Laitokitok);
3. Thence a line to boundary cross 55 (Kimangeya);

4. Thence a straight line to boundary cross 56 (Useri);
5. Thence a straight line to boundary cross 57 (Lumi);
6. Thence a straight line to boundary pillar 58 on the eastern rim of the basin of Lake Chala (Dschala);
7. Thence a straight line across the lake to the west shore and on to boundary pillar 59 at the highest point of Chala Hill (Dschala);
8. Thence a straight line to boundary pillar 60 on the highest point of the more northerly of the two hills (Schlobach Hills) situated to the south of Lake Chala (Dschala)
9. A straight line to boundary pillar 61 on the more southerly of the two hills;
10. A straight line to boundary pillar 62 on the highest point of Ndul ya Malagoge;
11. Thence a straight line through boundary pillars 63 and 64 on the Taveta-Moschi route to boundary pillar 65 on the highest point of Latema hill;
12. Thence a straight line to boundary pillar 66 on the highest point of Nadingalera (Lemrika) hill;
13. The meridian of the last-named point in a southerly direction to its point of intersection with the thalweg of the River Losoyai;
14. The thalweg of the river down-stream, west of the island of Mokia, to its junction with the River Rifu (Ruwu);
15. The thalweg of the Rifu (Ruwu) up-stream to its exit from Lake Jipe (Djipe);
16. Thence a straight line to the point of intersection of latitude south $3^{\circ} 32.5'$ with the centre line of Lake Jipe (Djipe);
17. Thence the centre line of this lake to boundary pillar 67 at its southern end.

ARTICLE 4.

The geographical co-ordinates of the boundary pillars, so far as they are known, have been inserted in the maps annexed to this Agreement. The pillars marking the boundary shall determine the course of the boundary, even in the event of future alteration of their co-ordinates.

ARTICLE 5.

The two Governments will see that the boundary marks mentioned in the present Agreement are permanently maintained and, where necessary, supplemented by the erection of intermediate pillars. On the other hand, all earlier marks which do not correspond with the description of the boundary given in this Agreement shall be removed as soon as possible.

All the boundary marks are under the joint care of the British and German Governments. Both Governments shall be represented when the repair, the re-erection, or the removal of boundary marks is undertaken, and they shall share equally between them the expenditure incurred thereby.

ARTICLE 6.

British and German subjects shall have equal rights of fishing in Lake Jipe (Djipe), and, where the boundary is formed by the thalweg of a river, in those reaches of the river through which the boundary passes.

ARTICLE 7.

The British Government will give instructions that, in the event of the natives of the German side of the boundary desiring to obtain water from the springs at Kigalalwa (latitude south $2^{\circ} 58' 33''$; longitude east $37^{\circ} 36' 35''$) and Lesako (latitude south $2^{\circ} 58' 15''$; longitude east $37^{\circ} 36' 40''$),

the/

the British authorities on the boundary shall, so far as circumstances permit, place no obstacles in the way of their doing so.

Natives crossing the boundary for this purpose shall, while in British territory, be entirely subject to British jurisdiction and regulations as to time, place, and manner of obtaining water which the local authorities may see fit to impose.

ARTICLE 8.

Section 2 of the Agreement between Great Britain and Germany of the 25th July, 1893, is hereby annulled.

ARTICLE 9.

In virtue of the present Agreement, Great Britain and Germany will abstain from putting forward any territorial claims based on article 1 (1) of the Agreement of 1st July, 1890, which conflict with the boundary described above.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed this Agreement and have affixed thereto the seal of their arms.

Done in duplicate at London,

the

, 1914

AGREEMENT RESPECTING THE BOUNDARY BETWEEN THE BRITISH
AND GERMAN POSSESSIONS IN EAST AFRICA, FROM MOUNT
SABINIO TO LAKE JIPE.

His Britannic Majesty's Government and the Imperial German Government, being desirous of concluding an Agreement fixing a definite boundary between their Possessions in East Africa from the volcano district north-east of Lake Kivu to Lake Jipe (Djipe) south-east of Kilimanjaro, the Undersigned, after having communicated to each other their respective full powers, found in good and due form, have, in accordance with article 1 (6) of the Anglo-German Agreement of the 1st July, 1890, agreed upon the following articles:-

ARTICLE 1.

The boundary between the Uganda Protectorate and the German East African Protectorate begins at the highest point of Mount Sabinio and follows, as far as the source of the Kisinga stream, the lines marked out with pillars by a Mixed Commission in 1911, as described below and as indicated on Map No. 1 annexed to this Agreement:-

1. The watershed which runs from the highest point of Sabinio over the highest point of Mgahinga to the highest point of Muhavura, the point of intersection of which with the path leading from north to south between Sabinio and Mgahinga is marked by boundary pillar 1;

2. The crest of the spur running from Muhavura in a north-easterly direction, as shown on the map, over the summit of the hill Nyarubeesa, marked by direction pillar 1A, to boundary pillar 2; thence a straight line to the summit of Mussongo, marked by direction pillar 2A; thence the crest of the ridge running north-east to boundary pillar 3;

3. A curved line, as shown on the map, connecting

Boundary

boundary and direction pillars 3A, 4, 5, 5A, 6, 7, 8, 9; thence three straight lines through direction pillar 9A to the top of the hill marked by boundary pillar 10 and to the southermost summit of the Vugamba (Wugamba) range, marked by boundary pillar 11.

4. The crest of this range through boundary pillar 12 on the hill Kangaminyanya and direction pillars 12A, 12B, 12C, 12D to boundary pillar 13 on the most northerly point of the range; thence the crest of a range ^{running} south-east through direction pillars 13A and 13B to boundary pillar 14 on the hill Mabaremere; thence the crest of a spur through direction pillar 14A to boundary pillar 15, which is due west (true) of the confluence of the streams Vigaga (or Kirurumu) and Mugeru (or Marugwamba); thence a straight line, marked by direction pillar 15A, to the confluence of these streams, marked by boundary pillar 16;

5. The thalweg of the Vigaga (or Kirurumu) to its source, marked by boundary pillar 17; thence a straight line to boundary pillar 18, 4 kilom. north-west of the summit of the hill Gwassa;

6. Thence a straight line to direction pillar 18A on the summit of the hill Akasiru and thence a straight line to boundary pillar 19 on the summit of the hill Sanja;

7. A straight line to boundary pillar 20 in the valley to the east of the hill Sanja, on a path running from south-east to north-west, thence a straight line to boundary pillar 21 on the summit of the hill Kisive;

8. The crest of a spur of the hill Kisive running north-east, marked by direction pillars 21A, 21B, 21C to boundary pillar 22 on a conspicuous knoll at the foot of the hill; thence in a straight line to direction pillar 22A on the edge of a swamp; thence the centre line of this swamp to

boundary

boundary pillar 23 at the foot of a prominent spur;

9. The crest of this spur through direction pillar 23A to its summit, marked by boundary pillar 24; thence the crest of a spur of the hill Kavimbiri in a south-easterly direction through direction pillars 24A and 24B to boundary pillar 25 of the summit of this hill;

10. The crest of the ridge of this hill which runs northward to boundary pillar 26; thence in a straight line through direction pillar 26A in the valley to direction pillar 26B on the summit of the hill Nyakara; thence in a straight line to direction pillar 26C on the summit of the hill Kitanga; thence the crest of the ridge of this hill running north and north-east to direction pillar 26D on a conspicuous knoll in the valley; then in a straight line to direction pillar 26E on a spur of the hill Nebishagara, and thence along the crest of this spur to the top of the hill, marked by boundary pillar 27;

11. The crest of the ridge of this hill to direction pillar 27A, then a spur, as shown on the map, running eastward through direction pillars 27B and 27C to boundary pillar 28 on the summit of the hill Magumbisi; thence a conspicuous watershed through direction pillar 28A to the summit of the hill Kivisa (boundary pillar 29); thence a northern spur of this hill to direction pillar 29A at the end of the spur; thence in a straight line to direction pillar 29B in the valley and to boundary pillar 30 on the southern summit of the hill Ndega; thence in a straight line to direction pillar 30A on a conspicuous small hill on the east bank of the River Muvumba (Luwumba) and on to the top of another conspicuous small hill, marked by boundary pillar 31;

12. A series of straight lines - as marked on the map following the eastern slopes of the Mashuri range and marked at each change of direction by boundary and direction pillars

31A, 31B, 32, 32A, 33. Boundary pillars 32 and 33 stand on conspicuous spurs;

13. A further series of straight lines following round the slopes of a narrow valley between the Mashuri range and the spur ending in the hill Kiteff (Kitefu), and marked at each change of direction by boundary and direction pillars 33A, 33B, 34, 34A, 34B, 34C, 35. Boundary pillars 34 and 35 stand on conspicuous spurs;

14. A further series of straight lines round the slopes of Mount Kiteff (Kitefu), marked by direction pillars 35A, 35B, and boundary pillar 36; the latter stands on a conspicuous spur on the south side of the mountain.

15. Several straight lines through direction pillars 36A on a spur south-east of the summit of Kiteff (Kitefu) 36B on a spur east of the same hill, 36C on a hill at the foot of the latter spur to boundary pillar 37 on the saddle between Kiteff (Kitefu) and Mavari;

16. A depression running north-east and marked by direction pillar 37A to the source of the south-western branch of the Chisinga (Kisinga) stream, marked by boundary pillar 38.

17. The thalweg of this stream to its junction with the Kakitumba (or Kachwamba).

From the junction of the Chisinga (Kisinga) with the Kakitumba (or Kachwamba) the boundary, as shown on Map 2 annexed to the Agreement, follows the thalweg of the last-named river to its junction with the Kagera, thence the thalweg of the Kagera down-stream to its second point of intersection with latitude south 1° , which point is marked by boundary pillars 26 and 27, placed by a Mixed Commission in 1904.

Thence the boundary follows the straight line along latitude south 1° , marked by the above-mentioned

Commission

Commission with boundary pillars 28-41, until it cuts the western shore of Lake Victoria.

ARTICLE 2.

Across Lake Victoria the boundary continues to follow latitude south 1° , as shown in Maps 2 and 3 annexed to this Agreement, to a point $1\frac{1}{2}$ kilom. west of the coast of the Rubabu (Rubawa) Peninsula, whence it runs parallel to and at a distance of $1\frac{1}{2}$ kilom. from the coast line round the northern extremity of the peninsula until it again meets latitude south 1° . Thence along that parallel of latitude until it reaches a point $1\frac{1}{2}$ kilom. west of the Mohuru Peninsula. Thence round the southern extremity of the Mohuru Peninsula, at a distance of $1\frac{1}{2}$ kilom. from the coast, until about the middle of Mohuru (Idite) Bay it meets a li. drawn from the western extremity of the peninsula south-east to boundary pillar 48 (Kitenden), the position of which is described in article 3.

ARTICLE 3.

From Mohuru (Idite) Bay the boundary between the British East African Protectorate and the German East African Protectorate shall follow the lines marked out with pillars by a Mixed Commission in 1904-1905, as indicated on Maps 3, 4, and 5 annexed to this Agreement, and as described below:-

1. A straight line starting from the point of intersection in Mohuru (Idite) Bay, described in article 2, and passing through boundary pillars 4-47 to boundary pillar 48 (Kitenden);
2. Thence a straight line through boundary pillars 49-53 to boundary pillar 54 (Laitekitek);
3. Thence a line to boundary cross 55 (Kimangeya);
4. Thence a straight line to boundary cross 56 (Useri);

5. Thence a straight line to boundary cross 57;
6. Thence a straight line to boundary pillar 58 on the eastern rim of the basin of Lake Chala (Dschala);
7. Thence a straight line across the lake to the shore and on to boundary pillar 59 at the highest point of Chala Hill (Dschala);
8. Thence a straight line to boundary pillar 60 at the highest point of the more northerly of the two hills (Schleibach hills) situated to the south of Lake Chala (Dschala);
9. A straight line to boundary pillar 61 on the more southerly of the two hills;
10. A straight line to boundary pillar 62 on the highest point of Nduli ya Malagegei;
11. Thence a straight line through boundary pillars 63 and 64 on the Taveta-Moschi route to boundary pillar 65 on the highest point of Latema hill;
12. Thence a straight line to boundary pillar 66 on the highest point of Nadingalera (Learika) hill;
13. The meridian of the last named point in a southerly direction to its point of intersection with the thalweg of the River Lesoyai;
14. The thalweg of the river down-stream, west of the island of Mokia, to its junction with the River Rufu (Ruwu);
15. The thalweg of the Rufu (Ruwu) up-stream to its exit from Lake Jipe (Djipe);
16. Thence a straight line to the point of intersection of latitude south $3^{\circ} 32' 5''$ with the centre line of Lake Jipe (Djipe);
17. Thence the centre line of this lake to boundary pillar 67 at the point of exit from the lake;

5. Thence a straight line to boundary cross 07 (Lumi);
6. Thence a straight line to boundary pillar 58 on the eastern rim of the basin of Lake Chala (Dschala);
7. Thence a straight line across the lake to the west shore and on to boundary pillar 59 at the highest point of Chala Hill (Dschala);
8. Thence a straight line to boundary pillar 60 on the highest point of the more northerly of the two hills (Juhlebach hills) situated to the south of Lake Chala (Dschala);
9. A straight line to boundary pillar 61 on the more southerly of the two hills;
10. A straight line to boundary pillar 62 on the highest point of Mdui ya Malagegoi;
11. Thence a straight line through boundary pillars 63 and 64 on the Paveta-Moschi route to boundary pillar 65 on the highest point of Latema hill;
12. Thence a straight line to boundary pillar 66 on the highest point of Nadingalera (Lemrika) hill;
13. The meridian of the last named point in a southerly direction to its point of intersection with the thalweg of the River Lesoyai;
4. The thalweg of the river down-stream, west of the island of Mokisa, to its junction with the River Rufu (Ruwu);
15. The thalweg of the Rufu (Ruwu) up-stream to its exit from Lake Jipe (Djipe);
16. Thence a straight line to the point of intersection of latitude south $3^{\circ} 32.5'$ with the centre line of Lake Jipe (Djipe);
17. Thence the centre line of this lake to boundary pillar 67 at its southern end.

ARTICLE 4.

The geographical co-ordinates of the boundary pillars, so far as they are known, have been inserted in the maps annexed to this Agreement. The pillars marking the boundary shall determine the course of the boundary, even in the event of future alteration of their co-ordinates.

ARTICLE 5.

The two Governments will see that the boundary marks mentioned in the present agreement are permanently maintained and, where necessary, supplemented by the erection of intermediate pillars. On the other hand, all earlier marks which do not correspond with the description of the boundary given in this Agreement shall be removed as soon as possible.

All the boundary marks are under the joint care of the British and German Governments. Both Governments shall be represented when the repair, the re-erection, or the removal of boundary marks is undertaken, and they shall share equally between them the expenditure incurred thereby.

ARTICLE 6.

British and German subjects shall have equal rights of fishing in Lake Jipe (Djipe), and, where the boundary is formed by the thalweg of a river, in those reaches of the river through which the boundary passes.

ARTICLE 7.

The British Government will give instructions that in the event of the natives of the German side of the boundary desiring to obtain water from the springs at Kigalalwa (latitude south $2^{\circ} 58' 33''$; longitude east $37^{\circ} 36' 35''$) and Lesako (latitude south $2^{\circ} 58' 15''$; longitude east $37^{\circ} 36' 40''$), the British authorities on the boundary shall, so far as circumstances

circumstances permit, place no obstacles in the way of their doing so.

Natives crossing the boundary for this purpose shall, while in British territory, be entirely subject to British jurisdiction and regulations as to time, place, and manner of obtaining water which the local authorities may see fit to impose.

ARTICLE 8.

Section 2 of the Agreement between Great Britain and Germany of the 25th July, 1893, is hereby annulled.

ARTICLE 9.

In virtue of the present Agreement, Great Britain and Germany will abstain from putting forward any territorial claims based on article 1 (1) of the Agreement of the 1st July, 1890, which conflict with the boundary described above.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed this Agreement and have affixed thereto the seal of their arms.

Done in duplicate at London,

the

1914.

Mr. Jewell
Mr. [unclear]
Mr. [unclear]
9.25
10/5

Sid.

Amery
6/3/25

Mr. Strachey.
Sir J. Shackburgh.
Mr. Davis.
Mr. Grindle.
Sir J. Masterton Smith.
Mr. Ormsby-Gore.
Mr. Amery.

SK

Downing Street.

14 September, 1925.

Sir,

DRAFT.

OF S.
THE OFFICE.

I am etc., to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 7527/50 of the 4th September, on the subject of the boundary between Kenya and the Tanganyika Territory, and to request you to inform Mr. Secretary Chamberlain that Mr. Amery has no objection to the

proposed

with
in addition
to letter 2997

That a
proposed communication to the
Secretary General of the League of Nations
in the name of the Government of Kenya
that of it when sent may be
transmitted to this Department.

A copy of the
correspondence is being included
in the proposed despatch which
is now being sent to the O.A.G. of
Kenya for its consideration.
The draft of the T.T. is
being forwarded in the same way
with the letter from the
Dept of 5 Aug 25 in
the name of the Govt.

(Signed) H. T. ALLEN.
Under Secretary of State.

Attachment 15/9 2nd

- Mr. Strachey.
- Mr. J. Shuckburgh.
- Mr. Davis.
- Mr. Grindle.
- Mr. Masterton Smith.
- Mr. Ormsby-Gore.
- Mr. Amery.

Downing Street,
23 September, 1925.

DRAFT.

KENYA TERRITORY
Confidential (3)

Cameron.

Sir,
I have etc., to transmit
to you, for your information,
the accompanying copy of
correspondence with the O.A.G. of
Kenya, and with the Foreign
Office on the subject of the
boundary between Kenya and the T.T.

I have, etc.,
(Signed) L. S. AMERY

Kenya 672 5 June 1925
to Conf Sept 1925
(draft - 29981)
40499
receivable

70
O.A.G.
440499
25
Kenya

215

- Mr. Strachey
- Mr. J. Shackburgh
- Mr. O. Davis
- Mr. G. Grindle
- Mr. J. Masterton Smith
- Mr. Ormsby-Gore
- Mr. Abery

For despatch
 Mr. Jewell
 Mr. ...
 Mr. ...
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C.
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23 SEP 1925

DRAFT. despatch

Kenya
 Mr. ...
 O.A.G.

Sir,

I have the honour to ack. the recd. of your despatch No. 672 of the 5th of June on the subject of the boundary between Kenya Colony and the Tanganyika.

It was agreed in 1910 that before the boundary east of Lake Victoria could be finally settled by agreement with Germany, it should be included in a general Anglo-German Agreement covering the boundary west of the Lake which was to be prepared after the Anglo-Belgian-German Commission had finished its work. This Agreement was submitted in draft form in 1914, but

(29981)
 Copy to F.O. (in after form) - 5 AUG 1925
 Copy from F.O. (3) - 23 SEP 1925

Agreement
 9064/10

286

need for any formal intervention
to the Secretariat ^{of Secretariat} of the League
with the present situation. I have
conferred in the view of the
Secy for Foreign Affairs that
it would be as well to explain
the ~~circumstances~~ ^{circumstances} to ~~the~~ ^{him},
in case the question should be
raised at some future date, & a
communication will be addressed to Secy for ~~the~~ ^{the} ~~League~~ ^{League} accordingly.
~~to I am communicating copies of~~
Your dispatch under date of this
reply ~~has been~~ ^{has been} sent to the
Secy of the I. T.

(Signed) L. S. AMERY