

DESPATCH.

EAST AFR. PROT.
No. 31725

C O
38725
Ref-
Dir 2 NO. 07



1907

(Subject.)

European and Settlers

It was stated that a no. of settlers came out in connection with BSA Kapsara scheme and by arrangement with Mr. J. J. ... were assigned an area of 2500 acres in ... many have become ... as an inaugurator of a large scheme of ...

(Minutes)

Mr. Read

As far as the B. & A. Commission is concerned as understood from 40275/06 that was the intention of the ... delegate to report on the ... country before the main body emigrated. The people referred to in this despatch appear to have been invited to go out privately by Mr. ...

Amos (copy of) of Conf. 22/10/07

to have found themselves entirely
unable to do any good on the
unsuitable land furried led to
them by Mr. Fawcens.

As Mr. F. is an applicant for
commissions in other directions it
might be worth while to inform
him that Lord Elyer has been
informed that - giving the
substance of this despatch &
asking if he has any objections
to make.

1801 5/11

Mr. Antrobus

I agree - of Mr. Fawcens'
reply - not satisfactory. I think that
it will be well to send a copy of the
concepts to the F.O., as he has applied
for commissions in Zamboanga.

With regard to Mr. Fawcens'
James Paine's dilemma it has been decided
to keep the whole matter - subsequent
until we have obtained a proper
summary of the views - the despatch appears
to justify myself that decision. H. J. R.

1801 Antrobus 5/11

Mr. J. Hopwood

I understand that Lord Elyer
has spoken to Lord Hindlip about
the treatment of these soldiers,
and is doubtful whether it
is necessary to write to Mr.
Fawcens.

It will be seen on reference
to the despatch that the Govt
suggests that Lord Hindlip may
not have been aware of the
way in which the soldiers were
treated but says that he
can hardly recommend Mr. Fawcens.

In these circumstances, I am
inclined to think that we
ought to write to Mr. Fawcens
- both because we have to
show the Govt that we are
not indifferent, and also
because it is hardly so
fair to Mr. Fawcens not to
give him an opportunity of
offering explanations.

Wm. Pitt

1801 5/11

refer the matter
to Mr. Antrobus



33725
Government Office,
NOV 07
Nairobi,

482

September 20th 1907.

EAST AFRICA PROTECTORATE.

CONFIDENTIAL (61)

My Sir,

Your Lordship will doubtless recollect the
 evidence submitted by the British East Africa Association
 last year which was referred to Your Lordship's
 despatch No. 10 of October 25th 1906 and subsequent
 correspondence. It was a programme which had for
 its object the establishment of a number of European
 small farms in the country, I have no fault
 to find, so far as the Association in its corporate
 capacity is concerned, with the principles it advocates
 for European settlement in East Africa. But in this
 particular case the Labour has proved an utter

1. It appears that a number of the intending
 settlers, being perhaps diffident as to their prospects

H.M. PRINCIPAL SECRETARY OF STATE

FOR THE COLONIES,

DOWNING STREET,

LONDON, S.W.

26940 432

of securing suitable Government land immediately on arrival, made a private arrangement with Mr. Pauson by which they were to be granted homesteads of 320 acres (and in one case 640 acres) on the estates belonging to these individuals. The terms of this arrangement seem to have been very vague but there was a definite understanding that the grantees would be in a position to settle upon immediately on suitable land.

The strength of this understanding was a number of letters sent out only to approve that the portion of the Phillip Rivers estate, amounting to 2,500 acres, had been set aside as a reserve area and id of timber and used as free as agricultural point of view. The result was that these people soon exhausted their savings and many of them were reduced to a state of destitution. They are all respectable and industrious, capable of earning a livelihood had they been given a fair start, but for the most part quite unacquainted with the rudiments of farming.

4. Employment has been found for some of them on Railway and as Clerks in various offices, and Lord Delmore

has been kind enough to assist others, but they are all generally disillusioned and discouraged at the loss of their capital and have written to dissuade other intending immigrants of the same class from coming here.

It is somewhat difficult to fix the responsibility for this state of affairs. I can scarcely suppose that the Government was aware of the way in which these settlers were treated, but I can hardly exonerate Mr. Fawcus, with whom these people were in communication before leaving Ireland, and who does not appear to have interested himself at all in their welfare. Mr. Fawcus must have known that the farms allotted to them were not adapted for the purpose for which it was intended that they would be suitable, and in this matter would scarcely recommend himself as the author of any large scheme in connection with land settlement, such as that proposed in the Bill now before the House, ending with my despatch of the 17th June last.

I have the honour to be,
With the highest respect,

My Lord,

Your Lordship's most obedient,
humble servant,

Thompson

70
21



38725

G.A.P.

485

DRAFT

21st Nov 07

N.P.J. Favours Co

Mansion House Building
Wharfedale Works

Per

I am directed by
the Earl of Elgin to
inform you that he
has received a despatch
from the Gov^{rs} of the
G.A.P. on the subject
of the condition of
certain persons who
were encouraged to
emigrate to the West
by the British West
Africa Office.

MINUTE

Mr. ~~Wells~~ 15/10

Mr. Read 15

Mr. Jux

Mr. Andrews 15

Mr. Cox

Mr. Lucas

Mr. F. Hopwood

Mr. Church

Mr. Earl of Elgin

15.11

Copy to [unclear]

It appears that a
number of the emigrating
settlers made a

Copy to [unclear]

6940-433-11

No. 38725

private arrangement
with you under which
they were to be granted
homesteads of 320 acres
(you once 640 acres
on the state belonging
to you & Ed. Hoard)
The terms of the arrange-
ment would ~~have~~
to have been vague, but
there was an ~~understanding~~
understanding that the
grantee would be in a
position to settle down
immediately or install
himself in some ~~other~~

3 On the strength of
this understanding,
a number of families
emigrated, only to discover
that the position of

your state set apart
for them was a water-
less area devoid of
timber & useless from
an agricultural point
of view. The result
was that these people
soon lost their money,
& many of them were
reduced to a state of
distress. They
appear to have been
respectable & industrious
& capable of carrying on
household had they
been given a fair start,
but for the most part
quite unacquainted
with the rudiments of
farming.
4 Some of these families
have been found
employed by Govt