

EAST AFRICAN PAPER

G.O.

4243

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Foreign

1910

S. Abyssinian Frontier

1 Feb.

Last previous Paper

29/8

Sends despatch to Addis Ababa recording views and
 to forward ^{provisional} arrangements for control of
 frontier - draws attention to remarks as to
 employment of Abyssinians regular on the frontier

W. Reed

Our Minister at Addis Ababa points out
 the difficulties which will arise if E.G.R. troops
~~rebel~~ ~~rebel~~ ~~Gwynne~~ ~~line~~ ~~is accepted~~ ~~as permanent~~
 are used on the frontier to do some of the
 work which Mr. Gwynne has
 done in the past. At the same time he
 conveys the view (in ~~now~~ ^{now} ~~1909~~) on the importance
 of making no alterations respect the
 frontier & protecting the native on the
 British side of the boundary from host
 ileys at one & without waiting for the
 Abyssinians to accept Major Gwynne's
 line.

This may be a door by which to

Last previous Paper

4551

introduce Mr. Baptiste. It is quite conceivable that with a few of his old regulars & backed by a regular British force and British administration at the central point of Fort Harrington he may be able to go on doing the sort of work he has been doing in the rest only even more effectively and thoroughly & then he will no longer be dependent entirely on bluff. This would be a very useful part. I pray sending the final acceptance of Major Gwynne's line by the Abyssinians which it may take years to secure.

Everyone is agreed as to the excellence of the work which Mr. Baptiste has done in the past, & the pity it would be if his services could not still be utilised.

Copy to the C.M. with suggestions in this sense, & also ask him what arrangements he can suggest for permitting the officer in charge of the frontier district to communicate direct with Addis Ababa in cases in which

58

his course would be a ventureous
subject always to be troublesome but what
officer is responsible to the Govt of the
E. G. P. or send the 2nd copy of the despatch
to the Govt of the E. G. P. Pack

in a folder

So finished

A. J. R.

15/2

Feb 15/2

15/2

I agree with you to the point
to whom he fails to write
to Japan, under pressure
of his plan seems to me
opposed to no return

C. H. T.

O 51
4248
2 15 10

In any further communication on this subject, please quote
No. 4132/10.

and address
The Under-Secretary of State,
Foreign Office,
London.

FOREIGN OFFICE

February 11, 1910.

Sir:-

With reference to your letter 41187 of January 4th last respecting the control of the Southern frontier of Abyssinia, I am directed by Secretary Sir E. Grey to transmit to you herewith, for the information of the Secretary of State for the Colonies, a copy of a despatch from His Majesty's Minister at Addis Ababa on the subject.

I am to request you to draw the attention of the Earl of Crewe to Mr. Thesiger's remarks in regard to the employment on the frontier of Abyssinian irregulars.

Yours,

Sir,

Your most obedient,

humble Servant,

L. Ranphy

The Under-Secretary of State,
Colonial Office.

C O 63

4248

RECD.
RFGP 12 FEB 10

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(FEB 5 1910)

British Legation.

Adis Ababa, January 10 1910.

Sir:

With reference to the Southern Frontier question I have the honour to report that on leaving Fort Harrington Mr Zaphiro was informed by Captain Rickett who relieved him that his instructions were to send back his escort of sixty men of the King's African Rifles as soon as Zaphiro could enlist and send down from Adis Ababa twenty-five Abyssinian irregulars to take their place. These men were engaged but before they could be sent off a letter was received from Captain Kretschmer, the commandant had reached him that Mr Zaphiro was to remain with his men it would not be necessary to send the Abyssinians.

Mr Zaphiro consequently held back these men until my arrival. I then telegraphed to Sir Percy Girouard that as the Abyssinians were alarmed at the sudden placing of

right people

regular

Sir H. Grey, Bart., M.P.

S.C. & C. ac

Foreign Office

regular troops or the border at a time when the exact

delimitation of the frontier was still under discussion.

It might be better to keep to the previous arrangement

whereby the allied Expeditions to replace them. It

was felt that he did not care to authorize this

without consultation with Captain Garrett whose position

without regular troops might be difficult if not dangerous.

As I was informed that the Abyssinian Government had told

off soldiers to which our troops I am not acquainted

suggesting that at least the regulars could be equal

to the Abyssinian forces for patrol work on

detached territory as the Abyssinians will willingly

subject to allow regular troops the same privileges.

My friendly arrangement had been ~~decreed~~ to remain in force

pending the final settlement of the frontier. Saying that

I would wait for his reply taken or disband them.

In this telegram no direct answer has been received

and a further telegram asking for the reply to this

at various times took place in exchanged his administrative

and judicial powers.

Although the permanent occupation of the Finschha

regular frontier force is most necessary and cannot be

arranged

arranged for too soon, I am strongly of the opinion that until Sir George's line is definitely accepted it is most essential that we should do nothing to rouse the Amharas suspicion or to create incidents on the border.

If Captain Barrett's force is merely to occupy Mysie and to patrol south of the red line no difficulties need

be anticipated, but on the other hand if Mr Farnham's system of using walls on the Abyssinian side of this line in his patrols and of crossing into Abyssinian territory

in the course of these patrols to discuss matters with

local chiefs is attempted by Captain Barrett with regular troops (I will make every effort on my part to avoid raising suspicion as to British motives by so person-

disputes with the rather irresponsible bands of Abyssinian soldiers which will be told off to watch him and see that he does not cross into districts which exist until he has established, by token on her, as Abyssinian ground.

It was for these reasons that I sent a letter to Captain Barrett explaining why I had suggested to Sir George to disregard the possibility of his having Abyssinian irregulars under him, and expressing the hope that he would consider me in this same light.

The over arrangement is finally come to for the control of the border it will be necessary that the officers in command should be authorized to deal directly with him. Instruction on all frontier matters concerning Abyssinia, as usually occasioned in such cases by sending messages to Addis Ababa must always be inconvenient and might at times be harmful.

With regard to your telegram of the 7th instant not allowing Mr. Papiro to resume his former duties on his return, you leave without further instructions, I venture to hope that this does not imply that his services are no longer needed.

I would consider it very difficult to replace him in his knowledge of the frontier district and of the various tribes inhabiting it, moreover with his acquaintance with the principal dialects, customs and religious usages of the people is certainly unique.

As has been so often established by now, circumstances, under very difficult circumstances, a definite position there and his friendship with the various Abyssinian chiefs on the border are the masters of their language and of Abyssinian law would enable him to give invaluable aid to

one officer who might be placed in command at Moyale.

Mr Zaphiro fully realizes that in any rearrangement of the frontier control he could not hope to have the chief command but he would I think be satisfied with a subordinate position if it were permanent and included a rise on his present scale of pay with a fixed increment.

All these things were certainly definitely promised him by Sir John Harrington but his pledges were never redeemed.

I would therefore ask that Mr Zaphiro's claim for re-employment should not be overlooked as I am most confident that his services would be of great utility and would very largely facilitate all future dealings with the Abyssinians on the frontier.

I have the honour to be, with the highest respect,

Sir,

Your most obedient, humble Servant

E.A.P.
4245.

**DRAFT****EAST AFRICA PROTECTORATE****CONFIDENTIAL****Governor**

Downing Street,

February, 1910.

Colonel Sir Percy Girouard, K.C.I.E., R.A.

MINUTE

Mr. Miller, Feb. 18

Mr. Read 18

Mr. Fiddes.

Mr. Just.

Mr. Cox.

Sir C. Lucas.

Sir F. Hogwood.

Col. Seely.

Lord Curzon.

Sir,

I have the honor to transmit to you, with reference to my confidential despatch of the 11th of February, the accompany-

ing copy of a letter from the Foreign Office with its enclosure, relating to the arrangements for the administration of the dispossessed in the neighbourhood of the Abyssinian boundary.

2. I recognise the difficulties described in Mr. Hogwood's despatch of the 11th of January which are likely to arise

the 16th (or 17th) of
my Treas.) May 13190

from

that he would in future no longer be dependent entirely on his own resources. This would be a very useful part to play pending the final acceptance of Major Wynne's ^{Get in} line by the Abyssinians, which it may take a considerable time to secure.

4. I should be glad if you would consider this suggestion ~~very~~ carefully, and I trust that you will be able to make some recommendation which will have the result of retaining Mr. Zephiro's services. In that event I ^{should} be obliged to leave promise ~~you~~ to arrangements you propose, and what salary you, in your opinion, be suitable for him. You will no doubt consider at the same time whether, if an arrangement of this kind ^{is} adopted, it will not be possible to reduce ~~by~~ corresponding ~~to~~ the cost of the arrangements which you have already proposed. You will see that Mr. Thesiger observes in his despatch that whatever arrangement is come to for the control of the border, it will be necessary that the officer