

DOMESTIC.

F.A.F.P. PROT.

N^o. 32274C.O.
32274P.R.C.
REG.

SEP 30

(Subject.)

Mr E. Tools + German & Co. boy's claims
to land at Witten

Considers the two claims shd be kept
distinct. Suggests for reasons stated by Tools shd be
allowed to continue in possession or given a grant of the
land. In regard boy's claim this is a little justification for
stating that the claim cannot be satisfied as it is unless
all facts are submitted to a Board of Law Commissioners prior to
the time he would go to call the attention of the German Govt.

(Minutes.)

Mr. Antrobus

I think the F.O. view is
sound viz - that the claim of
the German Co. and his wife
led by the Court of Mons
to award that the small portion
of Mr Tools (200 acres) may
be allowed in quietus.

Concur in their view
returning ours sent to F.O.
a/17616 and since received &
not acted.

W.W. 12/9

Act. Sept. 19
at once

905

Sept

Previous Paper

2-542

Copy sent to Crown and 4/24/02

Previous Paper

J.W. 04

C.O.

526

32274

RECD
FOREIGN OFFICE, SEP 05

September 7th, 1905.

Sir:-

I laid before the Marquess of Lansdowne your
^{60m} letter 17615/1905 of May 31st last enclosing copy of
a despatch from the Commissioner of the East Africa
Protectorate on the subject of the claim of the
German East Africa Company to the ownership of some
twenty five square miles in Witu and also of the
claim of Mr. E. Tost to Two hundred acres of land
situated within the tract in question.

After a careful consideration of the matter His
Lordship is of opinion that it is desirable that
these two claims should be kept distinct.

With regard to Mr. Tost's claim it is evident
that he possesses no valid title to the land claimed
by him and that he is at most a mere tenant at will
of the German East Africa Company.

He appears however to have been in undisputed
possession

The Under Secretary of State,
Colonial Office.

possession for the last fourteen years and would therefore seem to have a good equitable claim.

For this reason and in view of the small extent of land involved Lord Lansdowne considers that Mr. Tost should be allowed to continue in possession or should even be given a grant of the land in order to regularize his position. This grant could be based on the long period for which he has been in occupation. An additional reason for proposing this course is that it is not desirable that he should be given any real cause for complaint which could serve as a handle to the German Government in supporting the far larger claim of the German East Africa Company. In informing the German Government of this decision it would be expressly stated that this action in favour of Mr. Tost is taken purely ex gratia and is in no way to be taken as an admission of the justice of the larger claim.

The German East Africa Company on the other hand appear to have very little in favour of their

claim

claim beyond paper transfers and technicalities and the circumstances appear to His Lordship to be so intricate that there is ample justification for replying that the claim cannot be satisfactorily dealt with unless all the facts are submitted to an exhaustive investigation in a Court of Law.

The points to which Lord Lansdowne proposes specially to call the attention of the German Government are the following:-

It is said that a part of the land claimed was not within the jurisdiction of the Sultan of Witu at all and therefore not his to sell; that the German and Swahili texts of the original Agreement with Mr. Denhardt were materially different; that the Sultan's signature is wanting on one of them; that modifications were made by a later agreement; that the transfer by Mr. Denhardt was only approved by Fumo Bakari while Sultan Ahmed was still alive and that Fumo Bakari had no jurisdiction to do so; that possession of the land was never taken by Denhardt

or

or his successors and that according to Mohammedan law which applies to the land it would revert to the original owners if possession were not taken within a limited period.

Lord Lansdowne proposes to inform the German Government in conclusion that if the German East Africa Company will bring an action to recover possession of the land in the High Court at Mombasa, all these points can be examined and if the Company succeed in making out their claim the Court will no doubt order possession of the land to be granted to them.

I am,

Sir,

Your most obedient,

humble Servant,

F. A. Oliver

The Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs presents his compliments to the Under Secretary of State for the Colonies and would be glad of an early answer could be returned to his letter of the 7th instant respecting the claims of the German East Africa Company and Herr Tost to certain land in Taita.

London Office

September 13, 1905.

Mr Antrobus

Handwritten signature

2 1/2 inches

W.H. 1905

F.O
32274

b.a.p.

529

DRAFT.

U.P. of P

F.O

MINUTE.

This 19/9/05

Mr. Antrobus 158

Mr. Antrobus.

Mr. Colv.

Mr. Lucas.

Mr. Graham.

Sir H. Ommanney.

The Duke of Marlborough.

Mr. Lyttelton.

2nd Oct 5 + 624

20 September 05

Sir I am directed by
Mr. Lee Lyttelton to
ask the receipt of your
letter of the 7th instant
on the subject of ~~your~~
the claim of Guernsey
subjects to the ownership
of land in Niton in
the East Opera Portfolio.
I hope to inform
you that he concurs
in the action proposed
by the Marquis of
Lansdowne vizt
that the Guernsey Govt
should be informed that,

Copy to London 19/9/05
(Ans to 17/9/05)

U.P. care of Connell & Co

W.A.L.-8000-12-04
8000-1-04