

EAST AFR. FROST

No. 385

385

2 Feb 06

(Subject)

Estimates 1906-07

minutes on —

(Minutes.)

Mr. Reed Antrobus  
 It seemed convenient to register  
 this minute separately as it is intended  
 to cover the ground in a general manner  
 without entering into details.

1906 2/2

A. J. R.

872

See minutes written

Feb. 26. '06

INTO

100/-

1137

38  
REF 2 FEB 06

The East Africa Protectorate receives an annual grant from Parliament to provide for such portion of its annual expenditure as cannot be provided from local sources.

The annual estimates consequently have to be submitted to the Treasury in order that "they" may approve them, and agree to approach Parliament for the grant in aid required.

The Estimates are divided into two parts, the Estimates of the Uganda Railway (which, in spite of its name, lies wholly within the East Africa Protectorate) and the General Estimates of the Protectorate, which include the Revenue and Expenditure of the Railway, but merely as lump sums without details.

*unfilled  
fully*  
The points of difference between the Treasury and the Colonial Office on the Railway Estimates are discussed in my minute on 29/3/06; they are not of great importance, and the Railway need not be further alluded to here, except as affecting the general position.

The Estimates of the East Africa Protectorate for 1906-7 are submitted by the Commissioner in his despatch No. 660 (1.43/07-6) and will be found in the bound volume so labelled.

Advance copies have, however, previously been procured and sent to the Treasury, and their remarks will be found in 2770/06. These copies differ in form but scarcely in substance from the final Estimates. The Treasury desire a large reduction of the Estimates.

and the question for the decision of the Secretary of State is whether we shall accept their decision, or whether we shall fight the matter further.

The leading figures in the Estimates for 1906-7, as submitted by the Commissioner, compared with the approved Estimates for the current year, are as follows:-

	1905-6	1906-7
Revenue	163,000	202,392
Expenditure	403,360	441,732
Deficit	240,360	239,340
Grant-in-Aid	114,000	176,847

*Dars  
2770  
which w?  
be read  
H.H.*

The Treasury say, however, that they can only allow the expenditure to be increased by one half of the increase of the revenue over that of the previous year.

They also hold that in making their calculation they must leave out of account the figures for the Railway.

Now last year's expenditure included £10,000 for the Railway; this year, on the other hand, there is an estimated balance of Revenue from the Railway of £9,746. If these sums are added and deducted respectively, our increase of expenditure becomes £46,372 and our increase of revenue £29,746 only.

Applying their principle, therefore, that the additional expenditure must not exceed  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the additional revenue, our estimates of expenditure are £33,499 too high, and we must reduce by that amount.

"...and, Sir, I beg to assure you that it is my desire (as far as I am able) that we may spend in India, & in sum in

the

the Estimates of £106,718 represent services sanctioned by me, carried out in 1905-6.

We have ascertained that the amount of these sums is £4,855. The amount of the retrenchment required is therefore £28644.

*I agree*

The Treasury principle of the + revenue seems to be to be an intelligible one, but I cannot understand why the Railway figures should be left out of account, especially as they are constantly urging us to treat the Railway simply as a dep<sup>t</sup> of the Protectorate.

If this were implied, the retrenchment required is diminished by £10,300, the amount of last year's expenditure on the railway, say one-half of the reported estimate of the earnings for 1906-7, £6,951. This would reduce the retrenchment required to £15,644.

There are, however, certain additions to the Estimates which it is desired to insert, vizt:-

Salary of Land Commissioner	£ 1,500
" Conservator of Forests	1,000
" Veterinary Expert	500
+ Lunatic Asylum	1,200
<hr/>	
Total	£4,200.

£800. Uganda to  
contribute  $\frac{1}{3}$  rd. Dec 1572.

If we press these, the retrenchment to be made in other ways is raised to £32,744 or £19,369 according as the Railway figures are, or are not, included.

It is now necessary to turn to the Estimates to discover in what direction these retrenchments may best be made. (Reference may be made also to my typed minute on 44420).

The only schedules on which any considerable economy appears *prima facie* possible are Police, Agriculture, and Public Works. Police shows an increase of £5,500: this is defended by the Commissioner par.10 of 1943 on the ground of the increased number of stations, need of more white officers to control the settlers &c. Possibly the increase is not absolutely necessary.

The Agricultural vote could only be diminished materially by abandoning the experimental farms.

The value of these institutions, as at present conducted is not certain, but we want a little more time to consider the matter and I could not recommend their immediate abolition.

The bulk of the saving must in any case be made in the Public Works Vote, as indeed is indicated by the Treasury. The Treasury lump the Survey department with the Public Works, but nothing is gained by this, as the expenditure on that department has been settled and approved by them and cannot be altered.

Excluding

Excluding this the total expenditure on Public Works is £109,483.

The details of the expenditure will be found on pp 173 to 201 of the bound volume, and a defence of the items by the Director of Public Works will be found in the "Notes on the Draft Estimates" attached to 44420 - (green slip) and by the Commissioner par. 15 of 1943/05-6.

The main divisions are

	1905-6	1906-7
Staff	£8,472	£13,625
Public Works Recurrent	12,932	20,259
Public Works Extraordinary	63,909	75,599
	£86,313	£109,483.

The comparison is however vitiated by the fact that the 1906-7 figures include a sum of £21,291 for Transport Charges which last year were included in the general vote for transport and cannot apparently be distinguished. If the Transport charge be ignored the increase on Public Works is not so very great after all.

It is pretty obvious that the large increase in the staff is not absolutely necessary, especially if some of the works are omitted.

The Public Works Recurrent cannot be diminished much, probably; existing ~~water~~ and roads must be kept in repair.

The greater part of the Public Works expenditure  
 note is to obtain new houses & offices for  
~~any~~  
~~any~~ large diminution of the Public Works  
~~extraordinary~~ vote means that officers must continue  
 to live and work in tents or other unsuitable buildings,  
 or alternately, that high rents must be paid for hired  
 houses.

Left 849

of Commissioner  
 Lef 43434. ~~in particular~~  
 they have to live under such conditions in a tropical climate.  
 at tents at Hushu

There is however one reason why we should  
 not be reluctant to decrease the Public Works Vote.  
 The head of the Department Mr Bass is a man of thirty  
 who had no practical experience of any sort when he  
 was appointed, on the strength of considerable  
 academical attainments, Junior Assistant Engineer on  
 the Railway in 1900. He was appointed Director of  
 Public Works on probation for one year from 5th April  
 1905.

It would be rather remarkable if he were  
 competent to administer an expenditure of some £100,000  
 on roads bridges houses &c.

On the whole I think we should tell the Treasury we  
 can only agree to a reduction of £15,069 which with  
 the additions we propose to make to the expenditure  
 would make the total reduction on the Commissioner's  
 estimates £19,269. And when we have agreed with them -  
 we must telegraph to the Commissioner asking him to

submit

submit reductions on the estimates to the extent indicated.

W.D.E.

1 Feb.

I agree with Mr Ellis, & I think that the Towns ought to accept the compromise, which will mean a reduction of last year's sum - i.e. 14,000/- by about £50,000, or more than 25%.

The weak point in our case is the Director of Public Works. It seems to me to be a very risky proceeding to entrust the administration of an expend<sup>re</sup> of £100,000 to an official of his small experience & standing, & I think that we should tell the Towns so, without delay, & ask him to consider whether it would not be advisable to appoint an officer with wider experience & of higher standing - say that in the meantime, Mr Ross should not be confirmed in his appointment. Mr Ross's salary is £600. per annum & it would be well worth our while to give a salary of double that amount & get a thoroughly efficient man. For £1200. a year he could probably get a highly-qualified Indian official who had just retired, or he might get a fresh man from the Naval Works Deptt., where I understand that further reductions are being made & that good men with varied experience can be got probably moderately salaries. Mr Ross was Director of a very well as an Assistant Director.

The truth is - that the Protection is outgoing to staff. + I think that the most pressing matter now is our chief concern at the present time should be to get thoroughly competent men placed at the head of such important Departments as those of Public Works, <sup>(Land Survey)</sup> ~~Land Survey~~, <sup>Forest</sup> ~~Forest~~, Agriculture, Survey, + the Veterinary Dept.

<sup>This man  
be found for  
HTC</sup>

With regard to Land Survey, it is proposed to appoint a retired Indian official - the late Capt: Sir J. Ingallion + India - as Commissioner for Land with a salary of £6500. The papers were circulated to the S. A. P. a short time ago for his approval of the appt: under the above charge, which he has not yet done.

<sup>S  
4/28/06</sup>

With regard to Forest, see the last part of the accompanying letter from Mr. Smith, the Director of Agriculture to the Transvaal. I think that we should act on his suggestion + get Mr. Hutchins to report on the S. A. P. forest resources, & if possible, recommend an Officer to act as Conservator. I understand that Mr. Hutchins is one of the best forest officers anywhere + that he would probably be of great assistance.

With regard to Agriculture, I think that in view of what is stated in Mr. Smith's letter referred to above, there is no doubt that the <sup>Department</sup> Superintendent of Agriculture should be kept a post. The only question is whether

little it is being run in a roundabout  
way and to be some difference to  
show us to the capabilities of the  
present Director, but his engagement  
comes to an end in the autumn &  
before we renew it or appoint another  
Officer. I think that we should get  
Mr Smith to go up from the Cape  
& report generally on the question.

His own Report in the Transvaal has  
been a great success & I do not think  
that we could get a better man  
to help us, ~~despite~~ <sup>despite</sup> we shall ask the  
~~Transvaal~~ <sup>to let nothing remain unanswered</sup> to  
with regard to surely the has been  
put on a satisfactory basis for the  
present. I beg you will sign the by  
letter to the former ~~and~~ appointed by  
With regard to the Veterinary Dept.

I have had various discussions with  
Mr Stockman, the Chief Veterinary  
Officer of the Bd of Agriculture, on  
this subject & I highly appreciate  
the Veterinary Dept. in a country like the  
Z.A.P. ~~is~~ <sup>is</sup> absolutely essential.

The present staff -  
1 Chief Veterinary Officer £ 500  
1 Ass't. " " 500  
1 Veterinary Assistant 4.00  
1 Veterinary Assistant (temporay &  
unqualified) 4.00  
1 Veterinary Assistant - Vacancy 4.00

The Chief Veterinary Officer was originally  
selected by Mr Stockman for transport work  
in Uganda. He is energetic but does not  
possess the medical qualifications which

are required in a country ~~adjudicated~~ 143  
animal diseases like the Z.A.P.  
The Ass't Veterinary Officer is also  
not wanting in proper scientific qualifications.  
The first of the Veterinary Assistant, Mr  
Hock, was appointed about the middle  
of last year on probation for 1 year.  
Owing to the scarcity of Veterinary  
Officers we had the greatest difficulty  
in securing fitting candidate & had  
to take what we could get. I  
understand from Mr Stockman, who  
is in touch with the Chief Veterinary  
Officer of the Z.A.P., that the latter  
wishes Mr Hock unless we had  
better consult the Comm' on this point  
if he approves of the same opinion &  
recommend Mr Hock's appointment on  
the expiration of his year's probation.  
The second of the Ass't Veterinary  
Ass't. is an ex-Officer of the R.A.  
who was employed on remount work  
in S. Africa. As he is not a qualified  
Veterinary Surgeon he cannot sign  
Certificates under section 3rd of the  
Prot. & it is proposed to convert him  
into a live stock inspector. The  
vacancy for the 3rd Veterinary Ass't.  
has not been able to fill on  
the terms at present offered.

It is considered the present Chief Veterinary Officer can do  
his administrative functions as the administrative  
work all right & to be sufficient the off't.

of a bacteriologist at a salary of £500  
a year for the purely scientific work.

I think that we shall now send this  
to the Treasury, explain the unsatisfactory  
position with regard to the Veterinary  
Assistants & say that it may be  
necessary to offer still further inducements  
to secure competent men but that  
we propose to await the Committee's  
on the reorganization of the Dept.  
generally & will submit a detailed  
scheme later.

Note to the Treasury as proposed by  
Mr. Ellis replan the position with regard  
to the Director of Public Works saying that  
he may have to apply at a later date  
for approval for an increase of salary  
- and approval of the appl. of a bacteriologist  
of merit & the maintenance of the  
Dept. of Agriculture, agreeing with the  
arguments in his letter of  
the 5<sup>th</sup> of Feb. & saying that these  
views are shared by the Bd. of  
Agriculture - point out that the figures  
regarding the Survey Dept. &  
the Land Miss. have been inserted  
by us to the Committee, & write as above  
with regard to the Veterinary  
Dept. - and apply £2720, instead of  
an application to the Committee - in a note  
submit him regarding the A. D. R.  
Director of Public Works

6/2

Yes - I agree with Mr. Read

This should be  
attached for consideration  
in the first instance  
to the Veterinary  
Dept. of the Treasury  
who will be enabled  
to consider by the  
Committee of the Public  
Works a full  
report on the  
matter from  
April.

that, if the Administration  
is to be got within a  
reasonable time to bring  
its own way and dis-  
pose with parliamentary  
Grants, we must spend  
what money is required  
to Burke the services  
efficaciously which will  
help to develop the  
resources of the country;  
and I shall, from our  
communications official  
and unofficial, with the  
Treasury, that they recog-  
nise this, although we  
may not always agree  
exactly as to what the  
amount of the grant in  
aid should be.

It is something to  
have got ~~only~~ the Treasury  
to admit (as they do in

27/2) But, if the local  
rentals increase, the  
increase should not all  
be devoted to reducing  
the Grant in aid, but  
one half should be used  
to meet increased expendi-  
ture. But in present cir-  
cumstances this is not  
satisfactory, and I think that  
we should be justified  
in halving them to agree  
to the proposals put forward  
in Dr. Heslop's letter  
of 1st Feb. If these proposals  
are adopted, it will mean  
that the Grant in aid  
required will be £164,525  
as compared with £214,000  
this year.

17/2 1906  
I think that the Treasury ought  
to extremely well pleased with

Vol.  
16/2

this large reduction of the grant in aid.

These statements have been very  
carefully examined, and I agree  
in the suggestions made, especially  
as regards the head of the P.W.D.  
It would be incredible that an elderly  
unqualifed and untrained man  
should have been appointed on  
the ground of academic distinction.  
There is a good chance of getting a  
suitable man from the many works  
Dept. if they can be trusted to  
select as fairly. This department  
has received, during the last few  
years, some of the most rising  
young men of the profession.

2/3/06 as per forward  
WTO

16/2

Vol. 17/2 1906

I hope that it a bad economy at least  
so far as staff property  
is concerned

£ 14.5

Treasury mo t.a.p.  
1900 3854

2 copies

DRAFT.

The Sec to the  
Treasury

MINUTE.

Mr. 24/2  
Mr. Head 24  
Mr. Antrobus 26 f.o.

Mr. Cox.

Mr. Lucas.

Mr. Graham.

Sir M. Oramaney.

The Duke of Marlborough.

Mr. Lyttelton.

27/2

27/2  
27/2  
27/2

28 February '06

Sir I am directed by  
the Earl of Elgin  
to acknowledge receipt of your  
letter of the 25<sup>th</sup> of  
Jan<sup>r</sup> (No 240/06)  
and to transmit to  
you, to be laid before  
the L.C. of the Treasury  
the accompanying copy  
of a further despatch from  
the Comr<sup>r</sup> of the E.A.P.  
transmitting the  
second letter also of  
the same date  
of the Procurator  
for the year 1906-7

1/05/6  
Padler to S. No 66013 Due  
1/3/06

(Treasury's new  
allowance for  
quantities)

1/3/06  
I have cause - on to  
amount to £100.  
Read & admiss'd  
ff 155, 164, 165, 166

2. That to this date no account  
of the expenditure  
of the Colonial Finance  
and Institutions, of  
the draft Estimates  
already forwarded to  
the Treasury, the  
only objection  
of substance being  
the addition of £200  
for the purchase of a  
Launch for the Post  
Office which was made  
nearly entirely from  
the draft. To an  
explanation of the  
differences raised  
by the nucleus plan

tion is given in the 147  
Statement marked A  
B. attached to  
the Memorandum by  
the Treasurer enclosed  
in Col. Sudder's  
draft.

3. The gross figures  
of the Estimate are  
swelled, as compared  
with the draft, by  
the inclusion of  
the gross receipts by  
importation of the  
Railway, and the  
leading totals are  
now as follows

Estimated Expt. 1906-7	£	635,268
Balanced Receipts off hand as laid down 3/3/06	£	625,933
Estimated Revenue 1906-7	£	395,929
Deficit by which grant is to be regarded	£	176,847
	£	635,268
	£	635,368

4 As there are no material alterations in the named Estimates, the observations  
on the draft Estimates  
already submitted  
to him, remain  
relevant, and I am  
to reply to their criticisms  
as follows.

5 Lord Iliffe accepts  
in principle the rule  
proposed by T.L. that  
the expenditure of  
the Protectorate should  
not exceed that of  
the previous year by

DRAFT.

MINUTE.

Mr.

Mr.

Mr. Antrobus.

Mr. Cox.

Mr. Lucas.

Mr. Graham.

Sir H. Ummaney.

The Duke of Marlborough.

Mr. Lyttelton.

more than one half  
of the additional  
tax estimated 148  
additional local  
revenue; he will  
submit that it will  
be best to make  
to follow the argument  
by which it is sought  
to render it reasonable  
to include power in  
this calculation the  
net deficit & surplus  
on the working of the  
Railway for the two  
years under comparison,  
now, especially as  
the Railway is now  
by T.L.'s direction  
to be regarded as  
a part of the Protectorate  
regulation, and not  
as an independent  
~~entity~~

#6

It is understood that  
T & L are willing to  
modify their figures  
in this matter and  
also to allow ~~addition~~  
an addition to the  
authorised expenditure  
arived at by the  
application of  
the principle, in respect  
of the cost of steam  
works included in  
the estimates of 1905-6  
but not performed  
during that year and  
therefore appearing in  
the Estimates of 1906-7  
The total of these works  
on such works is reported  
by the Comptroller to amount  
to £4855.

1943

Other works  
(estimated)

#7

Taking account of  
the figures of con-  
cession with last  
year 1905-6, the figures  
of revenue of corporation  
under the old system  
of classification, and  
~~deducting £1057~~  
as given in the 2nd  
part of the Compt's ref.  
No 660, and deducting  
£1057 from the  
estimated bill Revenue of  
1906-7 on account  
of the additions  
to the gas expenditure  
of the Railway referred  
to in the letter from  
this dept. of the 24<sup>th</sup> June  
the following are the  
figures:-

Revenue 1906 £11,000, 935  
Revenue 1905-6 £11,000

Excess of Revenue £38,335

Half of which is £19,168

Authorised for 1905-6 £403,360

Add £19,168 excess of Revenue

~~£422,528~~

Add cost of postage £4,855

Nights £424,383

Total ~~expenditure~~  
for which grant is  
asked

Balanc Balance £62,593  
on 31/3/06 £364,790

Deficit Revenue £201,335

Excess of last Regard £163,455

R.  
Thus the grant is  
asked for by you  
Lancashire T.L. Com.

£214,000  
£163,455  
£50,545

~~£214,000~~  
~~£163,455~~

DRAFT.

~~£214,000~~  
~~£163,455~~  
£13,392

MINUTE.

Mr.

Mr.

Mr. Antrobus.

Mr. Cox.

Mr. Lucas.

Mr. Graham.

Sir M. Omannay.

The Duke of Marlborough.

Mr. Lyttelton.

shows a deficit - 150  
of £50,545 compared  
with last year, and  
of £13,392 ex-  
-pended with the part  
reserved ~~to~~ <sup>and</sup> the  
of the Protestant Govt.

9.12. It will of course  
be necessary for  
the Protestant Govt.  
to effect economies  
in order to provide  
for the proposed reduc-  
-tion in the grant-in  
aid, and also  
in order to provide,  
without increasing a  
total expenditure  
of £424,383,  
for certain items  
of expenditure not  
included in the

151  
12<sup>th</sup> Jan 1906  
Lord Uigon desires  
to submit for T.L.S.  
afford. It will be  
unwise to expect to  
have it one

10<sup>th</sup> T.L.S. were already  
aware from the letter  
for his left of the  
20<sup>th</sup> Feb<sup>r</sup> that it  
is proposed to appoint  
a Comr for Land  
with a salary of £500  
f.a.: and it does not  
offer anything to  
entice further on  
the score for the offt  
which we fully con  
fident in the letter  
afford to

33231

12<sup>th</sup> " 11.  
151  
Provision was made  
in the Estimates for  
1905-6 for a Comr  
of Fruits with  
a salary of £500 per  
but no offt. was  
made to the offt.  
what turned owing  
to the resignation of  
Mr. Elliott & the  
duties of the post  
were not have been  
carried on discharged  
temporarily by Mr.  
Linton, the Director  
of Agriculture, and  
no provision has been  
made in the Estimates  
for 1906-7 for the  
appropriate salary for  
this offt.

13<sup>th</sup> Lord Uigon is not  
Comr. who is paid  
that Mr. Linton

his other, the expenses  
at the time necessary  
for the proper discharge  
of their duties in addition  
to his own: and in  
view of the many im-  
portant factory questions  
with which the Substitute  
is reported, including  
the regulation & control  
of tonnages for and  
the safe guarding of the  
supply of fuel for the  
Railway, he has no  
ambition or recom-  
mending that pension  
should again be made  
for a Comptroller at a  
salary of £800 per

DRAFT.

MINUTE.

Mr.

Mr. Atterbury.

Mr. Cope.

Mr. Lucas.

Mr. Giffhouse.

Sir M. Ummaney.

The Duke of Marlborough.

Mr. Lyttelton.

13. 152

14. The Veterinary Draft  
is another branch  
of the Post Govt which  
had been considerably  
standards & greater  
and of more satisfactory  
management

15. As far as can  
at present be perceived,  
the rearing of cattle  
of sheep, and dairy  
farming, are the  
industries which  
offer most hope  
of a prosperous future  
in the transport of  
the products of  
the settlers are  
already establishing  
considerable capital  
in the interior portion of  
Asia, and the

16. Pyroderco has  
recently introduced  
5000 sheep from Guinea  
-land, and Dr.  
Domingo Dacring  
has accepted a lease  
under which he is bound  
to import a like number  
to Unification by the  
month is threatened with  
various diseases of animals  
similar to those which  
he has devastated the  
Tunca and other parts  
of Africa, and experience  
shows that the only way  
in which the ravages of these  
diseases can be kept  
within limits, is by  
administrative action  
and strict restriction  
based on scientific

16. There has been a consultation  
with the Board of  
Agriculture on the  
present question of the  
reorganization of the  
Dept., &

identification of the  
causes of disease.  
17. The present Chief  
Veterinary Officer  
is believed to be a capable  
administrator, but is  
wanting in the special  
scientific qualifications  
which are required, so  
if administrative  
measures are to be  
wisely conceived.

18. Lord Elgin believes  
that the necessary  
scientific division  
would be secured by  
the afft. of a bacterio.  
logist at £500 per  
annum, who would answer  
directly to make T.L.O.  
responsible of his  
work.

19. A great difficulty

has been considered in  
selecting suitable candidates  
for the posts of Comptant  
between my officers the  
two officers actually among  
them do not offer to take the  
responsible qualifications,  
and the one appointment  
agent in the same  
as no qualified candidate  
would be obtained at the  
salary offered. It may  
however become necessary  
on the failure to procure  
T.L. to appoint for a time  
of the undivided a suitable  
other post, but had  
before prefers to consult  
the Compt. as to the manage-  
ment of the staff  
and will submit a statement  
thereon later date.

DRAFT.

MINUTE.

Mr.  
Mr. Astrobous.  
Mr. Cox.  
Mr. Lucas.  
Mr. Graham.  
Sir M. Ormskirk.  
The Duke of Marlborough.  
Mr. Lyttelton.

18 Since the revised estimate  
was received a letter  
has been received from  
the Compt. pointing out  
that the present system  
under which the only  
means of dealing with  
bureaux is by compromise  
is good but not sufficient  
and urging the  
<sup>compt. 18</sup> adoption of £1200 on the  
standard, of which  
Mysdale would contribute  
one third, for building  
a suitable temporary head  
office offices on the  
Compt's view &  
assumes the work  
will cost him a net  
charge of £800. on the  
Compt., for the T.L.'s  
approval:

20 Recurring now to  
the revised estimates

as submitted by  
the Auditor's Office, which  
has been carefully examined  
in this Deptt, and they  
does not find it necessary  
to add any mark to  
the full information  
given in the Comr.  
Dept, the Treasurer's  
memoranda, & the notes  
on the Estimates.

20. The Estimates of  
Revenue appear to have  
been carefully framed,  
and the anticipated  
~~difference~~ over the Estimates  
of last year of £38,335,  
including an excess of  
£17,184 in the receipts  
from Hat Tax and of  
£1,000 in Customs, affairs  
to bad debts in every  
way satisfactory.

The only excess falling  
off is one of £4,992  
in the estimated receipt  
from the sale of lands  
and it may perhaps  
be noted that the reorganiza-  
tion of the Head of  
Purvey Deptt may  
lead to better results in  
financial results in  
this Deptt. There could  
be anticipated when the  
Estimates were passed.

21. In the imputation  
Plates there is an increase  
of £1,000 14/- in  
allowance under the Head  
of Supply Comr.<sup>s</sup> Deptt  
of Garrison, due  
mainly to an increase in  
the salary of the Purveyor  
of the Garrison Plates  
and the addition of  
a 3rd Assistant Purveyor  
and to the off-  
set against the  
additions to the salary by

staff of the Printing Office.

The answer on the Pursuivant

is as follows -  
The printing course, shape of which  
refers are ordered, &  
(38652) Mr. Jackson to P.P. No 52  
to do No 600.  
41404)

and again, having regard  
to the usual practice of the  
officer concerned  
as regards his  
affection, Mr. Jackson  
remained absent.

The answer on the Printing

Dept. is as follows -

Moved by the fact  
that, in accordance with the  
~~and~~ usual practice of the  
Dept., the Officer being  
absent, the other less ~~by~~ <sup>of</sup> ~~the~~ Office

names of the Postholders  
will be printed on the Act.  
no brand of being not done  
for the purpose, and partly  
by the unusual manner  
of first printing due to  
the quantity of the  
printing. This respects

here will in future be  
done as a separate  
Head.

156

DRAFT.

MINUTE.

Mr.

Mr.

Mr. Antrobus.

Mr. Cox.

Mr. Lucas.

Mr. Graham.

Sir M. Omanney.

The Duke of Marlborough.

Mr. Lyttelton.

22. On the Legal Dept.  
presented a proposal for  
the salary of an  
Assistant Crown Clerk  
- rate at £450 per an-

The need for such an  
officer is explained in  
the q<sup>th</sup> per of Col. Pulteney's

Act No 600. His work  
will be mainly the  
drafting of leases &  
conveyances of Crown  
lands, which which is  
fully sufficient to occupy  
the whole time of one  
officer, and his conve-  
niently, in view of the  
multifarious duties of  
the Principal Crown Clerk,  
also, falls in with his  
arrangements.

probable that the effect will  
call in the money of  
the ~~present~~ <sup>new</sup> Government funds  
to collect as per proposal  
the documents referred to

243. An increase of  
£5,500 is shown on the  
Policie Vote. The Compt.  
points out that the  
influx of white settlers  
and the general  
spiritual & material  
of our administration  
is causing districts  
nearly empty from  
want of the full : and  
in the case of the natives  
the fragment of Hut Tax,  
the large number in which  
he already has noted,  
nearly empty cells for a return  
on the side of population  
from results effected by  
an unequal distribution

Lord Lygin accordingly  
does not feel ~~as~~ a justification  
~~for~~ recommended any  
reduction of the gross amount  
paid under his head, although he  
proposes to await a report  
from the enquiry appointed  
before going before  
approving the detailed  
proposals of the Compt.

244. Under Education  
£500 is provided in  
view of a scheme submitted  
by Mr Jackson  
(a) for providing elementary  
education for European  
children in the neighbour  
hood of Nairobi,  
(b) for encouraging, by means  
of reputation grants, native  
instruction for  
native children in the  
schools of the Mission.  
It was originally proposed  
to provide £2,500 for the

purpose, but, as no detailed  
estimate has yet been made,  
and, Col. Piddington  
indicates that £5000 will  
meet any extra thirty  
thousand during the  
coming year.

285. The Head Transport  
has a balance of £500.  
which, however, is due  
to the transfer of the  
Transport charges of  
the Military, Survey, &  
Public Works, Deptt to  
the heads of the stations.  
In former years it was  
proposed to abolish the  
Transport head altogether,  
therefore charging against  
each Dist. the transport  
expenses for which it  
was possible. And if you  
comes with the Finance  
authorizing that this  
charge will render it  
more to such extravagance  
in such expense.

DRAFT.

MINUTE

Mr. Anderson  
Mr. Cox  
Mr. Evans  
Mr. Gossage  
Mr. H. Commissary  
The Duke of Marlborough  
Mr. Lyttelton.

An Assistant Director  
of Transport is asked  
to make a salary of 15/-  
£300 p.a. to be in order  
to enable the Director  
to obtain from head-  
quarters & direct the  
work of Transport, especially  
of Public Works on behalf  
of military stations.

286. Under the Head  
Military, which  
shows a balance of  
more £5,500, it is  
proposed to allow an  
allowance of £200 per  
year allowance to  
mess", on the claim  
of any application of  
the charge.

287. It is requested that  
the receipt of R.T.L.  
changed in this letter  
of the 16<sup>th</sup> Feb 1945,  
that the question of

the confidence  
which represents  
the people  
of the nation,

which when the  
the disturbance  
is forced to this

matter has not  
wished had  
left him alone

and the

the Board of  
land on the right of  
the river divided  
into four equal parts  
to be provided  
for the use of  
farmers for a  
year. For a  
year the  
farmers  
are to pay  
rent to the  
state to provide  
as the culture  
upon animals

for which the soil & climate  
are suited, or the best  
methods of cultivation  
of stock raising, the  
excepted experiments  
in other directions by 159  
individuals are often  
more successful &  
useful to others, because  
the results of such  
experiments may be  
main unknown. In other  
instances it becomes  
the duty of the Govt. to  
introduce new crops  
and animals, and experiments  
by means of experimental  
farms to evolve a system  
of agriculture which  
can be recommended to  
others, as well as to  
encourage experiment  
among the  
farmers and to assist  
them will report about  
their farms.

29.

<sup>30</sup> Lord Ullin has not been  
able to fulfil his functions  
as effectively as he desired  
under the present system,  
on account of the fact  
that the term of engagement  
of the present Director of  
Agriculture expires in  
September, & it is proposed  
to continue the Deptt on  
the present lines until  
the arrival of a new  
line to obtain a report  
from an agricultural expert  
on the working of the agricultural  
department, & to consider what  
action to take.

<sup>30</sup> The value of the  
total sum of £18,746  
on the Land Office &  
Survey Deptt has already  
been received T.L. approval  
& the same have been  
incorporated in the Estimates  
by this Deptt.

31.

<sup>32</sup> The Public Works  
authorities have already  
been instructed by S.C.  
as to the question in which  
particulars should be  
affected, and as  
Lord Ullin has accepted  
the sum of £427,383  
as the amount of the  
sum authorised upon  
the value of the Public Works  
including the proposed  
addition he is proposed  
to effect the necessary  
adjustments in the  
accounts.

32.

The deduction  
to be effected on this  
principle is, as  
shown in the margin,  
£17,749, and, as  
Lord Ullin would like  
to know what

DRAFT.MINUTE.

Mr.

Mr.

Mr. Autobus.

Mr. Cox.

Mr. Lucas.

Mr. Graham.

Sir H. Ormanney.

The Duke of Marlborough.

Mr. Lyttelton.

amount of superfluous	£
from Revised Estimate	445,332
old Commissioner fund	1500
Commissioner of Fruits	800
Bartolozzi	500
Woolmer Weymouth	800
<hr/>	
Total	445,332
Less. Miscellaneous	200
<hr/>	
Net amount to be deducted	445,132
<hr/>	
Net amount to be deducted	427,383
<hr/>	
Estimated effect	17,749

are the works which can  
be postponed with but  
little disadvantage to the  
Porterballis before

if T.L. would be telegraphed  
to the Compt. directing  
him to effect the  
necessary economies  
at his discretion

24/35. D. Referring to the  
sums of T.L. as conveyed  
in your letter of the 26<sup>th</sup> 2770  
Jan<sup>t</sup> 1<sup>st</sup> 1891, confirming  
the expenditures proposed  
under this Head, and  
not effected in the current  
year's Estimates. I now  
desire that the total  
expenditure provided for  
in the revised Estimates  $\frac{1}{2}$  109,423  
including  $\frac{1}{2}$  24,291  
 $\frac{1}{2}$  88,192  
excluding Postage &  
Transport charges amounts  
to £88192 as confirmed

£  
85,373  
10,218  
75,095

with an additional total  
of £1905-6, also including  
Postage & Transport charges  
of £45,095. The  
proposed reduction of  
£74,449 will therefore  
more than comply with  
T.L.'s wish that the  
expenditure of 1905-6  
under this Head should  
not be exceeded in the  
coming year.

161

25/36. As the expense will  
be subjected to consideration  
with the intention of finding  
it is hardly necessary  
for you again to comment  
add much to what  
is urged in the Compt.<sup>r</sup>'s  
last extracts as to  
the expensiveness of the  
various works

26/35. Apart from the new  
govt. House & the Hospital  
at Nandi the largest  
part of the proposed

upon us intended for  
the provision of housing  
accommodation for officials  
and Ugo in respects that  
T.L. should have been led  
to believe that the amount  
provided on the Public  
Hicks Estates for the  
current year would enable  
the Parliamentary staff to  
complete the adequate  
housing of their staff. This  
is far from the living the  
case - many officials  
are still required to live  
in tents or other unsuitable  
structures, while others are  
lodged in premises rented  
from private individuals  
at high rates.

36. Lord Ugo in considers  
as a strongy of opinion  
that it is the want of money  
of the Parliamentary  
staff for residence  
particularly buildings

reports that he  
and he cannot hold out  
the hope that the necessary  
accommodation under his  
head is to be reached in the  
short, especially in the  
DRAFT

#### MINUTE.

Mr.

Mr.

Mr. Attwod.

Mr. Cox.

Mr. Lucas.

Mr. Graham.

Sir M. Ummaney.

The Duke of Marlborough.

Mr. Littleton.

36.5.

The situation of the  
Parliamentary staff will be  
duly called to the  
future to adjust  
the figures as of  
the previous year  
in respect of the transfer  
of the Labor Force  
from the Veterinary  
to the Agricultural Dept.

Mr.

36.7.

H.L. is, however, to  
be more willing to agree to a  
transfer of personnel  
of some of the proposed units,  
in his not quite satisfied  
that the present Director of  
Public Works, Mr. Rodger  
qualified for the management