

PUBLIC RECORD OFFICE

CO 537/779

ORDER NO. ⇒ 525
CAMERA NO. ⇒ 19
OPERATOR. ⇒ EM
REDUCTION. ⇒ 12
EMULSION NO. ⇒ 341081
DATE. ⇒ 10/10/72

CROWN COPYRIGHT

THESE COPIES ARE SUPPLIED FOR INFORMATION
AND RESEARCH ONLY-NO REPRODUCTION MAY BE
MADE FOR PUBLICATION WITHOUT THE ASSENT OF
THE PUBLIC RECORD OFFICE

CLOSED
UNTIL

1971

1

C0537/779

S.P.S.H.
Put time to be used
172
an

EAST AFR. PROT.
 15/32 Secret

C O
 15132
 REC'D
 MAR 24 1920

F. O.
 Conf.
 1920
 23 March
 Last previous Paper.
 40
 14776
 To Sir S. Northey
 Mr R. Spurling
 24 March 1920
 29 March 1920
 Answer conf.
 Comm. Comd. 105/14

2'0m at me time claimed [unclear] per Ed.

Italian Aspirations.

W. B. Northey
 We must certainly have
 Sir E. M. Northey in this.
 As regards the points raised by
 Signor Baccari :-
 Para (i) I think we might agree to such a
~~clause~~ clause being added
 upon just conditions.
 I do not think there can be any revenue
 (ii) ~~...~~
 (iii) ~~...~~ but Col Wood is looking up
 old copies of the ad. of the head of the
 paper as well known, there is no
 property for which a return of
 2'0m will require payment.
 (N.B. return of 2'0m is not
 concerned with cessation of
 additional territory in the island
 now offered to Italy - only
 his maps & a small
 area round the margin.]

Next subsequent Paper.
 60
 19675

Para 8 Yes: British subjects does not mean British protected persons.

Para 10, 11 British protected persons must surely cover natives of the ceded territory. In matters, we know, does not want the Somali to withdraw into our territory. The assumption of the Italian Govt. is surely wrong conception: but the point is whether we shall agree with their view & amend the staff accordingly.

Para 13 See pp 114 etc of Bell's 2nd or 3rd treaties for the notes of 13 Jan. 1905. I doubt whether the proposed concerns will be of real value: but it may be very valuable for subsequent negotiations with Italy: it is just the sort of thing they will want to get rid of & wh. we can give up as a quid pro quo.

Para 14 This is a thing of the worst kind - & I feel sure that Sir E. Hadow will agree that we shall resist it. The Italians have offered more land towards the Somali! All we want them to do is to garrison the territory, as we

with draw. - For Δ ~~and~~ Silwalk

Levian - intersection of meridian 61° S. 3
& Parallel boundary is shaded
with blue pencil in map herewith.

We will look after Silwalk & Wayken
all right - it is more 'blague'
on the Italian's part to pretend
that they need more territory here.

Para 14, 15, 16 all the records of our letter
no 9999/20. You will note that
the Italian are to purchase buildings,
lots etc. if they want them. cf.

||

(4) of Mr Macleod's minute on
6637/19. Said anything be
added as to fixing price?

W/ps Kenneth for comment

ALL
12.1.20

~~W/ps Kenneth~~
In the lead

L. J. Fielder

Discussed with Sir E. Northey today.
His comments are:-

- Para 4 (i) He agrees with minute above.
- (ii) (iii) He does not know the case -
but signs nothing relating to alleged
private property of the Italian
in Kinnago or any part of the

territory to be ceded - see July 9/26/10
in separate bundle below

I think we may safely say that
so far as we are aware, the Sultan
has no lands or property in the
mailed portion of his dominions
wh. is to be ceded & that annuity
only will be payable - but that
out of abundant caution "revenue"
proviso is included.

Para 8. British subjects certainly does
not include British protected
persons - but it must not be
limited to whites - as there are
many Indian traders who may be
concerned.

Para 10, 11.

He agrees with previous minute -
i.e. Italian interpretation is incorrect.
The best thing he wants is for the
Somalis to come away into our
Territory. But he wd wish
Brit. subjects (incl. Indians)
& Arabs (who are presumably
not protected persons) to be
safeguarded.

? Some plan must be devised
in consultation with F.O. to
cover the position - such as
"British subjects & persons
other than natives of the territory..."

The line is
not clear. It
is not clear
what is
meant by
"Somalis"?

Para. 13.

He agrees that we should hold
out for the Kisumu concession.
(Theoretically, at any rate
there may be Brit. subjects by
left in the ceded territory -
but really I think we need
this concession for the reason
given in my minute above).

Para 14. (1) He agrees that we should give
no ~~land~~ territory in the area
suggested. There is nothing
in the Italian argument -
on the other hand, once we start
giving away ~~the~~ territory in
the area suggested, we shd
really have to give up all
the territory west of the
N. part of the proposed new
boundary. Sir Matthew
said that the boundary proposed
was a tribal boundary - but
had hesitate to press this
argument, if the map hereunto
is to be regarded as accurate;
in the N. it is a tribal boundary
undoubtedly; but lower down
the map marks Abdullah
& Mohammed Zuber ~~part~~ of
Mombasa H.P. & he admitts it
that

that there are parties of Somali
W. of the meridian

I think we should simply refuse
the proposal without reasons.

(ii) He does not use the word underlined
"for a reasonable period thereafter"
all this my impression is that they
came from his own nervous on
unduly subject.

He suggests substituting
"x months".

Signor Baccari has suggested that the
arrangements for evaluation should form
a separate agreement. These ~~arrangements~~
have been ~~made~~ as herein in 1911, except that
in Montagu's suggestion at x above
indicates a permanently adequate
British garrison - about 200, I think,
as in the main agreement.

allp
25/7/20

Sir E. Northey repeated
what he has said before (that now I think
rather) that for the Protectorate point
of view there is practically no limit
to what might be given away. The
Northey Frontier District is a useless
expense.

If for Imperial purposes (to prevent
Italy encircling Abyssinia too much) it
is considered essential to retain - e.g. Mogila,

We can easily do more
we have already
tried this with
great privacy H.S.P.

I have everything in
all agreement. I see
a case for having
a share of some
responsibility with
alliance.
If there are 200
of them we may be
able to do it
together.
H.S.P.

- then his views are not shown.
It may be a question whether we
(i.e., the Protectorate) were wise in
taking on responsibilities in the north,
but I don't if we should make any
further concessions to the Italians. But the
point should be recorded, because
the next thing may be a claim from
the Legislative Council that as the
N. F. D. is retained on Imperial grounds
the Imperial Govt. should pay for its
administration.

? Reply to F.O. as indicated in
his Parliamentary minutes.

W. G. S. 26.2.20.

W. G. S. Conson
+ J. R. a force.
28/2/20

Col. Amey
Lord Amherst

See 578 here with

W. G. S.
Jan 27/3

- then his views are as above.

It may be a question whether we
(i.e., the Post-graduate) were wise in
taking on responsibilities in this work,
but I don't if we should make any
further concessions to the Holders. But the
point should be recorded, because
the next thing may be ~~the~~ a claim from
the Legislative Council that as the
N. F. D. is obtained on Imperial grounds,
the Imperial Govt. should pay for its
administration.

Reply to P.D. as indicated in
his Parkinson's minute.

W.C.S. 20.2.20.

J. G. Carson
a force.

A. J. R.

20/2/20

Col. Amey
Lord Amey

See 571 here with.

Pr. 27/3
Jm 27/3

23/3/20 6

Dear Read

I have made this letter official for convenience of record, but please let me have an answer as early as possible.

I did not encourage Baccari to suppose he would get any more Jubaland.

Yours

R. S. Perling

AFRICA.

CONFIDENTIAL.

RECEIVED
7 MAR 1920
COL. OFFICE

April 13]

SECTION 1.

[A 2123/1379/60]

No. 1

Italian Minister for Foreign Affairs to Viscount Milner. - (Communicated by Colonial Office, April 13.)

Dear Lord Milner,

London, April 10, 1920.

BEFORE my departure I desire to fix what are now the main points of the agreements concerning article 13 of the Treaty of London of the 26th April, 1915.

I have seen from your letter of the 31st ultimo addressed to Signor Baccari that, after conferring with the Governor of British East Africa, you are confirmed in the view of not ceding any other territory of Jubaland beyond that indicated in the basis of agreement for the cession to Italy in Jubaland and in the annexed map communicated by Mr. Sperling to Signor Baccari with letters dated the 9th and 10th March.

In taking note of your decision, I have no doubt you will agree with me as to the advisability that (leaving the frontier line as decided) the two colonial Governments should be given instructions to bear in mind, in the administration of the border territories, the local necessities, which cannot well be foreseen in a conventional line drawn on the map.

At the same time I am happy to inform you that the Italian Government consents to the request of His Britannic Majesty's Government to shift to about 10 kilom. to the north of Sollum the coastal terminus of the border line between Cyrenaica and Egypt.

To this effect, Mr. Sperling, on the 28th February, sent Signor Baccari a letter with annexed memorandum and chart.

It has not yet been possible to receive from the Government of Cyrenaica the data which have been asked them, but meanwhile the main points are taken as accepted, viz., point of departure of the frontier from the coast; greater extension of territory of the oasis of Jarabub recognised Italian; frontier line directed south along meridian 25 east Greenwich.

The details will be settled when the necessary data are available.

When the exchange of notes takes place we shall also regulate definitely the other colonial questions which have formed the subject of discussion between our Governments.

I have no doubt that your Government will proceed to the final examination and settlement of these questions in the same cordial and friendly spirit which we have so much appreciated and to which we are happy to correspond.

Yours, &c.

V. SCIALOJA.

No. 2.

Viscount Milner to Italian Minister for Foreign Affairs.

Dear Signor Scialoja,

Downing Street, London, April 13, 1920.

I BEG to thank you for your letter of the 10th April with reference to the territorial readjustments to give effect to article 13 of the Treaty of London of the 26th April, 1915, so far as they affect Jubaland and the borders of Cyrenaica and Egypt.

With regard to Jubaland, I note with pleasure that you are prepared to accept the line indicated in the map annexed to Mr. Sperling's letters of the 9th and 10th March to Signor Baccari as the border of the territory to be ceded to Italy. I quite agree that in the actual delimitation of the border on the basis of this line—to effect which the two Governments will no doubt appoint a joint commission—regard should be paid to local conditions and considerations of administrative convenience.

With regard to the borders of Cyrenaica and Egypt, I am also glad to note that you agree that the line of demarcation should start from a point on the coast about

filom. north of Sollum and should in other respects conform to the memorandum chart annexed to Mr. Sperling's letter to Signor Baccari of the 28th February.

I entirely share your hopes that the territorial points at issue having thus been disposed of, no difficulty will arise in settling any other questions which have formed the subject of discussion between our two Governments.

It remains of course understood that the whole of our agreement about African matters can only become effective as part of the general settlement of all the issues raised at the Peace Conference.

Thanking you for the spirit of cordiality and goodwill which has characterised your conduct of the negotiations.

I remain, &c.

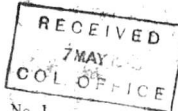
MILNER.

AFRICA.

CONFIDENTIAL.

[March 9.]

SECTION 2.



No. 1.

[A 1182/823/1]

Signor Baccari to Mr. Sperling.—(Received March 9.)

Dear Mr. Sperling,

London, March 6, 1920.

IN my letter of the 4th instant I replied to the first part of your letter of the 26th ultimo, which referred to Abyssinia.

I now reply with regard to the other points touched upon in your letter of the 26th ultimo, in order to confirm what I have already told you by word of mouth with regard to this subject.

Arabia.—The Italian point of view with regard to article 2 of our memorandum (Arabia) is clearly seen from the documents quoted therein, namely, the Anglo-French Agreement of the 9th May, 1916 (articles 10, 11, 12), to which Italy adhered by an exchange of notes on the 18th August, 1917, between the Royal Ambassador and the Minister for Foreign Affairs of His Britannic Majesty (article 7) and the London Agreement of the 26th April, 1915 (article 12).

You will assuredly consider our request to be well-founded if you will take into account our position in the Red Sea, where Massowah and Assab immediately face Assir and the Yemen, with which countries they have had for centuries, and still have, an economic and commercial community of interests.

Jubaland and the Frontier between Cyrenaica and Egypt.—These points, 3 and 4, of our memorandum are the subject of special negotiations.

You told me that we should discuss the question of Jubaland in our interview on Monday next, the 8th, at your Office.

With regard to the Cyrenaican-Egyptian frontier, we already had a discussion on the 28th ultimo, and on the same day you had the kindness to send me a letter, together with a synopsis (literally, scheme), and a reply annexed. Since the demand of the British Government now involves a displacement of the starting point already agreed upon of the Cyrenaican-Egyptian frontier on the coast of the Mediterranean, I told you that I had been obliged to inform the Minister for the Colonies in Rome accordingly, it being necessary to obtain the opinion of the local Government.

Joining up of Ways of Communication in Africa.—With regard to this point (5 of the memorandum), the Italian Government desires at present a general understanding with the British Government, it being impossible, in the present state of the study of questions relating to the railways, to point out with any precision what will be the junction which it will be desirable to effect. You will certainly understand and appreciate the thought which has moved us in formulating this request, since it is a liberal one, which takes into account the reciprocal advantages of the two countries.

Commercial Agencies.—Everything I have said above also applies to this question (which is point 6 of the memorandum), namely, it is a question of ensuring reciprocally, in a general way, the possibility of establishing in our respective possessions such commercial agencies as may facilitate exchange between the various regions.

Italian Economic Activities in Angola.—I have had the opportunity of telling you by word of mouth in what consists our request with regard to this point, which is point 7 of the memorandum. This point defines the character of the activities which we desire to develop. The questions of the economic activity in Angola and of the analogous activity which we propose to develop in Abyssinia are the two questions to which our Government attaches the utmost importance, intimately bound up as they are with the necessity of coping with the serious economic conditions which have been created in Italy by the war.

Hence these considerations are exclusively economic, and not political ones. The importance attached by the Royal Government to these two questions is proved by the fact that the Italian President of the Council has thought it advisable to draw the personal attention of the British Prime Minister to the same in a personal letter dated London, the 1st instant. A memorandum is annexed to the letter of His Excellency Signor Nitti, in point 2 of which, concerning the economic interest of Italy in Angola, it is stated that Italy, which has been excluded from any mandate in Africa,

and which has contributed also in Africa to the cause of the Allies, both in Libya and in Somaliland, requests the support of the British Government with the Portuguese Government in order to be able to develop in Angola a purely economic activity with respect to emigration and raw materials. More especially does Italy request that Great Britain, her ally, should make a similar agreement with her to that which she had made with Germany before the war.

I have, &c.
ED. BACCARI.

AFRICA.

CONFIDENTIAL.

[March 29.]

SECTION 2.

[A 1752/1379/80]

No. 1

Colonial Office to Foreign Office.—(Received March 29.)

(Confidential.)

Downing Street, March 29, 1920.

Sir,
I AM directed by Viscount Milner to acknowledge the receipt of your confidential letter of the 23rd March, embodying Signor Baccari's observations on the proposals for the cession of parts of Jubaland to Italy.

2. I am to request you to inform Earl Curzon of Kedleston that an opportunity has been taken to discuss the matter with Major-General Sir Edward Northey; and Lord Milner desires to make the following comments upon the points raised by Signor Baccari with reference to various paragraphs of the memorandum communicated to him:—

Paragraph 4.—(1.) Lord Milner will have no objection to the insertion after the first sentence of a clause such as Signor Baccari suggests.

(2.) As regards the last sentence, so far as Lord Milner is aware the Sultan of Zanzibar has no lands or property in the mainland portion of his dominions which is to be ceded, and annuity only will be payable. The proviso as to "revenue" has, however, been inserted *ex abundantia cautela*.

Paragraph 8.—The term "British subjects" does not include British protected persons; but it must not be limited to Europeans, as there are many Indian traders who may be concerned.

Paragraphs 10 and 11.—The assumption that the term "British protected persons" is not intended to cover natives of the ceded territory is incorrect. The object desired is to safeguard British subjects (including Indians) and Arabs (who are presumably British protected persons); but there is no intention of encouraging Somalis to withdraw into British territory. I am to suggest that the position might be covered by the amendment of the phrase so as to read "British subjects and protected persons other than Somalis."

Paragraph 13.—Lord Milner is not prepared to agree to the relinquishment of the proposed concession at Kismayu.

Paragraph 14.—(1.) Lord Milner is opposed to any cession of territory in the area referred to by Signor Baccari, and he would suggest that the latter should be informed that His Majesty's Government are unable to agree to the proposal of the Italian Government.

(2.) It is now suggested that the second sentence of paragraph 14 should be amended by the omission of the words "for a reasonable period."

3. It is understood that Signor Baccari has suggested that the arrangements for the evacuation of the ceded territory should form the subject of a separate agreement. Lord Milner is of opinion that it would be more convenient if these arrangements were included in the main agreement. If, however, it is considered desirable for them to be embodied in a separate agreement, it would be necessary that the two agreements should be signed at the same time.

I am, &c.
H. J. READ

URGENT

10

Foreign Office

March 23rd, 1920.

CONFIDENTIAL

Sir,

With reference to your letter 9993/1920 of the 6th instant, I am directed by Earl Curzon of Kedleston to transmit to you herewith a copy of a memorandum which was communicated to the Italian delegation in London embodying the proposals for the cession to Italy of parts of Zanzibar, as reported upon at the meeting held at this office on 10th Dec. Sir Herbert Read and General Sir Edward Hartley were present.

Signor Ba Mori makes the following observations with regard to the memorandum:-

Paragraph 4. Addition after the first sentence 32 words to the effect that Italian subjects established in the Protectorate of Zanzibar shall enjoy the same rights and privileges and receive the same treatment as British subjects, pending the enforcement in Zanzibar of any provisions of the Peace Treaty which may be applicable to African possessions as a whole.

Same paragraph, last sentence. Are the revenue and annuity referred to two separate items or one and the same thing? Are there any Crown lands or other property of the Sultan for which payment will be required from the Italian Government?

Paragraph 5. "British subjects" is assumed to refer exclusively to European (white) British subjects.

Paragraphs

The Under Secretary of State
Colonial Office

59

11

Paragraphs 10 and 11. The Italian Government assume that the expression "protected persons" does apply to natives of the ceded territory, but only to immigrants from other British dependencies.

Paragraph 13. The Italian Government enquire whether the proposed concession at Kismayu would be of any real value to His Majesty's Government, seeing that the town will in future be entirely surrounded by Italian territory.

Paragraph 14. The Italian Government state that they would have some difficulty in undertaking the obligations contained in this paragraph unless His Majesty's Government could see their way to ceding to Italy an additional strip of territory comprised within the triangle formed by El Wak, the Lorian Swamp and the provincial boundary running thence south east to its intersection with longitude 41 east. Signor Bascari states that the object of this request is that the Italian authorities may have under their control all the territory inhabited by the Somalis, thus improving the frontier between the respective protectorates.

Lord Curzon would be glad to learn Colonel Amery's views on these proposals and enquiries at your earliest possible convenience.

I am

Sir,

Your most obedient
humble servant

R. Sperling

11

Paragraphs 10 and 11. The Italian Government assume that the expression "protected persons" does not apply to natives of the ceded territory, but only to immigrants from other British dependencies.

Paragraph 13. The Italian Government enquire whether the proposed concession at Kismayu would be of any real value to His Majesty's Government, seeing that the town will in future be entirely surrounded by Italian territory.

Paragraph 14. The Italian Government state that they would have some difficulty in undertaking the obligations contained in this paragraph unless His Majesty's Government could see their way to ceding to Italy an additional strip of territory comprised within the triangle formed by El Wak, the Lorian Swamp and the provincial boundary running thence south east to its intersection with longitude 41 east. Signor Bancari states that the object of this request is that the Italian authorities may have under their control all the territory inhabited by the Somalis, thus improving the frontier between the respective protectorates.

Lord Curzon would be glad to learn Colonel Amery's views on these proposals and enquiries at your earliest possible convenience.

I am

Sir,

Your most obedient
humble servant

R. Sperling

Terms of agreement for the cession to Italy of
territory in Jubaland.

(1) His Britannic Majesty by virtue of his Protectorate over Zanzibar, acting on behalf of and with the concurrence of His Highness the Sultan of Zanzibar, so far as he may be concerned, transfers to His Majesty the King of Italy all rights and title over that portion of African territory lying between the present Italian territory and the line drawn from the confluence of the rivers Gansio and Dama along the course of the Dama up-stream to the southern point of the small southerly bend of the river Dama in the vicinity of Malka Ho; thence in a south-south-westerly direction in a straight line to the centre of the pool of Dumas; thence in south-westerly direction in a straightline towards Hilla Kalla to such meridian east of Greenwich as shall leave in Italian territory the most easterly wall in the El Nak area; thence along the above meridian southwards until it reaches the present ^{provisional} boundary between Jubaland and Tokeland; thence along that ^{provisional} boundary to the coast at Bas Kiamboni.

(2) The above boundary is shown on the attached map and all references in the above description of the boundary are to this map.

(3) It is agreed that as the territory, through which the above line runs, has not been surveyed and the map cannot in consequence be relied upon as correct, the position as shown in the map shall be adopted if it shall be found impossible to find the places named on the said map.

The Italian....

(4) The Italian Government agree to the cancellation of the Treaty of Commerce between Italy and Zanzibar of May 28th, 1885. The Italian Government will indemnify the Zanzibar Government for any loss of revenue arising out of the transfer of the above territory to Italy, and will undertake the payment of any annuity hitherto paid by the British Government to the Government of Zanzibar in respect of such territory.

(5) The Italian Government shall be entitled, if they so desire, to effect the discharge of any obligation undertaken under this arrangement by means of the payment of a ^{lump} large sum to the Zanzibar Government, and His Majesty's Government will use their good offices to secure the acceptance of such a sum by the Government of Zanzibar in the same way as in the case of the transfer to the Italian Government of the rights of the Sultan of Zanzibar in the Benadir coast in 1905.

(6) If the Italian Government shall, at any time, desire to cede or to abandon any of the above-mentioned territories the same shall be offered to the British Government upon such terms as may be just.

(7) In the event of any differences between the two governments as to the terms the question shall be referred to arbitration.

(8) British subjects resident in the above ceded territories shall be at liberty to retain their British nationality without being called upon to withdraw from the territory or to part with their property, and in all matters relating to the conduct of their business, industry or profession shall be entitled to the same treatment as Italian subjects.

(q) All concessions or rights to property in the above territories which have been recognised as valid by the former government and are held by private persons or corporations at the date of the transfer of those territories shall be recognised as valid by the Italian Government, to whom shall be transferred all rights and obligations of the former government under the said concessions.

(l) British subjects and protected persons resident or carrying on business in the ceded territory to be at liberty to withdraw from that territory ^{within 12 months} with their movable property of every description without payment of export or import duties of any kind.

(n) British subjects and protected persons to enjoy in the ceded territories the same political, commercial, and industrial rights as are enjoyed by those persons in the Italian colony to which the ceded territories may be united.

(12) All Treaties, Conventions and Agreements between His Majesty's Government or between the Government of Zanzibar and the Italian Government, previously applicable to the said Italian colony, shall extend to the territory now transferred.

(13) The Italian Government transfers to His Majesty's Government on behalf of the Government of Zanzibar all the rights which the Italian Government enjoyed in the port of Kisumu, under the agreement embodied in the notes exchanged on January 13th 1905 between the British and Italian Governments, and the Government of Zanzibar is substituted in all respects for the Italian Government under the said agreement.

(14) The date on which Italian troops will relieve the British garrisons at Dale, Gerba Hurra, and Serenli.

must....

15

must be arranged between the two governments in advance. The Italian Government guarantee that they will adequately garrison the ^Gceded area so that during the evacuation and for a reasonable period thereafter there will be a sufficient force in Jubaland to deal with possible internal troubles from the Somalis, and to see that the Somalis do not cross the new frontier as the Protectorate troops move out. Arrangements will also be made for the transfer to the Italian Government of existing government buildings, and the rights of the Sudanese pensioners at Yenti will be guaranteed by the Italian Government if the pensioners elect to remain at Yenti.

(5) The Italian Government will also inform His Majesty's Government as soon as possible whether they are prepared to acquire the wireless telegraph installations erected at Kismayu and awaiting erection at Seremli, and which buildings and stores they will wish to purchase from the Protectorate Government.

(6) Final details will be arranged between the British and Italian officers on the spot.

15

must be arranged between the two governments in advance. The Italian Government guarantee that they will adequately garrison the ^Gceded area so that during the evacuation and for a reasonable period thereafter there will be a sufficient force in Jubaland to deal with possible internal troubles from the Somalis, and to see that the Somalis do not cross the new frontier as the Protectorate troops move out. Arrangements will also be made for the transfer to the Italian Government of existing government buildings, and the rights of the Sudanese pensioners at Yenti will be guaranteed by the Italian Government if ~~the~~ pensioners elect to remain at Yenti.

(5) The Italian Government will also inform His Majesty's Government as soon as possible whether they are prepared to acquire the wireless telegraph installations erected at Kiswayu and awaiting erection at Serenli, and which buildings and stores they will wish to purchase from the Protectorate Government.

(6) Final details will be arranged between the British and Italian officers on the spot.

707 15132 Cad

So Events of the ...
signature

DRAFT.

May for Mr. Northey Harry Co.

20 Nov 1917

MINUTE.

- Mr. ~~Adams~~ / ~~22~~ / ~~23~~
- Mr.
- Mr.
- Mr. Grindle.
- Sir H. Lambert.
- Sir H. Read. 24
- Sir G. Fiddes.
- Col. Amery.
- Lord Milner.

Northey,
Dear Sir,

I would be glad if you would
take an early opportunity
of discussing these various
points raised by the Italian
on the guide memoirs sent to the
Sub. ~~committee~~ ~~of~~ ~~the~~

After our meeting with Signor Baccan
at the F.O. about
the census of ~~the~~ ~~territory~~ ~~in~~
the census of ~~the~~ ~~territory~~ ~~in~~

Perhaps you could
come about 3 o'clock
tomorrow (Thursday) before
the railway ~~meeting~~
discussion.
H.T.R.

2 discussion

~~Sc~~

Excuse for Dr. H. H. Head's resignation

24 March 1920

Dear Spurling -

R. Spurling Esq

I have your note of
the 23rd about the Greenland
excursion. We shall leave
to consult Dr. D. H. Bentley,
but I hope to be able to do this
coming month, and will let
you have a reply to your
official letter as soon as
possible.

recd rec 1/4/20
R. H. Bentley
in conn

H. J. R.

Downing Street,
19 March 1920.

Dear Sperling,

I have your note of the 23rd about the Jubilee
cession. We shall have to consult Sir E. Northey, but
I hope to be able to do this tomorrow, and we will
get you a reply to your official letter as soon as
possible.

R.SPERLING, ESQ.

Downing Street,

March 1920.

Dear Northey,

I should be glad if you would take an early opportunity of discussing here certain points raised by the Italian Government on the aide memoire sent to them after our meeting with Signor Baccari at the Foreign Office about the cession of territory in Jubaland.

Perhaps you could come about 3 o'clock tomorrow (Thursday) before the Railway discussion.

MAJOR GENERAL SIR E. NORTHEY, K.C.M.G., C.B.

70/13/32/15
20
PAG

Confidential
+ Immediate
27

I am glad to see the receipt
of your confidential letter no 183030
of the 3rd of March ~~concerning~~
~~a copy of a memo~~ embodying
Signor Baccari's views on the
proposals ~~submitted to him~~
for the session of parts of Gibraltar
to Italy.

DRAFT.

The U.S of
70

MINUTE.

- Mr. Jeffries 26/3/20
- Mr. Bottomley 26.3.20
- Mr.
- Mr. Grindell
- Mr. H. Lambton

- + Sir H. Read 26/3/20
 - X Sir G. Fiddis 27
 - X Col. Amery 27
 - + Lord Milner 28.3.
- for course Lord Milner
agree
HCF
29/3/20

2. I am to request you to
inform Earl Curzon of Kedleston
that an opportunity has been
taken to discuss the matter
with Major Gen Sir Edward Northey;
and Lord Milner would desire
to make the following comments
upon the points raised by
Signor Baccari with reference
to

concession at Kisimayu.

Para. 14. (i) Lord Milner is opposed to any cession of territory in the area ~~suggested~~ ^{referred to} by Signor Baccari, and he would suggest that the latter's proposal should be informed that H.M.G. are unable to agree to the proposal of the Italian Govt.

(ii) It is now suggested that the ~~word~~ second sentence of para. 14 should be amended by the omission of the words "for a reasonable period."

It is understood that 3. Signor Baccari has suggested that the arrangements for the evacuation of the ceded territory should form the subject of a separate

24/11/41
separate agreement. Lord Milner is of opinion that it would be more convenient if these arrangements were included in the main agreement if, however,

DRAFT.

3.

MINUTE.

Mr.

Mr.

Mr.

Mr. Grindle.

Sir H. Lombard.

Sir H. Road.

Sir G. Fiddes.

Col. Amery.

Lord Milner.

it is considered desirable for them to be embodied in a separate agreement, it would be necessary that the two agreements should be signed at the same time.

I am n.

D.J.R.

PUBLIC RECORD OFFICE

END

TOTAL EXPOSURES.

